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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO 17

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1949

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Nehru Leads Asia Against Foreign Aggression

"DUTCH CHALLENGE TO U.N. IDEAL MUST BE MET"

Security Council's Task Made Easy: Objective Of Delhi Conference Clarified

NEW DELHI Jan. 20.

Never before a conference with such potentialities for good opened in whole of Asia as it was in New Delhi this morning.

If the sentiments expressed by the delegates were really implemented the conference will become Parliament of Asian people, hostile to none, yet a bulwark of their power, safeguarding their interest particularly at the international organisation.

"ASIA FOR ASIANS"

Asia for Asians may become an article of faith outlawing European colonisation upgrading human rights of people of Asia and securing a larger bargaining power for their governments.

The week will show whether this dream of brotherhood comes true. There are fifty-fifty chances.

PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU

FIVE POINTS FOR SETTLEMENT

Asian Conference Appoints Drafting Committee To Prepare Resolution

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20 (API): The Indonesian conference had a ninety minute session this evening at Hyderabad House and held general discussions on five points for the settlement of the Indonesian question. A Committee was appointed to draft a resolution in the form of a recommendation to the Security Council.

A 'communique' issued at the conclusion of the session stated "the Conference met in a private session at 6-30 p.m. There was a general discussion on the recommendations to be made to the Security Council for an early settlement of the Indonesian question with special reference to:

(1) The resolution of full liberty of action to the Republican Government;

(2) The return to that Government of the territories held by them before 18th of December and the withdrawal of the Dutch troops from this territory;

(3) The formation of an Interim Government;

(4) Provision for elections to a Constituent Assembly and the transfer of power to the United States of Indonesia; and

(5) The creation by the Security Council of a commission or other body

(Continued on Page 7)

HIGHLIGHTS OF NEHRU'S SPEECH

Pt. Nehru opened the proceedings and for the first time, read his speech, the highlights of which were: (1) Need for concentrating on the Indonesian issue without diverting to other problems. (2) Produce in Indonesia conditions which existed before recent Dutch aggression. (3) Eliminate colonisation from Asia. (4) Devise some more permanent arrangement for effective mutual consultations and concerted effort in pursuit of common aims.

The delegates who followed the Prime Minister gave their general approval to these objectives. There was some apparent sting in Mr. Zafrullah Khan's remark that U.N.O. had become a rubber stamp organisation to accord passive recognition to military decisions.

Full Text Of Speech

NEW DELHI, Jan 20 (API)—Following is the text of Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's inaugural address:—

"Your Excellencies and Gentlemen. I bid you a warm welcome on behalf of the Government of India and on my own behalf and I should like to express my deep gratitude to your Governments for having responded at short notice, to the urgent invitation that we extended to them. That response itself is witness to the deep feelings that have been aroused all over Asia and in other parts of the world at recent happenings in Indonesia.

We meet today because the freedom of a sister country of ours has been imperilled and the dying colonialism of a past age has raised its head again and challenged all the forces that are struggling to build up a new structure of the world. That challenge has a deeper significance than might appear on the surface; for it is challenge to a newly awakened Asia which had so long suffered under various forms of colonialism. It is also a challenge to the spirit of man and to all the progressive forces of a divided and distracted world. The United Nations Organisation, symbol of the one world that has become the ideal of men of thought and goodwill, has been flouted and its expressed will set at nought. If this challenge is not met effectively, then indeed the consequences will affect, not merely Indonesia but Asia and the entire world. That would represent the triumph of the forces of destruction and disintegration, and the certain sequel would be ceaseless conflict and world disaster.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE GATHERING

Although we meet to consider a vital problem of immediate importance, my mind is filled with the historic significance of this unique gathering. Here we are, representatives of the free nations of Asia and our friends of Australia and New Zealand as well as of Egypt and Ethiopia, met together for the first time to consider a matter of common concern to us. We represent from Australia, New Zealand and the Philippines on the one side to Egypt and Ethiopia on the other, a vast area embracing half of the circumference of the globe and far the greater part of its population. We represent the ancient civilisations of the East as well as the dynamic civilisation of the West. Politically we symbolise, in par-

(Continued on Page 7)

NEHRU'S RECEPTION TO ASIAN DELEGATES

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India with Gen. Romulo, Leader of the Philippine Delegation to the Delhi Conference on Indonesia and Mrs. Indira Gandhi at a lunch held in honour of the delegates to the Conference, at New Delhi on Wednesday.

SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU DEAD

Last Of Great Liberals And A Clear-Headed Patriot

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru died at 11-40 p.m. at his Allahabad residence. Sir Tej completed his 73 years on December 8 last.

Sir Tej leaves behind three sons, two daughters, 24-grand-children and 7 great grand children. Except two sons-in-law, almost all his near relations were present at the time of his death.

The condition of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who had been ailing for the last two years, suddenly took a serious turn last midnight when due to an attack of broncho-pneumonia his lungs were badly affected. He also developed uranaimia with the result that his kidneys stopped functioning. He was administered oxygen at frequent intervals and also given penicillin injections. Although his condition was stated to be critical since early Tuesday morning, by the attending physicians, Sir Tej retained his consciousness upto the last. He tried to talk also but could not. His voice faltered whenever he wanted to speak.

On Tuesday evening when the Chief Justice and other judges of the Allahabad High Court went to see him. Sir Tej called the Chief Justice to his side and told him that before he died he would like to say three things. But what he actually said later was not audible and intelligible.

When Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U.P. Legislative Assembly went to see him Sir Tej was heard saying in a very indistinct voice, "This is our last meeting. I am going now."

SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU

Supru's Life Sketch

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru comes of a Kashmir Brahmin family, which had for long settled in Delhi.

He had a brilliant academic career. After taking his M.A. degree in English in 1895, with a first class—first to his credit, he secured the LL.B. degree, and started practice in Moradabad. He soon established a reputation as a first class advocate and had a lucrative practice in Allahabad.

At about the time, Dr. Sapru became immersed in politics. The result of this was that in 1913 he was elected to the Provincial Legislative Council.

From now on, one victory followed another, and he had the signal honour of being associated with the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms.

In 1919, Sir Tej left the Congress and joined the Liberal Party. He was twice elected President of the Liberal Federation in 1923, and 1927, but finally abandoned that party also. In 1923, he was chosen to be a member of the Imperial Conference in London, and did good work in this capacity.

Next year, he became a member of the Muddiman Reformers Enquiry Committee, and helped materially in

(Continued on Page 7)

Betting On Horses Banned In Madras

MADRAS, Jan. 20, (A.P.I.): The Madras Assembly this afternoon passed the Bill prohibiting wagering or betting on horses even within the race enclosures of the province.

The Bill also prohibits the printing, publication or sale of acceptances for horse races or tips or information likely to facilitate betting of horse races.

Increase In D.A. To Cost Exchequer Rs. 15 Crores

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20, (A.P.I.): The Government of India's announcement giving an increase of Rs. 10 per month in dearness allowance to all its employees drawing a salary of less than Rs. 250 per month is expected to cost the Central exchequer about Rs. 15 crores every year, it is learnt. A similar increase according to the classification of the areas concerned is also likely to be made by the Provincial Governments.

ANXIETY TO GO TO GANDHIJI'S PLACE

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 20, (U.P.I.): When Babu Purshottamdas Tandon rose to take leave of Sir Tej, the latter said: "I am anxious to go to the place where Gandhiji is and where there is no illness".

UNCONDITIONAL WITHDRAWAL OF R. S. S. MOVEMENT

Ketkar Succeeds In Persuading Golwalkar

NAGPUR, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): The Chief organiser of the All-India R.S.S. Organisation, Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, announced this evening unconditional withdrawal of the R.S.S. Satyagraha movement.

In a directive to R.S.S. members he says: "I deem that time has come for discontinuing the present movement in order to promote congenial atmosphere and also to bring about an atmosphere for the sympathetic efforts of third party friends for solving the present deadlock."

Mr. Golwalkar has called upon the organisers of the movement to implicitly abide by his decision.

The following is the full text of Mr Golwalkar's statement:—

TO PROMOTE CONGENIAL ATMOSPHERE

"Having been apprised by Shri G. V. Ketkar, of the general situation in the country and the attitude of the Government regarding the present movement of the Rashtriva Swayam Sevak Sangh, of the wide sympathy and goodwill shown and expressed by a number of prominent third party citizens, I deem that the time has come for discontinuing the present movement in order to promote a congenial atmosphere, and also to bring about an atmosphere for the sympathetic efforts of these third party friends for solving the present deadlock.

"I, therefore, advise those of my Swayam Sevak brothers, who are in charge of the movement, to decide to discontinue the same and widely communicate their decision all over the country. I also request all Swayam Sevak brothers to immediately and implicitly abide by this decision reached by the organisers of the movement."

KETKAR'S INTERVENTION

Mr. G. V. Ketkar, Editor of the "Kesari" and "Maratha" of Poona, had two interviews with Mr. Golwal-

(Continued on Page 7)

'PEACE AND FREEDOM' MOTTO BEFORE U. S.

President Truman Attacks "False Philosophy" Of Communism

FOUR - FOLD PROGRAMME INCLUDES STRENGTHENING DEMOCRATIC NATIONS AGAINST AGGRESSION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (Reuter)—President Harry S. Truman outlined future American policy under a "Peace and Freedom" programme in his inaugural address here today when he started his second term as the eighty-second President of the United States.

NO NEED OF WAR

While saying that the United States and other like-minded nations found themselves opposed by a regime, (presumably Russia) which adhered to a "false philosophy", the President stressed that hundreds of millions of people all over the world agreed with the United States, that there need not be any war.

His "Peace and Freedom" programme contained the following points:

(1) Continued support of the United Nations and the search for means to strengthen its authority.

(2) The continuation of American schemes for world economic recovery.

(3) The strengthening of freedom-loving nations against the dangers of aggression.

(4) A new programme for using scientific and industrial progress to improve the growth of under-developed areas.

"The peoples of the earth face the future with grave uncertainty, composed almost equally of great hopes and great fears", President Truman said.

"In this time of doubt they look to the United States, as never before, for goodwill, strength and wise leadership.

"Above all else our people desire, and are determined to work for peace on earth—a just and lasting peace based on genuine agreement freely arrived at by equals.

RUNNING AFTER ILLUSION

"In pursuit of these aims the United States, with other like-minded nations, find themselves directly opposed by a regime with contrary aims and a totally different concept of life.

"The regime adheres to a false philosophy, which purports to offer freedom, security and greater opportunity to mankind. Misled by this philosophy many peoples have sacrificed their liberties, only to learn to their sorrow that deceit and mockery, poverty and tyranny are their reward.

ATTACK ON COMMUNISM

In his attack on Communism, President Truman then went on to say:

"Communism is based on the belief that man is so weak and inadequate that he is unable to govern himself and therefore requires the rules of a strong mastery: democracy is based on the conviction that man has moral

(Continued on Page 7)

President Truman

Big Fire In Truman's Hometown

INDEPENDENCE (Missouri), Jan. 20 (UPA): A million-dollar fire swept through four buildings in the city's business district today in seven-degree weather. This day was, by proclamation of the mayor, "Inauguration Day" in the hometown of President Truman.

Many of Independence's leading citizens were in Washington for the festivities there as the big fire broke out in the basement of the Independence Hardware Company.

Fire Chief V. A. Kincade, of the four-company Independence Fire Department, said that spontaneous combustion probably caused the blaze. He said that paints and oils were stored in the basement of that three-storey, building.

BAO DAI "GUILTY OF SELLING VIETNAM

SAIGON, Jan. 20 (Reuter): Tracts denouncing ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam and General Nguyen Van Yuan, now in Paris, as guilty of "selling Vietnam to French colonialism" were found scattered at dawn today in the streets of the more populous quarters on the outskirts of Saigon.

WOMAN
THY NAME IS DIVINE, BUT THY BEAUTY PROVOKES THE BEAST IN MAN.....
WHY?
Isn't it the conflict between Love and Lust in MAN'S Mind?
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Wanted poor healthy vegetarian girl to wed educated Brahmin Officer in Bombay. Box No. 189 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a suitable match for an Aggarwal Bansal girl (16) slim, tall, healthy, smart, moderately educated of Respectable Bombay Millionaire family. Early decent marriage. Wanted beautiful, tall, slim, non-Bansal Aggarwal girl from highly connected family for a moderately educated boy (18) belonging to a Respectable Millionaire Family of Bombay Income in Lakhs. No. 2827 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Good opportunity for Typists, Stenographers and Clerks. Contact immediately Employment Exchange, Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (3018)

Wanted Nurses, qualified or experienced. See Dr. Sumatilal Mehta, Princess Street, Morning or Evening. Phone 34530,41044. 180

Wanted a highly qualified and experienced Secretary for a Textile Mill Owners Association in Northern India. Past experience in Textile Associations and/or Chambers of Commerce preferred. Salary no consideration for a really Competent man. Apply to Box No. 2757 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a smart, competent Lady Shorthand-Typist, knowing filing, general office routine. Apply with copies of testimonials to P. O. Box 2011, Bombay 2.

Wanted Energetic and influential gentlemen to push the sales of our "HINDUSTAN TEA" on attractive terms. Apply sharp to:— Post Box No 27, Dindigul. (2796)

Wanted Junior Typist-Clerk, Knowing Gujerati, Shorthand preferred and a peon. Apply Box No. 95 "Bombay Chronicle."

PERSONAL ADLETS

A comprehensive advertising service offer through press, Hoardings, Cinema slides, all throughout India, Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon. Distinctive advertising designs, original selling ideas, translations in all vernaculars a speciality. Apply Box No. 2928 "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matriculation B.A., B. Sc., B. Com., Ph. D., L. T., LL. B., etc. to deserving without examination. Crawford University, Lucknow. (2844)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer. Auditor Insurance Officer by post D. Com. courses. American correspondence College. (B.C.) Delhi. (133)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com., Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 133A

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

For Numerous Matrimonial Proposals, Photoes, Sensational Experiences of ladies read "Amar Sandesh" 5155, Saddar Bazar Delhi, a Premier Ladies Magazines, wanted lady representatives on Rs. 50/- monthly spare hours (63)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. 97

SOCIAL

Make Friends:— (Both sex) For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional and Social Relations. Particulars Against 2 As. Stamps. The Universal League of Introduction 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (159)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted respectable and influential Agents to sell the remaining Shares of M/s. Aryan Silk and Cotton Mills Ltd. 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, a progressive national concern earning profits. Apply sharp to Managing Agents. (8472)

LIVE STOCK

Sick Dogs at Bellemont Kennels receive treatment and care as good as Human Beings. Phone 43245 (2789)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed everglaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc. 97A, Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale: One Singer Sewing Machine. Apply personally. Block 23, Room 72, Agripada, Bombay 11. (185)

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours, 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1 (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

Office of the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, dated the 14th January, 1949.

PUBLIC NOTICE

ATTENTION of all concerned is drawn to the fact that considerable difficulty is often felt by this office and the offices at the ports in dealing with reminders and references received from the public where only number and date of their letters and applications are quoted. In order to facilitate tracing and linking of the original papers it is necessary that the reminders should be sent to the authority to whom the application was originally sent and they should always contain, in addition to the numbers and dates of the letters, the subject matter of the correspondence and a reference to the last letter issued if any by this office or by the offices at the ports as the case may be. In the absence of such details it sometimes becomes necessary to call for copies of the original applications etc., resulting in delays.

G. R. KAMAT,
Chief Controller of Imports
(3025)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FOOD (DIV. II)

Office of the Chief Director of Purchase

New Delhi, dated the 14-1-49
Sub: Tender No. F.966(1)

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of purchase invites offers for the supply of 30 tons cheese tinned for the Defence Services.

Offers should be made only by manufacturers of tinned cheese in India or by Parties HOLDING READY IMPORTED STOCKS IN INDIA or expecting supplies to reach India by the end of February 1949 and should give the following particulars:—

I. (i) Quantity held in stock.
(ii) Quantity expected to be available or manufactured by the end of February, 1949.
(iii) Packing —Size of tins, nett quantity in each tin and number of tins in each case.
(iv) Name of manufacturers, their brand, if any, and country of origin (in case of imported supplies).
(v) Date of manufacture and date of imports into India.
(vi) Warranty Period—i.e. the period upto which the stock is guaranteed to keep good by the manufacturers.
(vii) Location of stocks or factory.

II. PRICE:— Quotation should be per lb. nett of cheese tinned. F.O.R. STATION OF DESPATCH TO BE SPECIFIED IN THE OFFER.

III. SAMPLES:—Representative samples in triplicate of each brand and pack offered must be submitted with the offer free of all charges.

IV. PERIOD OF DELIVERY:— The tenderers will be required to tender the supplies for inspection within fifteen days of the acceptance of their offer.

V INSPECTION:— By the D. S. & T. (Q.M.G's Branch) Army Headquarters (India), New Delhi or an officer acting for him at the place of inspection.

VI. SUBMISSION OF OFFER. Offers should be sent on plain paper enclosed in a double cover. The inner cover should be sealed and must be clearly marked with the Tender No. and due date for its return. The outer cover should be addressed to the Chief Director of Purchase without any indication that there is tender enclosed within. Offers must reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 31-1-'49. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 8-2-49. Tenderers may quote for the whole or a part of the supplies but the Chief Director of Purchase reserves to himself the right to accept a part or the whole of the quantity offered and reject the offer without assigning any reason.

VII. EARNEST MONEY:— Each offer must be accompanied by Earnest Money in the form of a Demand Draft or deposit at Call receipt for Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand only) on an scheduled Bank in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase Ministry of Food, Government of India, New Delhi. The money will be forfeited should the tenderer withdraw his offer before the date upto which he agrees to keep his offer open, or in the event of the tender being accepted resile from his offer or fail to furnish security.

VIII. SECURITY DEPOSIT:— 5 p.c (Five percent) of the value of Tender accepted will be required to be deposited as security in any of the approved forms, within seven days of the acceptance of the tender.

IX. CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT:— In the event of an offer being accepted by the Chief Director of Purchase, the purchase will be governed by the General Conditions of Contract (Form W.S.B. 133) as contained in the pamphlet "Conditions of Contract governing Department of Supply Contracts-March 1942 Edition" as amended from time to time and subject to change that where the words "Department of Supply" occur the words "Ministry of Food" should be substituted.

(3016)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT,
Bombay Castle 21st January, 1949.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts in the office of the Milk Commissioner, Bombay:—

1. ACCOUNTANT.
Pay Rs. 275-15-350 plus dearness allowance.
QUALIFICATION:— Candidates must be graduates and possess good accounts qualification and considerable previous experience or at least ten years in accounts work in a Civil or Military Accounts office as Superintendent, Senior Accountant or Divisional Accountant, Registered Accountants with a long commercial experience will also be considered.

2. ASSISTANT CHEMIST.
Pay Rs. 120-5-170-10-220 plus dearness allowance.
QUALIFICATION:—B. Sc. (Hons.) with Chemistry and Physics with analytical experience preferably in a dairy laboratory.

3. ACCOUNTS CLERKS.
Pay Rs 75-5-140 plus special pay of Rs. 20 and dearness allowance.
QUALIFICATION:— Matriculate with knowledge of accounts either in Government office or in a commercial concern.

AGE:— (For posts 2 and 3)
Not Exceeding 25 years for advanced classes and not exceeding 28 for intermediate and backward classes.

4. Applications stating age, qualifications, domiciled, and previous experience accompanied with copies of certificates should reach the Milk Commissioner, Wake-Field House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, before 31st January 1949.

5. Government servants may also apply through their Departments. Candidates will be required to come for interview at their own expenses.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer,
21st January 1949
(3028)

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England)
TENDER NOTICE

THE AGENT AND GENERAL MANAGER invites tenders with samples for the supply of 570 Bengal Maunds Gram Dall, Toor Dall and Moong Dall each, 500 Bengal Maunds Salt and 250 Gross Matches. Delivery Company's Grain Shop Kurduwadi. Good Quality essential. Successful tenderer will have to deposit Rs. 500/- as earnest money for each commodity. Tenders should reach in sealed covers duly superscribed as "Tender for Moong Dall etc.," on or before 2nd February 1949, 11 a.m. Supply within Ten days of acceptance of tender essential.
3008

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 1 p.m. on 5-2-1949 for the supply of pulses at the Railway Grainshops in Bombay, Poona and and Bhusaval Divisions. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Bhusaval and Poona for those divisions respectively. Supplies to be effected by 5-3-1949.
3015

NOTICE

OWING to disturbances in 1947 and due to shifting of our office the records were destroyed and we informed by notification to the Certificate-Holders to put in their claims by 31st December, 1948. We have refunded the dues of those who have already claimed for. It is hereby requested to our clientele that in case somehow or other they could not submit their claims by 31st December, 1948 their claims would be taken now in October 1949.

All constituents are hereby requested to register their claims to enable us to remit their dues by October 1949. We may further clear that as the records have been destroyed due to disturbances, we have no addresses of our clients. So unless and until we receive the addresses of our clients, their dues cannot be remitted. The delay in remitting the dues and attending to the correspondence was due to the unavoidable circumstances. We have already advertised in February, 1948, October 1948 and December 1948 in different news papers regarding claims of our Certificate Holders.

THE BRITISH TRADE BUILDERS,
Room No. 3 (1st floor)
249, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay
(3017)

NOTICE

THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAVIGATION AND TRADING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificates for 100 shares (Nos. 8033 to 8132) standing in the name of Luis Caetano Gomes have been lost or mislaid. Any person having any claim over the said shares should notify to the Company at its registered office at "Scindia House, 4, Dougall Road, Bombay, 1, within a fortnight from the date hereof. Failing which steps will be taken to obtain duplicates from the Company.

Signature
LUIS CAETANO GOMES
Date 20th January, 1949. (187)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS.
(Railway Board)
NOTICE
CAST IRON SLEEPER PLATES AND POTS FOR RAILWAYS

1. Tenders are invited for the supply of Cast Iron Sleeper Plates and Pots to the Railways during the period 1st April 1949 to 31st March 1950.

2. Tenders are being invited in India only.

3. Applications for copies of tender documents should be made to the Secretary, Railway Board, New Delhi. Tender documents will be supplied at Rs. 10/- per set and will be available for sale from 1st February 1949 except on Sundays and holidays.

4. Tenders will be received up to 1 p.m. on Saturday the 19th February 2949 and opened in the office of the Director, Civil Engineering, Railway Board, New Delhi at 11 a. m. on 21st February 1949.

S. S. RAMASUBBAN
Secretary, Railway Board.

New Delhi,
Dated Jan. 1949.
PSJ. 17/1
Case No. 0180-W
(3024)

INCOME-TAX DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY MOFUSSIL

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts in the Income-tax Department, Bombay Mofussil:—

1. INSPECTORS: Grade 125 (Prob)-160-10-330 plus allowances admissible under the rules. Minimum educational qualifications: Graduate.
(Preferably Double Graduate or persons with Accountancy qualifications).
AGE LIMIT:—
(1) Age should not exceed 32 years on the 1st January, 1949 in case of persons registered with the Transfer Bureau, the Employment Co-ordination Committee or the Special Employment Bureau.
(2) Surplus personnel from Central Govt. Offices—Their actual age minus the total length of service should not exceed 28 years on the 1st January, 1949.
(3) Persons registered with the Employment Exchange, Same as (2) above in the case of those who have rendered war service, or, have served temporarily under the Central or Provincial Governments.
(4) For all others not covered by (1), (2) & (3) 25 years.

2. Steno-typists; Grade 55-3-85 EB-4-125-5-200 plus allowances admissible under the rules and in addition a Shorthand allowance of Rs. 20 per month. Minimum Educational qualification: Matriculation or other equivalent examination. Knowledge of Shorthand with a minimum speed of 80 words per minute and of typing with a speed of 30 words per minute is essential.

Preference will be given to the applicants in the following order:
1. Persons registered with the Transfer Bureau.
2. Those who have already been retrenched, or, are likely to be retrenched from the Central Government Offices in Bombay Province.
3. Persons registered with the Employment Co-ordination Committee or the Special Exemployment Bureau.
4. Those who are registered with the Regional or local Employment Exchange.
5. Others.

Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience, and domicile along with copies of certificates should be addressed to the Commissioner to Income-tax, Bombay Mofussil, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 5th February, 1949.

Candidates who may be required to appear for the interview will have to appear at Bombay at their own expense.

No correspondence will be entered into with the applicants.

R. L. BHALLA,
Commissioner of Income-Tax.
Bombay Mofussil.
(3026)

WASTE FOR SALE:

At SHREE RAM MILLS LTD., Waste Tender Forms will be available from the Office at nominal fee of Re. 1/- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 P.M. on 31-1-49.
3012

BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England)
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Sub-Permanent Way Inspector in the grade of Rs. 150-7-185-8-225 plus dearness allowance as per rules on this Railway. Free unfurnished quarter will be provided. The applicant must be at least a Matriculate and should have permanent way experience of at least three years. Preference will be given to a candidate who is also a qualified Overseer. Applications with copies of testimonials and other particulars should be submitted to the Agent and General Manager, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduwadi, District: Sholapur on or before 31st January 1949. Applications from candidates at present in service, should be submitted through their present employer.
3007

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
Tender No. 2/301 S/GB2/P. 3.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of:—

Lamps Hand Signal Tricolour for Guards with Kerosene Oil Reservoir and wick holder to E. P. R. Drawing No. 8610 ... ... Nos. 4000.

2. Quotations will be considered for supplies manufactured from tenderer's own raw material. Quota certificate can be granted by the Railway for replenishment of stocks only when available. Rate at which delivery will be made should be stated.

3. Drawing can be had at a cost of Re. 1/- only on application.

4 Quotations on tenderers' own forms should reach the undersigned by 2nd February 1949 in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for lamps Hand Signal".

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Stores)
E. P. Railway, the Mall,
DELHI.
(3030)

NOTICE

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that no road permits will be issued to diesel trucks registered after 31-3-1949. Those persons as have already committed themselves for the purchase of such vehicles should therefore get their vehicles registered before the above date.

(Capt.) R. A. MUNDKUR.
Secretary, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay.
Gymnasium Road, Bombay, 1.
(3029)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDUL REHMAN SULEMAN CASSUM HAJI MITHA, ALI MAHOMED SULEMAN CASSUM HAJI MITHA, Mrs. JENABAI ABDUL REHMAN SULEMAN CASSUM HAJI MITHA and Mrs. SARABAI ALI MAHOMED SULLEMAN CASSUM HAJI MITHA, Mutavalis under the Deed of Wakf, dated 21st December, 1943, all of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses and other buildings standing thereon, situate on the West side of Upper Duncan Road, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 5408 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Office of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 3010, 3010, New Nos. 9522, 9946, Old Survey No. 4408, New Survey No. 1/6409, Cadastral Survey No. 764 of Byculla Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East partly by property of Rao Bahadur Karamsey Damji, partly by the property of Haji Ebrahim Haji Abdul Satar, partly by the property of Monghibai widow, partly by the property of Lallubhai Tribhovandas, partly by Duncan Road aforesaid, partly by the property of Manekbai, wife of Yusufalli Currimji, partly by the property of Alimahomed Sulleman, partly by the property of Pardeshi Laxman Meghji, partly by the property of Shaikh Gulam Alamji and partly by the property of Abdul Hussein Ebrahimji, on or towards the South partly by the property formerly belonging to Lallubhai Tribhovandas and partly by the property of Monghibai, widow, on or towards the North partly by the property of Lallubhai Tribhowandas and partly by the property of Manekbai, wife of Yusufalli Currimji, on or towards the West by the property formerly belonging to Lallubhai Tribhowandas and now of Vora Adamji Kasibhoy and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward Nos. 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552(1) 552(2) and 553 and Old Street Nos. 504 to 510, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, 512 to 528 and 530 and New Street Nos 160, 166, 162C, 162D, 162D, 162E, 162A, 138-140, 142-44, 146-148, 150, 152 and 154-158.

Dated this 19th day of January 1949.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Purchaser's Attorneys
(2027)

HERNIA

Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefited without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions.—H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia. DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—8.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Sec. 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY, the 25th January 1949 at 2 p. m. at Alexandra Docks (Sale Warehouse) Art Silk P. Goods Old Newspapers: Electric Motors and Goods: 19 c/s Textile Machinery parts: 15 c/s. Parachutes: Hardware: Broadcasting records: Woollen Rugs: Tanned Leather: C. P. Goods: Cycle parts: Rayon Silk Ribbons: etc., etc.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MILLING AND HACK-SAW MACHINES.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 2366 of 1948 (G. J. Dhanak vs V. B. Gujrati) M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on Thursday, 27-1-49 at 3-30 P. M. (S.T.) at M/s. Renu Engineering Works, opp. Gwalior Maharaja's Bungalow, Hornby Vellard, Worli.

1. Universal Milling Machine Schleifer & Co., make with 3 Elec. motors, 32" x 8" making surface with dividing head.
1 Hack-Saw Machine, 9" Capacity Kirloskar Mysore make.
Terms:— 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.
On view from 26th.

BENNETT & CO.

ALL-INDIA HUMANITARIAN (COW) CONFERENCE

149, Shroff Bazar, Bombay 2
SPECIAL SESSIONS
ON
SATURDAY, 22nd January & SUNDAY, 23rd January, 1949
at MADHAV BAUG, C. P. Tank, BOMBAY, at 3 p.m.

SHRIYUT SETH GOVINDDASJI, M.C.A., will Preside, the Conference will be inaugurated by

HON'BLE DINKARRAO DESAI, Minister for Civil Supplies, Bombay Government.

All lovers of Cow Protection, Preservation, Improvement cause are cordially invited to attend.

NAGINDAS T. MASTER,
Chairman, Reception Committee, All-India Humanitarian (Cow) Conference.

RECONDITIONED CLOTHING

BEST BUYS NOW FOR ALL SEASONS

ALL TYPES OF NEW CIVILIAN AND SURPLUS UNIFORMS AND CLOTHING.

Cable or Airmail for latest pricelist

Foremost Trading Co.

10, MURRAY ST. NYC Cable FOREMOST.

CUTS AND ABRASIONS CAN BE *DANGEROUS*

HEAL THEM WITH

Germex

This powerful germ-killing ointment quickly extracts the poisons. Germex then relieves the pain and restores the skin to perfect health.

It kills the GERM
It heals the WOUND

Manufactured by
LITTLE'S ORIGINAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD.
MADRAS, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA.

Youth In 24 Hours

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens whitish grey hair permanently for life. "OTOGEN" was tried upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. By one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation this patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man. Price Rs. 5/-

Otogen

P. B. 447 ------ BOMBAY.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF MID-EAST

Kamaladevi On Why Arabs Lack In Military Strength

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"There is almost a crisis in the Middle East countries on account of Palestine. The people feel that their Governments are too weak to enforce the will of their respective peoples on the Palestine issue. They want Governments which are representative of the will of the people". This view was expressed by Shrimati Kamaladevi, who returned to Bombay after a two-months' tour of the Middle East countries. She visited Transjordan, the Lebanon, Syria and Iraq. She made it clear that the impressions she gave did not include Turkey, which also she visited

ARAB STAND.

She said that all the Arab countries had taken very unkindly to the partition of Palestine and the State of Israel. There was intense hatred for the British in all these parts. This was the negative aspect of their reaction to the partition of Palestine, while the positive aspect was an intense desire to see that popular governments were established in all these nations, so that the countries involved would be able to formulate their own foreign policies and also bring about the co-ordination of effort needed to effectively fight the new State of Israel.

Srimati Kamaladevi visited Jerusalem and Jericho. She said that she found that the old city of Jerusalem was completely barricaded and all its city gates locked, except one which was guarded by armed troops.

There was no Jewish element here, but the population consisted of Arabs and Christians. The Christians were one with the Arabs on the question of Palestine and were hardly distinguishable from the Arabs, in dress or speech.

The Christian population was an integral part of the Palestinian Arabs and had no marked separate political identity. The Jews, on the other hand, had their concentrations in New Jerusalem.

In her travels, she said, she had met the Presidents of Middle East republics, Prime Ministers, Cabinet members and even labour leaders and high-ranking military officials.

JEWS STRONGER.

Questioned about the military strength of the Arabs versus the Jews, she said that militarily the Jews appeared to be strong. Among the Arab Powers, there appeared to be lacking that complete co-ordination which is necessary in such matters. But there was no difference whatever in the outlook on the cardinal question of Palestine.

"How long will this chaotic state of affairs continue in Palestine" she was asked.

"The conflict will continue until a Palestine State is established", she said. She was of the view that it was not quite correct to call this an Arab State. The partition of Palestine had not the consent of the people of Palestine. No plebiscite had been taken on the issue. It had been brought about by a third power to accommodate a lot of foreign jews, who did not belong to the place.

ARABS LACK ARMS.

Asked about the reason why a numerically small Jewry in Palestine had militarily outclassed the Arabs, she said that she had heard from many sides, that this was due to a lack of arms. While the Jews got plenty of arms from America and "the Russian satellite" countries, the Arabs complained of shortages and inadequacy in this direction.

Asked about the Socialist forces, if any, in the Mid East, she said that the Socialists were generally small groups. In Egypt and Syria there were fairly strong Trade Union bodies, which were now taking on political colour. "It is extremely difficult for opposition parties to function in these countries", she added.

FAMINE RELIEF IN BARODA

The hardship caused to the people as a result of conditions created by famine in certain parts of the State have received earnest attention of the Government. It is envisaged by the Government that about Rs. 3-1/2 crores would be required as shown below in making arrangements for giving relief to the people in the State in overcoming these hardships.

Rs. 40 lakhs for land revenue remissions, for filling cattle troughs, for granting aid to infirm and old, for supply of grass etc.

Rs. 38 lakhs land revenue suspensions.

Rs. 30 lakhs for advancing tagavi.

Rs. 20 lakhs for relief works by P.W.D

Rs. 8 lakhs to be spent by Prant Panchayats and Gram Panchayats on relief works

Rs. 10 lakhs donation by His Highness for relief works, and—

Rs. 4 lakhs on earth works for construction of railways, making a total of Rs. 1.50 crores, to which add Rs. 2.00 crores for foodgrain supply at lower rates, making a grand total of Rs. 3.50 crores.

As the price of foodgrains imported from abroad would cost considerably more than the price fixed for their sale in the State, there is expected to be a loss of over rupees two crores on the whole. The Government of India have, however, generously agreed to bear half of this loss. The loss to the State in the matter of the foodgrains so purchased and sold throughout the State would thus be over a crore of rupees.

In addition to the above amount, expenditure on many other items of relief e.g. amounts that will be given by way of relief in the form of Santh Haraji dues, free fodder from Government bids and such other items has also been sanctioned. The total cost is thus expected to amount to Rs. 3-1/2 crores out of which Rs. 2.32 crores will be met from the State revenue.

Ban On Meetings In Igatpuri Taluka

The District Magistrate of Nasik has issued an order, under section 144 Cr. P.C., prohibiting meetings and processions in Igatpuri taluka for a period of one month, from January 18, 1949.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

COLOURED STORY OF A COLOURFUL ROMANCE
10th WEEK
Lal Dupatta
Madhu Bala, Ranjit Kumari
OPERA HOUSE
2-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
IDEAL Release

FROM TODAY!
CITY-LIGHT
MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily: 1, 3-45, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
SHALIMAR'S
MEERABAI
NEENA

See & Hear
Golden-voiced
NOORJEHAN
AT HER
SWEETEST IN
Shaukat Art's
JUGNU
9 with DILIP, SHASHI, CUCKOO TH GREAT WEEK AT CAPITOL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Holi. at 1 p.m.

15th WEEK OF APPLAUSES
PRAKASH PICTURES
RAMBAAN
Director: VIJAY BHATT
SUPER
Daily 3-15, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunday Matinee at 12 noon
Bkg 9-30 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 7-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunday Matinee at 12-30 p.m.
Booking 9 to 11 a.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

STRAND
Daily 3-15 6-15,
& 9-15 P.M.

A Best-Seller of bold and intimate emotions!
CORNEL WILDE · LINDA DARNELL
ANNE BAXTER · KIRK DOUGLAS
THE WALLS OF JERICHO
with ANN DVORAK
Directed by John M. Stahl · Produced by Lamar Trotti
20th
SIGNATURE

5th Crowded Week!
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Advance 9-30 to 1 and 2 to 7-30
BROADWAY
4, 6-45, and 9-30
Sat., Sun. 1 P.M.
SUMAYA
VIDYA

CITY STUDENTS' CONFERENCE
A two-day educational conference of Bombay city students will begin its session at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 4 p.m. today (Friday).
The Conference has two main objects. It wants to adopt a Students' Charter of certain immediate demands of the students. Secondly it wants to set up a National Union of Students, a new non-political organisation in the form of a free and voluntary federation of all college unions.
Prof. P. A. Wadia will preside over the Conference which will be inaugurated by Mr. Joachim Alva, Sheriff of Bombay. Principal Donde, Prof. G. D. Parikh, Principal Welingkar and others will address the conference.

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
(Every Seat a Cool Retreat).
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Barbara Stanwyck
Burt Lancaster
in
SORRY, WRONG NUMBER
A HAL WALLIS PRODUCTIONS
Sunday Morning at 10.
"DUFFY'S TAVERN"
At Reduced Prices.

DUI
DOCUMENTARY UNIT INDIA
Presents
'A NIGHT WITH THE STARS'
Our most popular 23 films stars in their gala stage show IN AID OF KASHMIR!
Music by: ANIL BISWAS
Commentary by DAVID
A. D. U. I. PRODUCTION
by PAUL ZILS
SHOWING AT
NEW EMPIRE
STRAND
KRISHNA
AND SEVERAL OTHERS

REGAL
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
J. Arthur Rank presents a Production of the Archers
ANTON WALBROOK
MARIUS GORING
MOIRA SHEARER
The Red Shoes
Written, Produced and Directed by MICHAEL POWELL and EMERIC PRESSBURGER
Eagle-Lion Distributors
COLOUR BY TECHNICOLOR
The Tended Love Story of a Great Ballerina caught between Her Two Lovers
Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
Charles Dickens'
"DAVID COPPERFIELD"

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 7, 2005.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1368
Parsi: Amardad 21, 1318.
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 6-25 p.m.
Hightide: 04-24, 17-21 Lowtide: 10-56, 22-57.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

Today's Engagements

FRIENDS OF SOVIET UNION: 'Lenin Day' Public Meeting at 7 p.m. today at Marwari Vidyalaya Hall—Girgaum.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Theosophists and members of the "T.S." is the subject of Study Class today at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

DR. R. R. THAKAR: Under the auspices of Western India Homeopathic Medical Association and the Kandivli Residents' Association, the 48th birth-day of Dr. Rasiklal Ramkrishna Thakar will be celebrated in the boys' and girls' school compound at Kandivli today when Dr. P. Rai K. Baxi will preside. Satvanaravan Mahapooja will be performed.

BOMBAY DYEING AND PRINTING EMPLOYEES' UNION: On a request from the Bombay Dyeing and Printing Employees' Union, Mr. Amdekar, the Deputy Director of Labour Administration, visited the premises of New India Dyeing and Printing Works, to examine the working conditions there and made some suggestions to the management so as to avoid discontentment among the workers.

MAZDOOR TROTSKYIST PARTY OF INDIA: The Bombay Committee of the Party will observe the death anniversary of Lenin at Worli Hill House today at 6-30 p.m.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: Mr. P. M. Chinai has been appointed as the representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the Standing Committee set up in Bombay known as the "Bombay Port Clearance Committee" concerned with problems connected with the clearance and removal of congestion in the Bombay Docks.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY: Concert by Gangubai Hangal at 4 p.m. tomorrow, Sunday, at Wagle Hall, Kandewadi.

G. I. P. Railway Mazdoor Panchayat

BOMBAY, Thursday.
Out of the total membership of 15,101 of G.I.P. Railway Mazdoor Panchayat 9,946 participated in the strike ballot of whom, 9,753 voted for strike and only 167 against.

Ratan Tata Donation To Delhi School Of Economics

A munificent donation of Rs. 1 lakh has been given by Lady Ratan Tata and her co-trustees of the Sir Ratan Tata Trust to the Delhi School of Economics towards the initial cost of building up its Research Library.

The Delhi School of Economics is an All-India institution for post-graduate teaching and research in Economics established by the University of Delhi with Dr. V.K.R.V. Rao as its first Director. The authorities of the University have decided to name the School's Library as "The Sir Ratan Tata Library of the Delhi School of Economics."

Town Duty On Milk, Cream And Butter

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today gave its approval to a proposal made by the Commissioner that milk, cream and butter, other than table butter, be levied a town duty of 3 1/8 per cent 'ad valorem' or half anna in a rupee.
According to the Commissioner, this duty would bring an additional income of Rs. five lakhs during the year 1949-50.

Radio

BOMBAY, Friday, Jan. 21.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Ramnath Mathkar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 S. G. Mohinuddin (Sitar) 9-0 M. B. Walawalkar (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. Mahila Mandal Programme of special interest to women in Gujarati 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Sur 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Bach 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Ramnath Mathkar 5-15 R. K. Phatak (Marathi Pad) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Ramnath Mathkar 6-30 Lalita Venkatraman 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. G. Mohinuddin 7-30 Talk in Marathi 7-45 Ardhya Vatevar 7-55 Varya Varachi Varat 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Assan Merani 8-40 Jaisa 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 For the Universities 10-0 S. G. Mohinuddin 10-30 M. B. Walawalkar.
VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7240 kc/s)
7-40 a.m. Geetaval: 5-45 p.m. Assan Merani 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners (Gujarati)
61.48 m. (4.880 kc/s)
7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Assan Merani 8-15 R. K. Phatak 9-0 Lalita Venkatraman 9-20 M. B. Walawalkar 10-15 Dancing Time.
BARODA.
BARODA, Jan. 21.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Film Music 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Local Announcements 6-15 For Rural Areas (Gujarati) 6-35 Apki Farmaish 7-0 Abdul Samad Moulvi (Hindustani songs) 7-15 Pratima Trivedi (Gujarati songs) 7-30 Shiva-Kumar Shukla (Vocal) 7-45 Topical Talk 8-0 Gunvantrai Dave (Mimicry) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Abdul Samad Moulvi 8-45 Book of Verse by Manu H. Dave 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Shivakumar Shukla.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday the 20th January, 1949:—
Weather has been dry over the country, except for isolated very light showers in Assam.
FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 21ST:—Cloudy weather with isolated very light showers is likely in Rajputana and the south-east Punjab.
Night temperatures may rise in Rajputana, Madhya Bharat, Bhopal and the East Punjab.
EARTHQUAKE REPORT:—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre about 3,070 miles away from Poona, apparently near latitude 2 degrees north and longitude 116 degrees east in Borneo island, was recorded by the seismographs in the meteorological office, Poona, at 20 hours 38 mts. B.S.T. on Wednesday the 19th January, 1949.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 20, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours and from 1st December, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on 20th Jan. 1949:—

Ahmedabad 89 60 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 90 55 0 0 minus 0.5, Allahabad 80 48 0 0 minus 0.9 Ambala 75 42 0 0 59 0 0 minus 0.7, Belgaum — 55 0 0.1 minus 0.2, BOMBAY 87 66 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 82 57 0 0 minus 0.3 Colombo 89 71 0 10.3 plus 2.4 Darjeeling 48 35 0 0.1 minus 0.4, Delhi 77 45 0 0.1 minus 0.7, Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 55 0 0 minus 0.5, Indore 84 50 0 0.2 o. Jaipur 79 53 0 0.4 minus 0.1, Lucknow 78 — — — —, Madras 85 65 0 1.7 minus 4.7, Madura 85 64 0 2.0 minus 0.6, Mahabaleshwar 0 57 0 0 minus 0.4, Mangalore 91 69 0 0 minus 0.6, Nagpur 87 54 0 0 minus 0.7, Ootacamund 74 49 0 1.0 minus 1.7, Patiala nil, Patna 76 54 0 0 minus 0.4, Poona 90 54 0 0 minus 0.2, Rajkot 89 56 0 0 minus 0.1, Shillong 57 — — — —, Sholapur 89 59 0 0 minus 0.5, Simla 56 40 1.6 minus 1.0.

Home Guards

With a view to co-ordinating the work of the various district organisations of the Home Guards, a post of Commandant General, Home Guards, has been created, with effect from January 6, 1949. Capt. M.J.B. Manekji, Commandant, Home Guards, Greater Bombay, has been appointed to the new post.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT BOWS TO HIGH COURT VERDICT?

Office Of Controller Of Accommodation Suspends Work

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Controller of Accommodation to the Government of Bombay had received orders today to stop receiving any applications for accommodation and also information regarding suppressed vacancies.

This decision, it was learnt, was taken at a meeting of the Cabinet today, when the question of suspending the functions of the Requisitioning Department in view of the adverse results in several test cases in the High Court was discussed.

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction, who is also in charge of housing control, cancelled his tour of the Kanara District which was fixed for this week, to be present at today's Cabinet meeting, it was learnt, when this question was to come up.

As soon as orders were received at the Controller of Accomodation's Office, this morning, a large queue of men and women who had come there to fill up forms furnishing information about suppressed vacancies, were told that their applications could not be entertained.

They cursed their bad luck when they heard this news, because, as a last resort, after being without a roof for months, they had come to the Controller's Office with a faint ray of hope in their hearts.

In despair they turned back to face a homeless future.

The abrupt stoppage of the work of the Department which popularly came to be known as the "Housing Department", meant that the procedure of requisitioning flats, which were notified as "suppressed vacancies" and which under the Bombay Land Requisitioning Act, were allotted by Government to the first informant in need of accommodation, will also stop. This Act was specially enacted to exterminate the "Pugree" evil and was enforced in January, 1948, as a result of public clamour against the payment of premiums to exploiting landlords.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

The Department at the time it received Government's orders, this morning, had on its records 18,200 suppressed vacancies, which in the ordinary course would be verified by its Inspectors.

It had also 36,000 applications from people seeking accommodation.

Within the 12 months that it functioned, the Department had provided accommodation for 1,200 applicants and had besides re-instated several tenants who had been ejected by landlords after sueing them in Court on flimsy pretexts.

The hutments of the office of the Controller of Accommodation at Churchgate where 180 clerks and 6 officers worked at top speed, receiving hundreds of applications from people who virtually besieged it every day, looked bleak and deserted an hour after it was announced that no further applications would be received. Soon the place was devoid of the crowds that flocked around—hungry for houses.

Ex-Municipal Councillor Commits Suicide?

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, Jan. 20.

Steeped in debts fearing a warrant of arrest, one Ranoji Kachru, an ex-Municipal Councillor committed suicide yesterday night at his residence. He was working in the Kalyan Municipality and some of his co-workers alleged that he had used some Municipal money. Post mortem examination was to be held today.

BHOPATKAR SETS UP COMMITTEE

Hindu Mahasabha's Political Activity

POONA, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, in a statement today announced the formation of a Committee with himself as Chairman, Mr. Ashutosh Lahiry as Convenor and eighteen other members with the aim of the formation of a common political platform "by rallying all really democratic and nationalist forces in the country for building up a strong democratic state in Hindusthan".

Members of the Committee would approach all nationalist and democratic elements in the country with a view to ascertain the feasibility or otherwise of forming a common political platform resulting in the formation of a political party "based on genuinely secular and democratic lines."

The Committee will consist of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar (Chairman), (2) Dr. Gokul Chand Narang (East Punjab), (3) Mr. Keshav Chandra (East Punjab), (4) Lala Narain Dutt (Delhi) (5) Prof. Ramsing (Delhi), (6) Mr. Indra Prakash (Delhi), (7) Mahant Digvijaya Nathji (U.P.), (8) Shet Bishan Chand (U.P.), (9) Sheth Sitaramji Khemka (Bihar), (10) Mr. Debendra Nath Mukerji (West Bengal), (11) Mr. Narendra Nath Das (West Bengal), (12) Mr. Ganapati (Madras), (13) Mr. Panchanatham Aiyer (Madras), (14) Mr. S. R. Date, (Maharashtra), (15) Mr. A. H. Gadre (Bombay), (16) Mr. K. H. Dhamdhere (Bombay), (17) Mr. R. A. Kanitkar (Berar), (18) Dr. L. V. Paranjpe (C.P.) (19) Mr. V. G. Deshpande and (20) Mr. Ashutosh Lahiry (Convenor), with power to co-opt.

"Reduce Call Message Rate To One Anna"

CITY CORPORATION'S APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Bombay Municipal Corporation at its meeting today appealed to the Government of India to reduce the call message rate from 1½ annas to one anna if not all the message rate system was to be implemented in the near future. A resolution to this effect moved by Miss Perin Nariman and amended by Mr. Naushir Bharucha was adopted unanimously at the meeting. An amendment moved by Mr. G. G. Mehta suggesting that the rate per call for business houses be 1½ annas and that for residential quarters be one anna was thrown out by a large majority. Mayor Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas presided.

The resolution however, disapproved of the Government of India's decision in connection with the introduction of the message rate system, and further requested the Mayor to submit a representation to the Government praying that the rate be reduced from 1½ annas to one anna if the new system was to be introduced at all. This was with a view to encourage the use of telephones for business and other purposes as a means of early communication. The resolution further urged upon the Government to consider the desirability of installing public telephone cabins at important places throughout the city so as to facilitate the members of the general public to use the telephone without inconveniencing the private subscribers.

AHMEDABAD EXPERIENCE

Mr. S. K. Patil speaking on the resolution revealed that the experience of the Ahmedabad city where the new message rate system had only been recently introduced was found to be heartening. It was found that during the first month the average number of telephone calls per day had dropped from 34 to 2.5. Thereafter it had risen to 4.6 and had come to stay a little below that figure. Thus the telephone system was relieved of a good deal of unnecessary pressure, and the call system had proved a blessing in disguise. There would therefore be nothing wrong if the system was introduced in Bombay, provided the rate per message was reduced from 1½ annas to one anna.

"A BUDGET OF THE RICH"

Resuming the debate on the budget Mr. Asoka Mehta said that it was unacceptable in its fundamentals. He complained that the common man was forgotten and the budget was the budget of the rich. The poor, the needy and the unemployed were left uncared for. The Congress Party had failed to create a feeling of enthusiasm among the people. He asked the Congressmen to go among the toiling masses and find out their wants. In that task the Socialist Party was one with them, he said.

Mr. Homi Talyarkhan said that the budget was the best under the circumstances. He suggested that the budget should contain provision for carrying out repairs or indoor fittings in any building where the landlord had failed to carry them out in seven days' time after a notice had been served on him to that effect. The landlord should then be compelled to pay the bill.

Mr. Talyarkhan further urged that the health propaganda department of the municipality should be activated and the number of anti-T.B. clinics in the city should be increased.

Further debate on the budget was adjourned.

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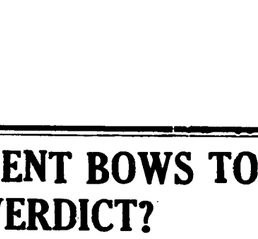
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There is nothing to inhale, nothing to inject. In cases of Asthma, Bronchitis and Bronchial Catarrh no treatment is simpler, no results more sure
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Replace a jewelled necklace with a garland of fresh flowers and complete this decor by arranging a few more flowers in your hair. It creates a charming effect; so will your hair with regular use of
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IN AID OF REFUGEES
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Tickets available at the office of DIRECTOR OF RELIEF & REHABILITATION,
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OPENING TODAY AT 3-30 P. M.
—AND THE VALUE OF IZZAT IS GREATER THAN GOLD OR DIAMONDS!
MURLI MOVIETONE'S SOULFUL SOCIAL!
IN WAKE OF "DOOSRI-SHADI" comes another social, with purpose!
GHAR -KE- IZZAT
Produced & Directed By
RAM DARYANI,
—WITH SEVEN TOPNOTCH STARS:— 7
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GALA OPENING TODAY at 3-30 p.m. At IMPERIAL
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Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays Matinee at 12-30.

FILMS TO SEE THIS WEEK

"THE RED SHOES"

At The Regal

Discriminating audiences and enthusiasts of the ballet, more particularly, have a delightful film in "The Red Shoes".

As developed by Pressburger, who also wrote the original screenplay, story is subordinated to ballet. On the side of story is Anton Walbrook, impresario of the ballet, who engages Moira Shearer and thereafter seeks to develop her as his prima ballerina. But she and Marius Goring, young composer attached to the company fall in love, thereby thwarting Walbrook's cardinal rule that dancing comprises a world in which here is room for nothing else. The young couple leave the company. Goring writes an opera, but abandons his own premiere at Covent Garden, London, for Monte Carlo, where Miss Shearer has returned to Walbrook

Moira Shearer and Marius Goring in "The Red Shoes."

and the ballet. Torn between her lifelong ambition to dance, and her love for Goring, Miss Shearer fails to make her decision and ends her life by jumping in front of a train.

It takes two hours and 13 minutes to unfold what could have been told—and with considerable advantage—in far less time. However, into and around this framework is an interesting portrayal of the lives and ways of the ballet, including its emotionalism and eccentricities, and sequences from the classics of ballet repertoire. The principal dance sequence, however, is devoted to a ballet from which the film draws its title. Based on the fairy tale by Hans Christian Anderson, it tells of a girl who is bewitched by her red dancing shoes and finds release from the enchantment only in death. The parallel between the ballet and the tragic romance between Miss Shearer and Goring is drawn with adroitness and sensitiveness.

On Sunday at 10 a.m. Charles Dickens' "David Cooperfield" with W. C. Fields, Freddie Bartholomew and Lionel Barrymore will be screened.

"SITTING PRETTY"

Hilarious Picture At Bandra

The hilarious picture, "Sitting Pretty", starring Robert Young and Maureen O'Hara, will be screened at the Bandra Talkies commencing from Saturday.

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"SORRY, WRONG NUMBER"

Radio Crime Classic At Metro

Paramount's "Sorry, Wrong Number", co-starring Barbara Stanwyck and Burt Lancaster, which begins its run today at Metro, is Lucille Fletcher's filmization of her own great radio suspense play. The half-hour network show was re-broadcast seven times for the benefit of millions of thrill-seekers; it is doubtful whether the soundest heart could take that many showings of the film, for the authoress has expanded her original theme into an hour-and-ahalf of the most breath-taking suspense the screen has yet offered.

"Sorry, Wrong Number" begins its spine-chilling with the opening scene, when Leona Stevenson, a bed-ridden neurotic superbly played by Barbara Stanwyck, accidentally overhears a murder being plotted over the phone. Unaware of the victim's identity, her concern is sincere but objective, as she tries in vain to get the police interested. But her horror increases with each mysterious call that follows, calls that bring the murder plot into shocking focus and reveal the frightful knowledge that she is the woman marked for a brutal end. She never quite answers the final call—the killer does that with a terse "Sorry, Wrong Number."

Burt Lancaster turns in another strong performance as Miss Stanwyck's long-suffering husband whose nefarious scheming to escape her domination leads directly to her slaying. Also importantly cast in "Sorry Wrong Number" are Ann Richards, Wendell, Corey, Harold Vermilyea, Ed Begley and Leif Erickson.

On Sunday morning at 10 a.m., "Durry's Tavern" will be screened.

"CAGED FURY"

At The New Empire

Some time ago, Buster Crabbe dramatically discarded the loin cloth which identified him as Tarzan and announced that he was through with wild animals. But now, he's right back with his old African playmates—the lions.

The former Olympic swimming champ is currently featured in Pine-Thomas' latest action-thriller for

Buster Crabbe and Richard Denning, locked in bruising battle, in "Caged Fury."

Paramount, "Caged Fury", at the New Empire Theatre. In this murder melodrama with a circus setting, Crabbe shares top billing with Richard Denning, Sheila Ryan, Mary Beth Hughes—and a cage full of savage lions.

Crabbe plays the heavy in "Caged Fury", a homicidal maniac who goads the lions into carrying out the horrible vengeance he seeks on those who have thwarted his twisted romantic desires. There is terror under the big top until the film's exciting finale brings ironical retribution to the mad killer. William Berke directed the film.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

"THE WALLS OF JERICHO"

At The Strand

"The Walls of Jericho", which stars Cornel Wilde, Linda Darnell, Anne Baxter and Kirk Douglas, and which opens today at the Strand Theatre is a many-faceted story of intense emotional conflict set against the colorful background of a mid-west town

Cornel Wilde and Linda Darnell in "The Walls of Jericho."

and the violence and excitement of its fast-growing pace just after the turn of the century. It is the drama of three women and their influence on the lives of two men who find themselves turned into bitter enemies by cross-currents of intrigue, suspicion and hate. It is the story of a beautiful but coldly scheming and ambitious woman who, in the name of love, almost wrecks the lives of those who stand in her way. And it tells, too, of the romance of a man and a woman who dare to brave a scandal in a town that can't hold their love.

As the young County Attorney Dave Connors who, married to a woman he doesn't love, finds himself involved in a scandal that almost wrecks his career and future happiness, Cornel Wilde turns in his best performance to date. Linda Darnell makes a superb Algeria Wedge, who uses Dave's neurotic wife and a wretched scandal as her weapons to achieve revenge and realize her frustrated ambitions. Anne Baxter is excellent as Julia, who pits her love for Dave against the town's backstreet gossip, and so is Kirk Douglass in the part of the young publisher who becomes Algeria's innocent foil.

METRO
"Sorry, Wrong Number", starring Barbara Stanwyck and Burt Lancaster.
Sunday, 10 A.M.—"Durry's Tavern."

REGAL
"The Red Shoes", starring Moira Shearer and Marins Goring.
Sunday, 10 A.M.—"David Copperfield", starring W. C. Fields, Freddie Bartholomew and Lionel Barrymore.

STRAND
"The Walls of Jericho", starring Cornell Wilde and Linda Darnell.

NEW EMPIRE
"Caged Fury", starring Richard Denning, Buster Crabbe and Mary Beth Hughes.

BANDRA
"Sitting Pretty", starring Robert Young, Maureen O'Hara and Clifton Webb.

PARADISE
"Relentless", starring Robert Young and Marguerite Chapman (from Friday to Monday); and "To the Ends of the Earth", starring Dick Powell and Signe Hasso (from Tuesday to Friday).

"RELENTLESS"

At Paradise

The technicolor film "Relentless" featuring Robert Young and Marguerite Chapman, will be screened at Paradise Talkies from Friday to Monday and the film "To the Ends of the Earth", featuring Dick Powell and Signe Hasso from Tuesday to Thursday.

Barbara Stanwyck and Burt Lancaster in "Sorry, Wrong Number."

Tories Canvas British Support To Dutch Aggression

INDONESIA NOT FIT FOR DEMOCRACY, SAYS LORD MILVERTON

LONDON, JAN. 19, (REUTER): BRITAIN'S POLICY TOWARDS INDONESIA WAS ASSAILED TONIGHT IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS BY LORD MILVERTON PRESIDENT OF THE ASSOCIATION OF BRITISH MALAYA AND A FORMER UNDER-SECRETARY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

His demand for a "stiffening of our policy" and his attack on the British Government's criticism of Dutch rule as too severe brought an immediate reply from another Far Eastern expert Lord Pethick Lawrence, who was Secretary for India and Burma three years ago. He quoted reports of two of Britain's "most distinguished diplomats" Lord Killearn and Lord Inverchapel, the latter of whom recently retired as Ambassador in Washington.

Both these diplomats were sent to Indonesia after the war, said Lord Pethick Lawrence, and the Cabinet's policy was based on the reports that they sent home.

FUNDAMENTALLY RIGHT

Lord Milverton gave warning of what is likely to happen if we do not stiffen our policy and face the actual facts in Indonesia".

"The action of the Dutch is fundamentally right—a view that is shared by every competent critic in this land", asserted.

The Dutch had based their policy on a steady development through native institutions. The Dutch had shown an increasingly higher idea of trusteeship as time went on.

Unreasonable coercion of the Javanese and other races would never have earned, and never did earn, their approval.

"I cannot understand criticism by the present (British) Government that Dutch rule is too severe."

"Is it a fact that strict control in the interests of the people only becomes a wicked thing when another nation does it? he asked.

"It is easy to see what a glittering prize of empire and exploitation rise before Soekarno and his followers if they can get rid of the Dutch at any cost to the welfare of the people.

NOT READY FOR DEMOCRACY

"The trouble is that democracy is being forced on people not ready for it and the Dutch problem is to bridge over the time needed to teach the Indonesians what democracy means".

If they looked at northern Korea, north and central China, Formosa Indo-China and Burma, they must reflect "if the Netherlands East Indies fell into the hands of the Communists, how long might Siam and Malaya resist these influences"?

"The decisions are happening while we stand by in palsied indecision", said Lord Milverton. "India and Australia are free to take their own course, and it might be that internal forces were helping to shape that course.

Amid laughter, Lord Milverton added "after all, if the rule today is to maintain open house I see no reason why our laundry and the Dutch laundry should be the only ones open to inspection"

"I say without hesitation or fear of contradiction of any qualified critic, apart from particular extremist elements, which are relatively few, that the native population as a whole welcomed the return of the Dutch" said Lord Milverton, amid cheers.

Had events turned out differently and the Dutch reoccupied Indonesia soon after the end of hostilities, Soekarno and his colleagues would have been captured and would have been treated for what they were.

Unquestionably the whole of the country would have quickly returned to peace and prosperity and the world would have had access to a large range of vital commodities which were still denied it.

It was highly desirable that the whole world should know the truth about this matter

Lord Milverton concluded: "There is a great paralysis of human indicision lying across our foreign and colonial field.

"It seems once more that the last laugh will not be in London, New York or New Delhi, but the Kremlin and it will be difficult for us to avoide a large share of the blame".

PETHICK LAWRENCE DISAGREES

Lord Pethick Lawrence, former secretary for India and Burma, replied to Lord Milverton.

Profoundly disagreeing with the attitude he had taken on Indonesia, he said "I believe it to be contrary to the facts and I believe it is not shared by men who have studied the matter in the greatest detail.

"When he says that no competent observers take a different view from him that is merely because he would say that anyone who disagrees with him is not a competetnt observer. When he says the foreign office took a negative attitude he ignores the fact that for a year after the war with Japan we had large forces in Indonesia

"They took an active part in pacifying the country. We sent out two of our policy was based These two men Killearn and Lord Inverchaple, who sent reports to the Cabinet on which our police was based These two men can scarcely be called incompetent observers

"When large number of our troops were killed in action in consequence of the attempt to pacify the country. I find myself completely at variance with the tale he told. I ask the House most earnestly not to take the statement he made as in any way representing the facts."

EXAGGERATED

Lord Vansittart, Permanent Under-Secretary of State before the war and chief diplomat adviser to the British Government during the war, said "criticism of the Dutch has been exaggerated wild and unstatesmanlike and it is an extremely funny way of trying to cement Western Union.

"We are engaged in a life and death struggle with communism Stalin has called it 'a contest of catch as catch can' and we shall be mad if we do not take him at his word

"The Dutch have taken action against an unreliable and incompetent body of men permeated by fellow travellers and headed by a brace of quislings

GREATEST PERIL

Speaking of the "landslide that has taken place in China", Lord Vansittart said: "Civilisation is going in a very short while to find itself confronted with one of the greatest perils it has ever faced in view of the addition of 500,000,000 man power to the Communist ranks.

"Yet the Dutch were arraigned in the United Nations. It seemed to me that the British, French and Belgians took a very cautious attitude. They seemed to me to sit on the fence.

"The Americans took a real header into forthright and utter condemnation.

"But the worst exhibition of the whole lot was that of the Australian representative. He flapped and cackled saying that what the Dutch had done in Indonesia was worse than Hitler had done in Holland.

"Really such irresponsible tripe does no credit either to the speaker or to the United Nations whoes credit is already sufficiently shaken."

Viscount Jowitt, the Lord Chancellor, replying to the debate, said he had nothing to apologise for in the policy which Mr. Bevin had carried out.

They could not separate or isolate economic problems from political problems.

"You cannot consider Indonesia unless you consider the general trend and movement of events in the whole of the Far East."

He had not a word to say against the Dutch colonial administration in Indonesia He believed it was exceedingly good But colonial administrations today, however, good they might be, would not do.

"You have got this upsurge of nationalism and you have got to provide for that feeling."

The Dutch realised that in the light of events throughout the world some change must come and he believed that the policy they were pursuing was the right one.

U.N. MEETING MAY BE POSTPONED

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 20 (Reuter).—The Security Council meeting on Indonesia called for this afternoon may again be postponed if the British delegates do not receive a reply in time from London to their request for further instructions.

Last night they referred to London the details of a draft resolution on Indonesia which the American delegation hoped to present to the Council today.

The new draft, it was understood, considerably toned down the original American version which would have given the United Nations a large measure of control over the Indonesian situation.

INDONESIA LEAGUE OF INDIA'S GRATITUDE

BOMBAY, Jan. 19 (API).—The Indonesia League of India here today expressed its gratitude to the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru for convening the All-Asian Conference to give support to the cause of Indonesian freedom and to condemn the Dutch action against the Republic of Indonesia. In a resolution the League said: "This meeting is confident that the Conference will devise all the necessary ways and means to give effective help to the Republic of Indonesia and thus help the United Nations to bring about freedom and peace in Indonesia.

"This meeting further assures the Asian Conference that the Indonesia League of India will do every thing possible to fully implement the decisions of the Conference."

U. K. High Commissioner In City

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Lt.-Gen. Sir Archibald Nye, High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India, arrived at Santa Cruz Airport at 5 p.m. today in his personal "De Havilland" "Dove" aircraft from Delhi.

He was met by Mr. G. V. Kitson, Deputy High Commissioner in Bombay, Mr. L. A. C. Fry, First Secretary, Mr. J. W. Stoodley, United Kingdom Trade Commissioner, and Mr. D. R. F. Brower and Mr. R. Mc. C. Samples of British Information Services.

Sir Archibald is here for a few days visit to meet members of the United Kingdom Community and to inspect United Kingdom interests in the City.

VARIETY SHOW IN AID OF REFUGEES

Premier's Appeal For Generous Help

The Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, who will preside at the Variety Entertainment to be staged at St. Xavier's College Hall on January 28 in aid of the displaced persons from Pakistan in a message says:

"It is only those who have seen the sufferings of the refugees from the NWFP, the Punjab and Sind know the depth of the misery in which they are living at present. The Central and Provincial Governments are doing all they can for their relief and rehabilitation. But these efforts require to be supplemented considerably and spontaneously by the general public. Social service organisations and such other agencies cannot work for a cause nobler than this. I have, therefore, every hope that all such agencies in Bombay will do all they can in aid of the refugees. There will be staged a variety show in aid of the refugees on Friday, January 28, at St. Xavier's College Hall, and I hope the generous hearted public of Bombay will muster in large numbers, and thus help in the relief of our sorrow-stricken brethren from across the border."

Bombay Warehouses Rules

The draft of the Bombay Warehouses Rules, 1949, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette (Part IV-B) of January 13, 1949. It will be aken into consideration by the Government on or after February 15, 1949. Any objections or suggestions which may be received by the Government of Bombay in the Revenue Department in respect of the draft by that date will be considered.

Valuation Committee Of State Transport

The Government of Bombay has constituted a Valuation Committee for fixing the valuation of motor vehicles and other equipment to be taken over from the existing operators for the State Transport. The personnel of the Committee is Mr. M. J. Patel, M.L.A. (Chairman), Mr. R. B. Ghorpade, M.L.A., Mr. N. S. ajrolkar, M.L.A., the Provincial Motor Transport Controller or a representative of the State Transport nominated by him, a representative of the operator or operators concerned (members), the Executive Engineer, Building Projects Division No. 1, Poona (Adviser) and the Regional Transport Officer of the region concerned (Secretary).

The Valuation Committee will have jurisdiction over all the Divisions of the State Transport, except Poona Division.

Primary Teachers As Inspecting Officers

The Government of Bombay has made rules regulating the appointment of primary teachers to the posts of Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector. These rules have been added after the existing rule 61-C in the Bombay Education Manual. Up to 35 per cent. of the posts of Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector will be filled from among the ranks of primary teachers, who will have rendered exceptionally good service as teachers The appointments will, however, be made with the previous approval of the Director of Public Instruction. The new rules prescribe that every District must have at least one Scheduled class inspecting officer. Failing to get a suitable Scheduled class person for the post, a member of the Backward classes should be appointed.

MAKING FALSE CURE-CLAIMS IS OFFENCE

Warning To Drug Manufacturers

It has been noticed by the Government of Bombay that some of the manufacturers make claims for their products, either on the labels of the containers or in the advertisements, and even purport or claim to cure diseases or ailments specified in Schedule J of the Drugs Rules, 1945.

Rule 106 of the Drugs Rules, 1945 lays down that no drug may purport or claim to cure diseases or ailments, viz., Blindness, Bright's diseases, Cancer, Cataract, Deafness, Delayed Menstruation, Diabetes, Epilepsy, Female Diseases (in general), Fevers (in general), Fits, Glaucoma, Goitre, Gonorrhoea, Heart Diseases, High Blood Pressure, Hydrocele, Infantile Paralysis, Leprosy, Leucoderma, Lockjaw, Locomotor, Ataxia, Lunacy, Lupus, Obesity, Paralysis, Plague, Rupture, Sexual impotence, Smallpox, Soft Chancre, Syphyllis, Tuberculosis, Tumors, Venereal Diseases (in general) specified in Schedule J of the Drugs Rules, 1945, or to procure or assist to procure the miscarriage of women.

Any person making such false claims, on the labels of the Containers of the Drug or by way of advertisements, for the diseases specified in Schedule J contravenes the provisions of Rule 106 of the Drugs Rules, 1945 and renders himself liable for prosecution under the Drugs Act, 1940.

EXTENSION OF AHMEDABAD DISTRICT

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Jan 20.—Districts of Gujarat will be reorganised and reconstructed soon when Mansa, Varsoda, Katoson Thana, Palaj and Bavisi Thanas will be merged in Ahmedabad, and Ahmedabad District will be extended.

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The *emulsified* cod-liver oil in Scott's Emulsion contains fats of high food-value in a super-digestible form, *plus* Vitamin A for growth and protection against illness, and in addition Vitamin D which enables the hypophosphites to supply essential calcium and phosphorus to build strong, healthy bones and teeth. Scott's is equally good for adults and invalids.

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Diagram shows how the Peps medicinal essences bring comfort and relief direct to every part of the breathing system.

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W. I. Tennis

NARESH KUMAR & NARAYAN RAO TO TRY CONCLUSIONS AGAIN

Umpire's Carelessness Helps Charanjiva & Vasant To Win

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Once again Naresh Kumar will meet Narayan Rao in the earlier rounds this season. They met in the All-India Hard Court Tournament in the Hindu Gymkhana, when the Madras player got the better of his younger opponent. Naresh Kumar will have an opportunity of reversing the verdict, when the two meet in the Western India quarter-finals tomorrow evening.

Narayan Rao easily disposed of F. Bekkevold in two straight sets, in the second of which he did not give away even one game.

Khory took Vishnu Mohan to three sets, and put up a very plucky fight. In another long-drawn out men's singles match, K. Watumull playing forceful tennis got the better of G. Ghouse in two sets, the score being 9-7, 8-6.

The All-India doubles champions Narayan Rao and Madhav Rao very nearly got a rude shock when Kapadia and Cooper put up a splendid fight against them in the first set, which they all but won. Each game till 5-5 all went with the service, until "Collie" Cooper lost his service game. That was the signal for their downfall. Cooper lost the game from 40-nil. Somehow the second set had a very different tale to tell. Kapadia and Cooper could not even claim a single game in the second.

UMPIRE'S CARELESSNESS HELPS CHARANJIVA AND VASANT TO WIN

It was indeed a pity that Vishnu Mohan inspite of his sterling display in the Men's Doubles match against Charanjiva and Vasant, had the misfortune of going down in partnership with G Narain.

True it was that Vishnu Mohan did not get much of a support from Narain, but it was not solely for this reason that they lost. The reason for their defeat lay largely with the umpire who was conducting the match. Charanjiva, whose service had almost everything to do with the result—as a matter of fact his and Vasant's game was very erratic—, was serving all foot-faults. Charanjiva was on almost every occasion either cutting the line or having both his feet off the ground at the time of serving. The umpire officiating, never declared even a single foot-fault during the match, thereby giving Charanjiva and Vasant a tremendous advantage, which alone enabled them to win the match. The scores being 6-4, 6-4 in the two sets, showing clearly how narrowly the verdict was gained. It is very probable the result may have been otherwise, had the faults not gone unchecked.

In an important match of a leading tournament like the Western India, it is rather surprising that such carelessness should be exhibited by an important official delegated to umpire the match.

The Bombay Gymkhana, whose management of this old tournament is well-known for its thoroughness, will do well to entrust the matches in capable hands, now that the Western India has entered in its last stages.

Miss Joan Ingran, the well-known ex-Wightman Cup player of Britain will be meeting Mrs. K. Singh, the National Champion in the semi-final of the Ladies Singles, while in the other semi-final Miss L. Woodoridge will try and lower the colours of Mrs. Leela Dayal, who has the rare distinction of winning the singles title of this particular tournament without a break for the last ten years.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

Naresh Kumar beat M. M. Shinde 6-3, 6-0; P. L. Narayan Rao beat F Bekkevold, 6-3, 6-0; K. Watumull beat G. Ghouse, 9-7, 8-6; K. B. Madon beat F. Alikhan, 6-3, 6-0; Afsar Hussain beat N. D. G. Rao, 6-4, 6-3; Vishnu Mohan beat G. M. Khory, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1; G. Vasant beat D. Madhav Rao, 6-3, 6-2; J. M. Kantawalla beat C. J. Cooper, 6-2, 6-3.

MEN'S DOUBLES

QUARTER-FINALS:—J. Charanjiva and G. Vasant beat Vishnu Mohan and G. Narayan, 6-4, 6-4; P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Madhav Rao beat K. H. Kapadia and C. J. Cooper, 7-5, 6-0; Naresh Kumar and K. B. Madon beat U. S. Bangera and M. M. Shinde 6-3, 6-2; J. M. Kantawalla and Afsar Hussain beat S. K. Bhardwaj and P. J. Roy, 6-4, 6-2.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

QUARTER-FINALS:—Mrs. K. Singh beat Mrs. S. R. Mody, 6-2, 6-3; Miss J. Ingram beat Miss V. Alexy, 6-3, 6-2; Miss L. Woodbridge beat Mrs. B. Stewart, 6-1, 6-0.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

QUARTER FINALS:—Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. R. Mody beat Mrs. S. Patwardhan and Miss V. Alexy, 6-2 6-3.

MIXED DOUBLES

QUARTER FINALS:—J. M. Kantawalla and Mrs. L. Dayal beat J. Jameson and Mrs. S. Jameson, 6-3, 6-0 Vishnu Mohan and Mrs. S. R. Mody walk over F. Bekkevold and Miss J. Ingram; Afsar Hussain and Miss L. Woodbridge walk over K. C. Mahindra and Miss M. Mehta; K. B. Madon and Miss V. Alexy beat F. Alikhan and Mrs. B. Stewart, 6-2, 6-1.

Matches For Friday

MORNING

COURT No. 2: 7-30 A.M. K. C. Mashruwalla Vs. K. H. Kapadia (Plate). No. 3: 7-30 A.M. A. R. V. Peermohamed Vs. J. V. Kamath (Plate), No. 4 7-30 A.M. R. N. Bhagwat Vs. C. M. Khory (Plate), No. 5 7-30 A.M. S. M. Sajjad Vs. R. Rodrigues (Plate).

EVENING

COURT No. 2: 3-30 P.M. Naresh Kumar Vs. P. L. Narayan Rao, 4-15 Mrs. K. Singh Vs. Miss J. Ingram, 4-45 P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Mahadev Rao Vs. Naresh Kumar and K. B. Madon.

COURT No. 3: 3-30 P.M. K. B. Madon Vs. Afsar Hussain, 4-15 Miss L. Woodbridge Vs. Mrs. L. Dayal, 4-45 J. M. Kantawalla and Afsar Hussein Vs. G. Vasant and J. Charanjiva.

COURT No. 4: 3-30 P.M. V. Mohan Vs. G. Vasant, 4-15 A. R. V. Peermahomed or J. V. Kamath Vs. A. M. Khory (Plate),

COURT No. 5: 3-30 P.M. K. Watumull Vs. J. M. Kantawalla, 4-15 R. Rodrigues or S. M. Sajjad Vs. B. P. Baliga (Plate).

SOCCER PLAYERS ON TRANSFER LIST

NEWCASTLE, Jan. 20 (Reuter): Newcastle United, most lavish spenders in the soccer transfer market since the war, announced today that they have placed eleven players on the transfer list. The names of the players, who fill every position except goal-keeper, will not be announced until tomorrow, but it is understood that no regular first team men are among those released.

The club also stated today that provisional plans are being made for Newcastle to tour Canada and the United States durng the next close season at the invitation of the Canadian Football Association. Offers to visit Mexico, Turkey and Denmark have been turned down.

Harris Shield Final

ANJUMAN WIN BY AN INNINGS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Anjuman-I-Islam High School won the Harris Shield Cricket Tournament for the fifth year in succession when they beat Podar High School by an innings and 11 runs. Podar who had collected 203 for 7 yesterday added 31 runs to their overnight total and failed to cover the innings defeat. Aderi and Althangdi their not out batsmen were facing a critical task and things were looking brighter when Aderi was betting confidently and had carried the score to 221 when Althangdi was caught by Farooque off A. S. Kader's bowling and then a one man game had to be faced. Aderi went all out and put up 41 before being out. The entire side were dismissed for 234, only 11 runs short of the runs required to save the innings defeat.

Anjuman-I-Islam who possessed, a poweful batting combination, had also a wicket taking bowling side which managed to play all the havoc needed especially on the Stadium wicket.

The credit for the bowling honours goes to Toffique Hussein who capturded 6 wickets for 104, he was ably assisted by A. S. Kadir who took 4 for 34.

The following were the scores:—

PODAR HIGH SCHOOL (1ST INNINGS) 94

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM (1ST INNINGS) 339

PODAR HIGH SCHOOL (2ND INNINGS).

Pandya b Toffique Hussein 18, Parekh b Toffique Hussein 44, Edekar S. P. lbw Toffique Hussein 9, Telecheri c and b A. S. Kadir 8, Edekar G. P. c A. I. Kadir b A. S. Kadir, 28, Metha N. J. b Toffique Hussein 19, Aderi b A. S. Kadir 41, Metha Natwar lbw Toffique Hussein 10, Althangdi c Farooque b A. S. Kadir 16, Desai B. M. b Toffique Hussein 4, Ratansey not out 2, Extras 35, Total 234.

Fall of Wickets:—1 for 76; 2 for 101; 3 for 102; 4 for 118; 5 for 149; 6 for 163; 7 for 185; 8 for 221; 9 for 228; 10 for 234.

Bowling Analysis:—M. Farooque 8/3/8/0; Ellam 4/1/9/0; Saiffuddin 5/1/7/0; A. S. Kadir 17/3/34/4; Toffique Hussein 32/4/104/6; Mukadam 12/0/32/0.

American Team In Difficulties

LACK OF FUNDS FOR THOMAS CUP TEAM

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 20 (Reuter): The United States badminton team is having difficulty in obtaining enough money to pay its expenses to Britain to compete in the Thomas Cup

The team won the American Zone championship by defeating Canada, and is scheduled to meet Malaya in an inter-zone tie at Glasgow on Feb 21 and 22. The winners of this tie will enter the zone final

The expenses for the team and coach would amount to about 8,000 dollars (about Rs 300,000). A movement has been started for a patron group to help in raising the money. The move, it is understood, had been delayed because the team did not think it would defeat the highly rancied Canadians last month.

The team is scheduled to fly to London from New York on Feb. 13.

WEST INDIES AT FULL STRENGTH

MADRAS, Jan. 20 (API): For the first time in several weeks all the seventeen West Indies cricketers are together again. Ken Rickards, Denis Atkinson and W. Ferguson arrived here from Calcutta this morning, thus completing the re-union.

All members of the team are now in good health.

Inter-Collegiate Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In the Inter-College Tournament Podar College gained an easy victory over M. M. Arts College by four goals to nil.

Podar College scored at regular intervals on three occasions through Figuerdo, and E. D'Souza twice in the first half.

On resumption of play Podar College slackened and M. M. Arts took advantage but were unable to make any appreciable gains but midway through this half, Todiwalla completed the tally.

TIMES' EASY VICTORY

Senior Division Hockey League

BOMBAY, Thursday.

TIMES S. C. ..3
B.B. & C. I. RLY 'A' 1

Times of India 'A' showed improved form and combined well when they beat B. B. & C. I. Rly. 'A' by three goals to one in this evening's Senior Division encounter on the Association ground B.B & C.I. are the bottom most team in the Lsague.

B.B. & C.I. Railway took an early lead when Saxby went through on his own and beat Brown in goal. Times should have equalized soon afterwards, but a fine shot by F. Correa went wide. Then B.B. & C.I. called the tune and lost two splendid chances of scoring, first, when A. Fernandes pushed the ball wide when favourably placed, and again fumbled with a good shot. Times gradually settled down and earned the equalizer when Tony Vaz collected a fine pass from outer L. Braganza, eluded two defenders and pushed the ball to the boards to beat a helpless custodian. Even exchanges followed and neither set of forwards were able to pierce their rival defence, the teams crossed over on level terms.

After the resumption mid-field play followed Times went into the lead when they were awarded a free hit on the top of the circle and F. Correa, who received the ball entered the circle and sent the ball past Gardner to notch Times second goal. Times had the better of the exchanges for the first quarter of the second half, L. Braganza picked up a pass from J. Vaz and sent in an accurate pass which F. Correa collected and shot, but it struck the upright and rebounded into play, but the goalie fell on the ball and prevented the Times forwards from scoring. F. Correa took the penalty bully with Gardner and Gardner got the better of Correa; the penalty bully was in vain. B.B. & C.I. Railway tried to neutralize the advantage and made two or three sporadic raids but they failed in the corcle. In the very last minute of play Tony Vaz strengthened his side's position by scoring with a close range shot Times won by three goals to one.

TIMES 'A':—A. Brown; Roberts, P. Fernandes; H. D'Souza, J. Rodricks, L. D'Souza; L. Braganza, J. Vaz, Tony Vaz, F. Correa, T. Elly.

B.B. & C.I. RLY 'A':—Gardner: Jadhaw, Ismail, Agre, Jogender, Samson; Mullens, Foster, Saxby, A. Fernandes, G. Fernandes.

Earlier in the evening Bombay City 'A' beat Lusitanians 'B' by the odd goal in seven in the First Division of the League. Ireland scored all the goals for City, while Silvera, Alcantrao and R. Bragaza scored for Lusis.

On the Parsi Cyclists ground Ruia draw with Soddarth & Young Rovers earned a walk over their rivals E.C. & R.I.S. who failed to turn up. Ruia College scored twice and Siddarth replied similarly.

SARAT BOSE REGRETS EXCLUSION OF RUSSIA

"Asian Conference Bound To Serve No Useful Purpose"

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Addressing the Progressive Group, this evening, on the subject "India, Britain and the Western Bloc", Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose urged the formation of an Eastern Bloc to be known as the United Nations of Asia, which would make itself powerful as a weapon "for counteracting the machinations of the western imperialists."

The present Asian Conference called by Pandit Nehru to discuss the question of Indonesia and the stand to be taken vis-a-vis Dutch aggression in that country, stated Mr. Bose, was bound to serve no useful purpose because of the deliberate exclusion of Russia from among the confreres. Russia was the first nation in the world to denounce Dutch aggression. Furthermore the inclusion of Russia, in the present conference, according to the speaker was vital since a move was in the offing by the Western Power to form an Eastern Bloc which would align itself with the West against Russia in the event of a conflict in the near or distant future.

FOUR COURSES OF ACTION

After reviewing the international situation at length Mr. Bose expressed the view that at the present juncture there were four courses of action open to India if she was to play an effective role in the Eastern hemisphere. The first step was the renunciation of all ties with the Commonwealth; secondly, the formation of an Asian Bloc with a common foreign policy which would make its voice heard of U. N. O.; thirdly, the immediate recognation of whatever party came into power in China and lastly, the rendering of whatever help was possible to smaller Asiatic countries who were striving to shake off the shackles of slavery.

Mr. Bose concluded with the remark that the calling of conference was of no avail to countries like Indonesia and Indo-China. What was needed was not moral support but concrete material help.

B.P.C.C. MOURNS BRELVI'S DEATH

"Seasoned Congressman & Great Patriot"

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at its meeting this evening passed a resolution deeply mourning the sad, sudden and premature death of Syed Abdulla Brelvi, exmember of the B.P.C.C., a seasoned Congressman and great patriot and the Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle".

"Throughout his public life," said the resolution, "Mr. Brelvi served his country with zeal and devotion. He was absolutely free from communalism. He had a constructive mind, a sweet temperament and was gifted with charming manners and amiable disposition. All his life he strove against odds for Hindu-Muslim Unity."

The resolution added: "In addition to being for about 10 years a Member of the B.P.C.C., he was for some years a Member of the All India Congress Committee and also of the Working Committee. He participated in Mahatmaji's political movements and suffered imprisonment more than once. As President of the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference, he was able to raise the general tatus of journalists of this country. In his death Indian Journalism has lost one of its main pillars and the country a good public worker and a noble son. The B.P.C.C. offer their sincere condolences and convey their heartfelt sympathies to the members of the bereaved family."

DR. R. K. SHIRODKAR

The Committee passed another resolution expressing their deep sense of sorrow at the sad and premature death of Dr. R. K. Shirodkar, a prominent Congressman, an educationist of great merit and a Congress M.L.A. "By his death," the resolution said, "the Congress has lost a good, unostentious worker and colleague with high intellectual training."

The Committee conveyed their heartfelt sympathy and condolence to his bereaved family.

Both the resolutions were moved by the President of the B.P.C.C., Mr. S. K. Patil, and passed by the Committee all the members standing for two minutes in silence.

Condolence Meeting At Dongri

A condolence meeting of the Citizens of Bombay will be held on Monday the 24th January at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Kesar Baug, Dongri, to pay our homage to the late Shri S. A. Brelvi, Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" and a prominent public worker of Bombay. Shri S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. has consented to preside and following persons will address: (1) Hon'ble Shri Vaikunth L. Mehta, Finance Minister of Bombay, (2) His Worship the Mayor of Bombay, (3) The Sheriff of Bombay, (4) Mr. Haji Hasanally P. Ibrahim, (5) Mr. Mohomed Taher, (6) Gayani Man Singh and (7) Mr. Hakim Hyder Beg.

Bengal Press Committee Mourn Death

CALCUTTA, Jan. 19, (A. P. I.): The Bengal Press Advisory Committee has adopted a resolution mourning the deaths of Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi and Mr. G. A. Natesan.

Shop-Assistants' Tribute

A general body meeting of the Bombay Shop-Assistants' Federation was held on 15th inst. under the presidentship of Comrade Jagmohan Shah. The following resolution was passed unanimously— This meeting of the Bombay Shop-Assistants' Federation deeply mourns the death of Mr. S. A. Brelvi who was always one of the most valiant fighters for the cause of the oppressed and particularly for the journalists who are always fighting for their existence. This Federation would cherish the memory of Mr. Brelvi for the service that he rendered to the gumastas of Bombay and the able way he had conducted the 2nd conference of the Federation

This Federation while paying its respect to the hallowed memory of Mr. Brelvi conveys its heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family.

Horniman College's Tribute To Brelvi

"In the whole field of Indian journalism it will be well-nigh impossible to find another sincere and sturdy supporter of the underdog as late Mr. Abdullah Brelvi" said Prof. Karnataki presiding at the condolence meeting held recently at the Horniman College of Journalism, Khalsa College, Matunga. "There was something invincible about his gentle smile that conquered even the toughest. He made even a stranger feel at home with him and open out his heart and confide to him. He was always calm, gentle and unruffled and gave a patient hearing to his visitors, who were legion, and from all walks of life. As one who devoted his lifetime for unity and understanding among conflicting interests and one who enjoyed the trust and confidence of rival communities, Syed Brelvi had few rivals", added Prof Karnataki.

"The contribution which Mr. Brelvi has made to the cause of journalism and a free press has been rarely equalled in recent times by any", said Prof. P. G. Rao, the Director of Horniman College of Journalism.

Artists Condole Brelvi's Death

A condolence resolution on the death of Mr. S. A. Brelvi was passed by the Bombay Regional Committee of the Indian Institute of Art in Industry at their meeting hold on the 14th instant.

Socialist Republican Ideal For India

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose asserted here today that India had made little impression in the international field and her voice would be heard and felt only if she refused to toe the line with Britain and the United States.

Mr. Bose, who was speaking at a reception held at the Taj Mahal Hotel by a group of friends to welcome him on his return from a tour of Europe, said: "It has been made out that India has made a great impression in the counsels of the world. That is all mere propaganda. I say with regret that India's voice is not felt or heard in the international councils. It will be heard only if India refuses to align herself with either of the two "blocs" and pursues an independent policy."

Opposing the idea of India remaining in the British Commonwealth, Mr. Bose said "the nations of the world will recognise our force only if we become an independent Socialist Republic."

Mr. Bose said that in the event of a third world war, India should remain neutral. Incidentally, he remarked that during his tour of Europe he observed it was not Rusia but Britain and America who were war-mongering.

The reception was organised by Mr. D. V. Chopra.

Radio Talk On 'India's First Commander-in-Chief'

BARODA, Jan. 20, (A. P. I.): The All-India Radio, Baroda, will broadcast a talk entitled "the first Indian Commander-in-Chief" in Gujarati by Major U. S. Amin on January 21, 1949, at 7-45 p.m. The talk can be heard on 250 metres, says a press note issued by All-India Radio Baroda, today.

Recorded excerpts of the public speech at Baroda by the Hon. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India will be broadcast on Jan. 22, 1949, at 7-45 p.m. An eye-witness account of the 17th session of the Gujarati Sahitya Parishad held recently at Junagadh will also be given at 8-45 p.m. on the same date on 250 metres.

FRIENDS OF BURMA SOCIETY: Meeting to condole the sad demise of its Founder President Mr. S. A. Brelvi at 6 p.m. today at the Taj.

Malakeh And Simon's Sister Record Excellent Track-Trials

By Our Track Reporter

The following are the track-trials noted at Mahaluxmi:—

Outer Tan

SHAH FREDOON (Medhe) moved infront of CHHOTI BEGUM (R.B.) when covering five furlongs in 1 minute 7 seconds.

★

CHIN UP (Chavan) had the measure of GEORGIE (R.B.) when sent over six. Timing 1 minute 20 1/2 seconds.

★

ROYAL JESTER (Robert) put an excellent nine furlongs gallop in 2 minute 3 1/2 seconds.

★

DAMYANTI (Deshmukh) disposed of SINHGARH (Kasbekar) when covering seven furlongs in 1 minute 38 1/2 seconds. Both moved at fair pace.

★

FITNA (Evans) was sent at 3/4 pace and covered the last eight furlongs in 1 minute 53 seconds.

★

MADURI (Purtu) spared four lengths from KUNIGAL STAR at the end of a trial over nine furlongs. They clocked 2 minutes 5 1/2 seconds.

★

MARATHA MANDIR (Kasbekar) was not driven all out when doing six furlongs in 1 minute 22 seconds.

★

HERE AGAIN (Shaikh) showed out from SAME AGAIN (R.B.) when covering the last four furlongs in 51 seconds.

★

TASLAROON (Damodar) had the easy measure of ARIEL MAIL (R.B.). He did the last eight in 1 minute 52 1/2 seconds and had much to spare.

★

AMAN (Khade) impressed when covering the last nine in 2 minutes 4 1/2 seconds NEAR IMAGE (Guman) joined him own the way and they did the last five in 1 minute 5 1/2 seconds.

★

D. DAY (J Bhosle) covered ten furlongs in 2 minutes 25 seconds.

★

PAN SUPARI (Md. Khan) and PAY MASTER (Mull Singh) covered nine furlongs in 2 minutes 10 seconds when sent at 3/4 pace

★

FIND OUT (Khade) travelled over six furlongs. Well in the hands of his rider, he did the sprint in 1 minute 21 seconds.

★

GAMBLE FOR LOVE (Kheem) was engaged in a noteworthy five furlongs when she simply outstrode TAMASHA (Antoo). Timing 1 minute 4 1/2 seconds.

★

SNEHPRABHA (Kasbekar) was too good for JAIWANT (Deshmukh) when doing the last six in 1 minute 20 seconds.

★

Race Grass

QUEEN ELIZABETH (Khade) moved on tight-reins and she comfortably held BAHRAM KHAN (Guman) when covering five furlongs in 1 minute 7 seconds.

★

MALAKEH (Roberts) gave speedy account when trouncing PARTHIAN (Evans) at the close of a seven furlongs trial. The first-named tubedmare who is quite fit now, clocked 1 minute 32 seconds.

★

BOOP'S FANCY (Damodar) and GIPSY GEM (Roberts) were concerned in a gallop over nine furlongs. The first-named was well infront at the post and negotiated the journey in 2 minutes 2 seconds.

★

RAO SAHEB (Kasbekar) covered ten furlongs in 2 minutes 23 1/2 seconds.

★

JEANNE D'ARC (Rickaby) moved smoothly over nine furlongs and recorded 2 minutes 2 seconds. Whoever beats her will win the main event on Saturday

★

BLUE ARROW (Rosario) was too good for HAPPY QUEEN (N. Singh) when covering five furlongs in 1 minute 7 1/2 seconds.

★

FERIAL (Rickaby) and RANG RAO (R.B.) were sent round the course. The first-named was not unduly extended and had the measure of her companion. The journey was covered in 2 minutes 20 seconds Ferial should run well on Saturday.

This Morning Spurts On Tantrack

ROYAL JESTER (Deshmukh) strode in excellent style when covering three furlongs in 35 1/5 seconds.

★

MARATHA MANDIR (Kasbekar) had the measure of SNEHPRABHA (Deshmukh) when covering three furlongs in 55 1/2 seconds.

★

SINHGARH (Kasbekar) disposed of LALKAR (Deshmukh) when sent over three They clocked 37 1/5 seconds.

★

FULL POPPY (Cunningham) moved on tight-reins when covering three furlongs in 37 1/2 seconds.

★

LITTLE JOHN (R. Bhosle) negotiated three furlongs in 36 1/2 seconds. He was in hand.

★

MORNING (Gangaram) and KICKSHAW (Dar) were in close order at the end of a spurt over three furlongs. Timing 36 1/2 seconds.

★

SHAH OF IRAN (Guman) was a shade better than MON AMI (J. Bhosle) when covering three furlongs in 36 3/5 seconds.

★

WHO KNOWS (Ganesh) was speedier than MARVEL (R.B.) when covering three furlongs in 37 1/2 seconds.

★

JANE JIGAR (Kheem) held SUNBATHING (Antoo) and TOMCAT (R.B.) when sent over three. The first-named moved well in hand and clocked 37 seconds.

★

CHIN UP (Chavan) did an excellent three furlongs display in 35 1/5 seconds.

★

NAVVARA (Evans) and RANA PRATAP (P Khade) were engaged in a noteworthy three furlongs. The trip was made in 36 seconds.

★

SIMON'S SISTER (P. Khade) had the measure of PROSPERO (—) when covering four furlongs from 9 to 5 in 52 1/2 seconds. A fit pair.

★

CHURCHILL (Aurobinda) clocked 35 3/5 seconds when covering three furlongs.

★

MOULIN ROUGE (—) moved at easy pace when covering three furlongs in 38 seconds.

★

ICY HOT (Kadar) and HAPPY RETURNS (A. Ahmed) covered three furlongs from 8 to 5 in 38 1/2 seconds.

ACCEPTANCES

The following are the acceptances of Bombay Winter Meeting, 12th Day, to be run on Saturday, 22nd January, 1949.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. Division III—Distance 1 mile.

Crown of Kolhapur 9-0; Lalkar 8-8; Shah of Iran 8-6; Jahan Zaib 8-6; Who Knows 8-2; Marvel 8-2; Abdel 8-2; Indian Heiress 7-13; Sarojini 7-12; Big Hit 7-10; Mon Ami 7-9; A.C.C. 7-9.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE. Division II—Distance 5 furlongs.

Topflight 8-7; Whirlpool 8-7; Viveca 8-7; Flying Miss 8-7; Raj Luxmi 8-7; Kantaka 8-7; Mah Khurshid 8-7; Smiles and Tears 8-7; Desert Law 8-7; Tamanna 8-7; Grace Darling 8-7; Night Queen 8-7; Honey Bunch 8-7; Happy Queen 8-7.

THE BILKHA PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs

Maratha Mandir 9-3; Churchill 9-0; Adeline 8-12; Tomcat 8-8; Malakeh 8-8; Find Out 8-6; Dev Doot 8-4; Truman 8-3; Pride d'Antibes 8-2; Parthian 8-2; Duke of Ramgarh 7-12; Chin Up 7-12; M. & B. 7-12; Khundil 7-11; Paramount Powe: 7-11; Shubh Luxmi 7-10; Same Again 7-9; Artistic 7-8.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE. Division I—Distance 5 furlongs.

Queen Elizabeth 9-3; Gamble for Love 9-3; Rukhsana 9-3; Tamasha 9-3; Flying Princess 9-3; Lily 8-7; Gwen 8-7; Chrissie Darling 8-7; Odds Again 8-7; Lady Doctor 8-7; Chhoti Begum 8-7; Georgette 8-7; Maha Maya 8-7.

THE WAVELL PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Parting Summer 9-2; Crystal 8-12; Fair Haven 8-9; Rim Jhim 8-7; Sunbathing 8-3; Illicit 8-1; Snehprabha 8-1; Fie 7-11; Simon's Sister 7-10; Raj Doot 7-10; Near Image 7-10; Je Reviens 7-8.

THE BERAR CUP.—Distance about 1 1/2 miles.

Rana Pratap 9-3; Nirvana 9-0; Filmindia 8-13; Moulin Rouge 8-6; Prospero 8-3; Super Charge 8-2; Cockpit Pride 8-2; Ariel Mail 8-1; Pan Supari 7-12; Taslaroon 7-12; D. Day 7-11; Show On 7-9; Happy Returns 7-8; Ayaaz 7-6; Mardan 7-5; Bronzewing 7-5; Fashion Parade 7-3.

THE EVE CHAMPION CUP.—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Royal Jester 9-4; Shan-E-Hind 9-0; Jawahir 9-1; Ferial 9-1; Jeanne D'Arc 8-11; Jonathan 8-11; Kirti 8-8; Serenade 8-8; Jane Jigar 8-7; Boop's Fancy 8-7; Kunigal Star 8-7; Chery Brandy 8-7; Navvara 8-4; Aman 7-8.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. Division I—Distance 1 mile.

Gay Sire 9-3; Poppet 8-12; Full Poppy 8-9; Makfar 8-9; King's Star 8-6; Desert Hawk 8-5; Chetna 8-4; Sinhgarh 8-3; Shivneri 8-3; Ganga Singh 8-1; On and On 8-0; Duchess of Ramgarh 7-11; Esmail Pasha 7-9.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. Division II—Distance 1 mile.

Little John 9-4; Morning 8-11; Chandrakor 8-11; Dark Roy 8-9; Man Mandir 8-5; Kaumari 8-5; Hind Vijay 8-4; Reuter 8-1; Bella 8-0; Icy Hot 7-12; Puri Pakodi 7-12; Adorable 7-8; Amar Hind 7-6.

"REDS" MARCHING TOWARDS NANKING

"Big Four's" No China For Mediation

NANKING, Jan. 20, (Reuter): Chinese Communist troops were today reported moving in force towards Nanking, the Government capital, where President Chiang Kai-Shek's supreme policy-making body unanimously ratified the Sun Fo Cabinet's decision to seek peace.

The Generalissimo himself stayed away from the meeting at which the policy makers—the Kuomintang Central Political Council—authorised the Cabinet to complete technical details of peace negotiations.

The Communist reply to peace-appeal was still awaited.

Communist troops, fresh from their victory at Hsuchow, 200 miles north of Nanking, had, meanwhile, covered half the distance to the capital and were reported crossing the Hwai river in force.

Two Shanghai evening newspapers—the "China Times" and "Front Daily"—today reported that Generalissimo would shortly step down in favour of Vice-President Li Tsung Jen and retire to Formosa for "a life of seclusion".

In Peiping, North China, a Communist four-point peace proposal for the city was reported under discussion. It had been taken there by one of the eleven delegates who left the city a few days ago to seek Communist agreement for a cease-fire.

An official Chinese announcement today said all Big Four powers had declined China's request for mediation to end the civil war.

Representatives of India, Burma, Egypt, Afghanistan, Siam and the Philippines were reported today to have decided to remain in Nanking with the representatives of the United States, the British Commonwealth and the West European countries.

KUOMINTANG BLESSES SUN FO'S MOVE

NANKING, Jan. 20 (Reuter).—The Kuomintang Central Political Council—supreme policy-making body of the Nationalist Government—today unanimously ratified the decision of Dr Sun Fo's Cabinet to appeal to the Communist for a cease fire and for peace negotiations to start.

The Council authorised the Cabinet to complete the technical details of the peace negotiations.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek did not attend today's meeting of the Council.

ALLAHABAD STUDENTS' HARTAL

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 20 (UPI): The students of Allahabad observed hartal today as a protest against the recent lathi charge made by police on Calcutta students.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Association Grounds

3 p.m. G.S.M. vs. Sydenham (Inter-Collegiate).

4 p.m. V.J.T.I. vs. Mazagaon Docks (Divasion II.)

5 p.m. B.E.S.T. vs. Catholic Gymkhana (Division I.)

Parsi Cyclists Ground

4 p.m. Goan S.C. "B" vs. B.S.N.

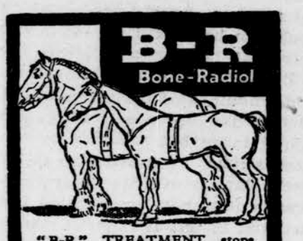
5 p.m. Willingdon C.Y. vs. R.I.A.F.

TENNIS

Bombay Gymkhana

7-30 a.m. First Round of W. I. Plate.

3-30 p.m. Quarter-Finals of Men's Singles, Semi-Finals of Women's Singles and Men's Doubles and Second Round of W. I. Plate.



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The Bombay Chronicle

All the animals hath man already robbed of their virtues; that is why of all animals it hath been hardest for man. Only the birds are still beyond him. And if man should yet learn to fly, alas! to what height—would his rapacity fly?

—FRIEDRICH NIETZSCHE

THE SPIRIT OF ASIA

Inaugurating the Conference of Asian Countries at New Delhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru impressed on the assembled delegates of about nineteen countries the need for urgency in evolving proposals for bringing immediate peace to Indonesia and early freedom for the Indonesian people. Both Freedom and Peace, he declared, are indivisible, and the Conference had come together not to supplant the United Nations but to supplement it. It was the immediate task of the Conference to present proposals to the Security Council which, if accepted by both parties to the dispute, would solve the Indonesian problem and to suggest the line of action which the Council should pursue if either of the parties rejected the plan. If this was the immediate work, the Conference was also charged with the duty of evolving the machinery and procedure by which the Governments now in Conference could consult together and take concerted action in furtherance of the Conference purpose. Whilst Pandit Jawaharlal was very definite regarding the regional relation of the Conference to the United Nations organisation, he was most emphatic that "there can be, and will be, no surrender to aggression and no acceptance or reimposition of colonial control." And he pointed out significantly that if the Dutch aggression was a challenge to "a newly awakened Asia which had so long suffered under various forms of colonialism", it was equally a challenge to "the spirit of man and to all the progressive forces of a divided and distracted world". Thus, whilst there is no reason for Western supporters of the United Nations to be distressed or disquieted at the Conference in Delhi, the Imperial Powers might well take warning that colonialism will not be suffered any longer in Asia.

What the Asian Conference stands for in Indonesia was made clear by Pandit Jawaharlal. It is the restoration of the conditions that existed before the Dutch aggression of December 18, 1948, so that the Indonesian Republic could function as a free Government, unhindered by military or economic pressure. Tracing the recent history of the Republic, Pandit Jawaharlal stressed the responsibility of the Allied Nations which had freed it of the Japanese invaders and handed it back to the Dutch. The disregard by the Dutch of the United Nations and the Netherlands attempt to win back the empire by evasions presented a menace to world peace which could not be slurred over. It was this that had brought about the calling of the Asian Conference, and Pandit Jawaharlal indicated that it had been a decision not lightly taken but preceded by the most serious consideration. In recent days, both British and American writers have appreciated the fact that Pandit Jawaharlal stands for co-operation between East and West, but co-operation in which all can contribute in perfect equality. Touching on racialism, Pandit Jawaharlal denied that there was any racial feeling in the Asian mind which had itself suffered so much from the racial prejudice of others. Statesman with a world outlook that he is, the Indian Prime Minister realises that the first requisite for the achieving of a united world is the freeing of Europe from the greed of territorial acquisition and the desire for domination over other peoples with which some of its leading nations have been infected.

The Asian Conference, in effect, is the Twentieth Century answer to the Nineteenth's conception of a world that was "democratic" in the West and imperialistic in Asia and Africa. Abraham Lincoln told his people that no nation could be half-slave and half-free. Countries which by repetition reduced this profound truth into a platitude, saw no inconsistency in owning colonies abroad and building their prosperity on the sweated labour of Asians and Africans. The result was two World Wars of devastating force. The Second World War exposed the clay feet of the Imperial Colossus. But even the lesson of the Japanese exploitation of methods familiarised by European Empires was lost on the ruling classes of the Dutch and others. The Japanese raised the slogan of "Asia for the Asiatics" for their own ends and failed to stabilise their phenomenal march through South-East Asia. Their initial success itself was due to the sub-human levels at which the populations of the colonies were kept, the arrested state of industrial development at which whole countries were held by their imperial overlords. It was a favourite thesis with Dr. Sun Yat-Sen that economic exploitation was even more deplorable than political domination since the former rarely revealed itself openly; again and again, he warned his Chinese countrymen that as a people dominated by several nations, they were worse off than the colonies which owned but one master which was under the obligation to protect them; and, taking an analogy from chemistry, he called China a "hypo-colony", something lower in the series than single colonies. The Second World War would have disillusioned the Chinese statesman for the imperial powers were unable to protect their "colonies" whilst the "hypo-colony" was able to win for itself a place among the Big Powers of the world. The Asian Conference is a promise that both political domination and economic exploitation will no more be tolerated and that the forces of Asian Nationalism will unite to throw off all aggression.

"We meet today," said Pandit Jawaharlal, "because the freedom of a sister country of ours has been imperilled". The readiness with which the Asian countries and Australia have responded to the call establishes the feelings that have been roused among these nations, the growing sense of identity of interests over an area which, as Pandit Jawaharlal remarked, stretches from Australia, New Zealand and the Philippines, on the one side, to Egypt and Ethiopia, on the other, covering half the globe and consisting of the greater part of the world's population. It is a force which has been awakened overnight as it were by the Dutch aggression and the flouting of the Security Council by the aggressors. It is a force that has obviously to be reckoned with. It is a force which, whilst "supplementing" the United Nations, bids fair to transform that organisation into an effective body for maintaining peace and extending freedom. Obviously it is difficult to chart the course of such a Conference. India has given the nations a chance to assert their will and to contribute their share not only to the liberation of Indonesia but also to the building up of a strong and effective force against aggression. It is for the Conference itself to devise the necessary machinery and procedure. How it sets about this task is a matter on which the future of oppressed nations depends.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.

James Managan filed a claim on Tuesday in the Recorder's Office to ownership of "all space in all directions", and the Recorder said that Managan would be given a deed.

Managan said that he did not claim any stars or planets, he merely wanted possession of all celestial space.

—U.P.A.

* * *

As a result of the High Court's criticisms, the Government of Bombay is stated to be considering the question of winding up the House Requisitioning departments.

Profound gratification and relief is expected to be registered by the ghosts in possession of empty Malabar Palaces.

* * *

Mr. Benawa, Director-General of the Pushto Academy of Kabul and Editor of the "Kabul" Magazine, has declared at New Delhi that the people of Afghanistan hold very strongly that the people of the North-West Frontier Province should be allowed to determine their own future.

Even though he spoke in his "personal capacity" Mr. Benawa would have done better if he hadn't spoken the truth at all. Or isn't he visiting Pakistan?

* * *

In an interview released at Delhi, the Australian Foreign Minister, Dr. Evatt, strongly condemns the recent "police action" by the Dutch in Indonesia.

But not, of course, the aiders, abetters and defenders thereof?

* * *

Paris, January 19: British, United States and Netherlands delegates walked out of this morning's meeting of the Executive Bureau of the World Federation of Trade Unions.

This gesture of solidarity by the Dutch should not go unnoticed by the other two.

* * *

In the opinion of Mr. M. C. Setalvad, one of the Indian delegates to the last U. N. Session, M. Andrei Vyshinsky the Russian representative, was a master of oratory and verbal pyrotechnics.

Naturally, naturally.

* * *

The question of Palestine came up for discussion in the British House of Commons the other day.

Members didn't talk much. But what we respectfully venture to do is to draw the attention of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and his friends to the deep interest shown by Mr. Churchill in the problem —and its solution.

* * *

An eye specialist is reported to have explained several simple methods by which one could improve defective vision and discard glasses.

Opticians, who have been interviewed, cannot see any reason in the suggestion.

* * *

The specialist is further of the opinion that the process of blinking but not of winking gives relaxation to the eye.

We disagree. In fact, the position is quite the reverse provided the vis-a-vis—yes, quite.

Madras News Letter

CONGRESS LEGISLATORS TO SEEK PATTABHI'S ADVICE

Anomalous Changes Expected Sequel To Revenue Minister's Resignation

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS (By Air Mail): Madras politics may witness some interesting developments in the near future as a consequence of the resignation of Mr. Kala Venkatarao, the Revenue Minister, to take up the Secretaryship of the Congress. It is not yet known if the vacancy is going to be filled up immediately; it is very likely that Mr Venkatarao will continue in office till the end of the month or a little later to pilot the legislative bills that stand in his name, through the Madras Legislature, whose budget session will commence on January 18.

After that it is possible that the portfolio of Revenue will be transferred to some other Minister and will be continued in his charge until the annual election of the Leader of the Congress Legislature Party, which will come off towards the end of March. If the present Premier, Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar, is re-elected as leader and continues as Premier, he will make a permanent arrangement for the Revenue Portfolio or in the event of his defeat, the new leader will deal with the subject. The question is expected to be discussed in all its bearings with the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, who is coming here this week-end and is staying here for some days. If his advice is that the vacancy should be filled up immediately, it will be done.

It seems, however, clear that the question is linked up with the future developments in the Madras Congress Legislature Party to which increasing attention is being diverted as the time for the annual election approaches. Mr. Prakasam, who contested the Leadership of the party last year, is not likely to do so this year, in which case the contest will be between Dr P Subbaroyan and Mr Reddiar or some one else. It is reported that the present Finance Minister, Mr. Gopala Reddy is also an aspirant for the leadership.

IMPROVEMENT OF VILLAGE PANCHAYATS

The Madras Government's scheme for setting up panchayats in all the villages in the province, which will be entrusted with larger functions and powers and which will also be given more money to carry on their work was referred to by Mr. A. B. Shetty, Minister for Public Health in the Madras Government, at the Provincial Panchayat Board Sanitary Inspectors' Conference.

The number of villages in Madras Province is 35,430 but panchayats exist only in 7200 of them, of which 374 are major panchayats having an income exceeding Rs 3,000 and all others are minor panchayats with less than Rs 3,000 income. For more than 7,000 panchayats the number of sanitary inspectors employed is only about 120. Most of the panchayats are so backward financially that they cannot afford to employ any sanitary staff with the result that the people secure very little sanitary facilities.

The Minister painted a gloomy picture of village conditions, whose people have no dwellings, were supply is scarce, conservency and sanitary services are almost absent and the health services are extremely inadequate.

TEACHING OF HINDUSTANI

If the Madras Government's proposal at present under examination is put into effect, Hindustani teaching in schools will be carried on in Roman script or in the script of the regional languages concerned. They are examining the question as to how Hindustani teaching, to which considerable opposition is being voiced, can be made popular in South India.

It has been found that in the Army, Hindustani teaching has been facilitated by the use of the Roman script and the question being examined is whether a similar experiment could not be successfully tried in the regular schools.

It is learnt that the Madras Government have referred their proposal to the Government of India for opinion. The fact that the decision of the Central Advisory Board of Education held in Calcutta recently is in favour of the experiment, is another factor which should strengthen the hands of the Government in going ahead with the scheme. If it is finally decided to try the experiment, it will be introduced at the Fourth Form stage.

LATE MR. G. A. NATESAN

Madras lost a prominent citizen and talented journalist, in the death of Mr G. A. Natesan, Editor of the "Indian Review". Mr. Natesan was a politician-cum-journalist and had a successful career in both directions. He struck a new line in the publishing trade by publishing a number of booklets on the lives of distinguished Indians and other useful works, which had a wide popular appeal.

Mr. Natesan was an intimate friend of Gandhiji owing to his connection with the Indian Overseas Associations, particularly during the days when Gandhiji was engaged in his work in South Africa, and the friendship continued uninterrupted until the former's death.

He was not only a journalist but something more than that. He was an active participant in the public life and politics of the country, and was a member of the Council of State for a number of years, a member of the Tariff Board for a term and the Secretary of the Liberal Party. High tributes have been paid to his memory by many prominent citizens of Madras and his funeral was very largely attended.

MADRAS CORPORATION

The Government of Madras are seriously considering the question of increasing the term of the Mayor of the Madras Corporation from one to three years, and from authoritative sources, it is learnt that they have finalised a proposal in that connection.

The reason for the change is that the period of one year is considered too short a period for any Mayor to achieve anything of outstanding importance for the good of the city. On the other hand, it has been stated that the Mayor has no real executive functions as such and that he is only the ceremonial head of the corporation while the entire executive responsibility rests on the Commissioner.

The proposal to extend the term of the Mayoral office, synchronises with the revelation that the City's finances are in a bad way and that its budgetary deficit has become a chronic feature. The income of the Corporation has grown from Rs. 80 lakhs in 1943-44 to Rs 160 lakhs in the current year, but expenditure has more than trebled during the same period. The need for additional taxation is clear and it is likely that to meet the deficit, the Corporation will have to levy new taxes like octroi and terminal taxes, taxes on Central Government's property, timber etc.

The Government of Madras have been approached more than once with requests for grants and loans to enable the Corporation to carry out much needed schemes for expansion of water supply facilities and other capital works, but the Government have not so far responded to those requests and had in fact turned them down in most cases.

MR. BRELVI'S DEATH

The news about the sudden death of Mr. Brelvi, Editor of the 'Bombay Chronicle', was received with profound sorrow in journalistic circles in Madras. It is generally recognised that his death creates a void in the field of Indian Journalism which is difficult to fill.

His steadfast championship of the rights of the press and his work for the improvement of the conditions of working journalists and his sweet temper are recalled in statements issued by prominent Madras journalists.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Co-operative Societies?

Sir,—Since Government declared their policy of giving Distribution of cloth and food grain to co-operative societies, many cloth and food grain merchants, thus ousted from business, have formed consumers' societies and have secured posts of vantage in such societies. Immediately the society is registered, application claiming a fair price shop is made to the authorities and, if it is not granted, the Officer is styled as partial and false and frivolous allegations are made against him in the press. Can we believe that these merchant-dominated societies are really formed for the public good.—Yours, etc.

S. E. AIMAN.

Petrol Supply In Poona

Sir,—For the last three weeks or so all petrol pumps are sealed under the order of the Collector and the public cannot get any petrol which is causing much hardship and sending up prices of things all round. Only doctors and Government servants are given two gallons at a time after they have their coupons revalidated. No other coupons are revalidated. The newspapers informed us that there was an abundance of petrol in Bombay and extra 8 gallons would be allowed during the quarter to the public in the rest of the province, but as the pumps are sealed and no one knows when they would be opened, some say not till the end of the month, these extra quantity will be of no use, nay the quantity allowed could hardly be used up if the pumps remain closed till the end of the month. So far the Government have given no intimation that the pumps would be sealed and for how long and many have not been able to use the extra coupons allowed during the last quarter as they were issued towards the end and the pumps were sealed immediately for three days. It seems petrol can be transported as far as Lonavla and not beyond.—Yours, etc.

FAIR PLAY.

ULSTER PARLIAMENT TO BE DISSOLVED

General Elections To Be Held On February 10

BELFAST, Jan 20 (Reuter): Sir Basil Brooke, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, announced today that the Ulster Parliament will be dissolved tomorrow. A general election will be held on February 10.

The general election is regarded here as Northern Ireland's answer to the declaration of a Republic in Eire, which has severed her last link with the British crown.

NEW GREEK CABINET SWORN IN

ATHENS, Jan 20 (Reuter): The broadened Coalition Cabinet of Themistocles Sophoulis, 88-year-old Greek Liberal leader, was sworn in here today by Kink Paul.

DR. PATTABHI FOR CHIRALA

MADRAS, Jan. 20 (UPI): Dr. B Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, left or Chirala this morning by the Grand Trunk Express. He was seen off by a large number of Congressmen.

The Congress President will be returning to Madras ater his Andhra tour on January 26 and will leave for New Delhi on the following day.

Dr. Pattabhi and Mr. Rafi hmed Kidwai, Communications Minister to the Government of India, will be addressing a public meeting in the City on the evening of January 26.

Pattabhi On Need Of Training Politicians

MADRAS, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya today complained of lack of schools of politics and parliamentary practice in the country and said: "We have today untrained Ministers wherever they are".

Dr. Sitaramayya was inaugurating the Satyamurthi Memorial School of Politics in the city.

There was also no powerful opposition to the party in power to place an alternative programme before the country and the differences today, if there were any, between the party in power and the opposition were not fundamental but only temperamental. These defects could be remedied only if they had trained Parliamentarians, he said.

The Congress President, however, added that training did not mean that a Public Works Minister should be an engineer. "What we need is one endowed with commonsense and proper training to sit as a judge on rival claims, and to steer clear of ignorance on the one side and super-sense on the other", he added.

Increased D. A. For Ahmedabad Workers

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 20.

The cost of living index is rising higher and higher. The index has risen by two points in the last month, making it 216. Ahmedabad workers getting dearness alowance on the basis of this index. They will get Rs. 70-4-3 as dearness allowance.

EARTHQUAKE SHAKES RENO

RENO (Nevada), Jan. 20 (UPA): An earthquake described as "more severe than any in recent weeks" shook Reno at midnight last night.

No damage was reported immediately but residents said the quake shook downtown buildings noticeably.

Reno was subjected to a series of earthquakes occurring at the rate of about 50 per day for almost a week early this month. Recently the quakes dwindled.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Wrong Remedy

A Reuters message from Washington states that "plans to contain communism in the Far East are the subject of continuing consultations between the State Department and British officials here it was learned authoritatively to-day". The debacle in China, which should not have been unexpected, has given a severe jolt to the United States and Britain along, of course, with other Western Powers, who have a colonial stake in Asia. The leaders of the West, looking realistically at the picture of Communist triumphs and activities in so many areas of Asia, are naturally anxious at least to "contain" Communism. And they are in worried conclave about it. Now, nobody can object to the United States and Britain talking as many plans as they like to combat Communism. But a number of things ought to be clear to them. The first is that the ground for Communism is prepared not only by the principles of Communism but also and to a greater extent by internal reaction and colonial imperialism. A remedy that is calculated to help the latter cannot be effective against the disease. The second thing is that Asian countries, now resolved to free themselves of foreign imperialism and their freedom cannot be bought by economic help, if, that is, the latter is offered as an alternative to national independence. Nor can this independence be allowed to be denied to any Asian people because it pleases the West to shout "communist influence", "fellow-travelling inspiration" and so on.

A Misrepresentation

There is yet another very important thing, which it is for Britain particularly to note. "Britain", the Washington message reveals further "is leading in the current development of such unity (among Western powers). She is acting for the commonwealth as a whole in the private discussions here and conferring separately with France and Holland". Is Britain playing a double game? But that is a passing question. What we want to emphasise—if Reuter's report is correct—is that the statement making Britain 'acting for the commonwealth" requires an explanation. British policy in the matter for instance, of Indonesia is in conflict with the proclaimed stand of India, Pakistan, Ceylon and Australia. It is impossible to accept a sweeping statement as true that Britain is "acting for the commonwealth" as if the commonwealth countries are in accord with British policy. The statement is a misrepresentation and in fairness to the Commonwealth countries of Asia it should be cleared up.

Britain's Indonesian Policy

While the Indian public will only be amused by the fatuous observations made by the Tory die-hards in the House of Lords in connection with the Indonesian situation, the contents of the Official reply to the debate made by Viscount Jowitt, the Lord Chancellor, is likely to be scanned by them with more interest. No doubt, Lord Pethick-Lawrence, former Secretary of State for India, also took up cudgels on behalf of the Labour Government and effectively rebutted some of the charges levelled at it by the Tory Lords. But, he being no longer a member of the Government, his speech cannot be accepted as an official exposition of the present attitude of the Cabinet. It would be seen from Lord Jowitt's speech that he not only expressed no word of regret at the British stand in the Security Council in respect of the Dutch aggression against the Indonesian Republic, but told the Lords that "he had not a word to say against Dutch colonial administration in Indonesia" and "had nothing to apologise for in the policy which Mr. Bevin had carried out". The world knows fully well what Mr. Bevin's policy in respect of Indonesia had been in the past and what it is today. As far back as November 23, 1945, he had openly told the House of Commons that "the British Government had a definite agreement that they provide for rthe Netherland East Indies Government to resume as rapidly as practicable full responsibility for the Netherlands East Indies territory." It is, no doubt, in support of that understanding that all along and to this day British Government is helping the Netherlands Government to maintain and perpetuate its grip on Indonesia.

Fighting Famine

While, according to Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay, the food position in the entire province is difficult, there being just enough stock of food to pull on, the bulk of the districts of Broach, Surat and Ahmedabad are in the grip of a severe famine. There is not only acute scarcity of food for the people and fodder for cattle, but even drinking water is said to be extremely difficult to obtain. Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food, Government of India, recently toured the area and now Sardar Patel is visiting it. About the same time, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, as well as Mr. Dinkarrao Desai has also visited the area. All this has, no doubt, led to a complete awareness of the seriousness of the situation and the Ministers have shown themselves willing and eager to spare no efforts to relieve the distress of the people. Sardar Patel has already given a pledge that not a single person will be allowed to die as a result of scarcity. Bombay's Minister for Civil Supplies has revealed that military units are being sent to the area to dig for water and help the people in other ways. Sardar Patel's suggestion for the appointment of a special officer to co-ordinate the efforts being made from various directions will also, undoubtedly, be followed. While, therefore, one can feel assured that both the Central and Provincial governments will do their best, it must be said that it is fast becoming a bad habit with people to rely exclusively on government efforts and do nothing themselves. A situation, as serious as the one that has arisen in Gujerat, can only be met by every section of the population pulling its weight and by complete co-operation of the people with the Government. Sardar Patel has rightly pointed out to Congress workers that "the only remedy is to produce more, share the sufferings equally, reduce waste and work with the people with confidence in yourself." But the ideal of equality of suffering and sacrifice calls for a degree of social awareness which everybody does not possess. Therefore it becomes necessary, for Government, particularly at a time of crisis, to enforce a certain measure of equality of sacrifice among all sections of the people.

Hyderabad Scheduled Castes

It is a matter for satisfaction that on the advice, presumably, of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Working Committee of the Hyderabad State Scheduled Castes Federation should have decided to recommend to the Scheduled Castes to accept the system of joint electorates and reserved seats in the future constitution of the State. No doubt, the reservation of seats introduces an element of communalism into the electoral system, but the method has been accepted for a short period of trial only, by public opinion in the country and, tentatively, by the Central Constituent Assembly. While the principle of reservation of seats in the case of some of the other minority communities may be open to criticism, the universally admitted economic and social backwardness of the scheduled which has been engendered by centuries of suppression and oppression justifies an exception being made in their case. When these castes are able to stand on their own legs through educational advance and economic betterment of their class, the need for reservation of seats for them in the legislature will pass away.

OPEN AIR

The monotonous "Tonk tonk" of the Coppersmith, or, to give the bird its more formal name, the Crimson-Breasted Barbet, is well-known to everyone. It lives and nests even the the heart of the City, and its call may be heard above all the street noises wherever there are trees. Its near relative, the Green Barbet, avoids the congested life of the town, but its call of Kr-r kutroo-kutroo-kutroo may be heard in the quieter and more wooded parts of Salsette. In fact we hear the cry more often than we see the bird itself, for the Green Barbet is well camouflaged to escape notice, and it spends its life among the thick foliage of large trees like the Banyan and Pipal, eating the figs of these trees, or, failing these, the berries of many other trees. The green Barbet is about the size of the Myna, and is mainly green in colour, with brownish streaks on head, neck, breast and back. Like so many of the birds which spend their lives in trees, the Barbet's feet are peculiarly constructed, with two toes pointing forwards and two back. The beak is very stout and strong and enables the bird to excavate a hole in the trunk of a tree for its eggs, for Barbets make no nest in the real sense of the word, but lay their eggs on the chips of wood left inside the hole they have made in the tree.

D. R.

BARBET

"PEACE AND FREEDOM" MOTTO BEFORE U. S.

(Continued from Page 1)

and intellectual capacity, as well as the inalienable right to govern himself with reason and justice.

"Communism subjects the individual to arrest without lawful cause, punishment without trial and forced labour as a chatel of the State: democracy maintains that Government is established for the benefit of the individual and is charged with the responsibility of protecting the rights of the individual and his freedom in the exercise of his abilities.

"Communism maintains that social wrongs can be corrected only by violence: democracy has proved that social justice can be achieved through peaceful change.

"Communism hold that the world is so deeply divided into opposing classes that war is inevitable: democracy hold that free nations can settle their differences justly and maintain lasting peace."

THREAT TO PEACE

After saying that the actions resulting from the Communist philosophy were a "threat to the efforts of free nations to bring about world recovery and lasting peace", the President continued:

"We have sought no territory and we have imposed our will on none.

"We have constantly and vigorously supported the United Nations and related agencies as a means of applying democratic principles to international relations.

"We have made every effort to secure agreement on effective international control of our most powerful weapon and we have worked steadily for the limitation and control of all armaments.

We have encouraged by precept and example the expansion of world trade on a sound and fair basis."

MARSHALL PLAN

President Truman then referred to the Marshall Aid, plan as an "unprecedented effort to invigorate and strengthen" democracy in Europe

"Our efforts have brought new hopes to all mankind", he said.

"We have saved a number of countries from losing their liberty.

"Hundreds of million of people all over the world now agree with us that we need not have war—that we can have peace."

Outlining American policy, the President said: "In the coming years our programme for peace and freedom will emphasise four major courses of action:

"First, we will continue to give unfaltering support to the United Nations and related agencies and we will continue to search for ways to strengthen their authority and to increase their effectiveness.

"Second, we will continue our programmes for world economic recovery.

"This means, first of all, we must keep our full weight behind ERP (European Recovery Programme).

"Third, we will strengthen freedom-loving nations against the dangers of aggression."

NORTH ATLANTIC PACT

At this juncture President Truman referred to the North Atlantic Pact and said: "I hope soon to send to the senate a treaty respecting the North Atlantic security plan" and that America "will provide military advice and equipment to free nations" which will co-operate with her in maintaining peace and security.

The fourth course of action, the President said was to "embark on a bold, new programme for making the benefits of our scientific advances and industrial progress available for the improvement and growth of under-developed areas."

"I believe we should make available to peace-loving peoples the benefits of our store of technical knowledge in order to help them realise their aspirations for a better life." President Truman continued.

"We invite other countries to pool their technological resources in this undertaking.

"With the cooperation of business, private capital agriculture and labour in this country, this programme can greatly increase industrial activity in other nations and can raise substantially their standards of living "old imperialism—exploitation for foreign profit—has no place in our plans. What we envisage is a programme of development based on the concepts of democratic fair dealing.

"Greater production is the key to prosperity and peace democracy alone can supply the vitalising force to stir the peoples of the world into triumphant action, not only against their human oppressors but also against their ancient enemies—hunger, misery and despair.

"On the basis of these four major courses of action we hope to help create conditions that will lead eventually to personal freedom and happiness for all mankind."

EAST PUNJAB WINS 'VARSITY HOCKEY FINAL

ALIGARH, Jan. 20 (API): In the All-India Inter 'Varsity Hockey final match today East Punjab defeated Madras by three goals to nil.

BOON TO SERVICEMEN DISMISSED FOR PATRIOTIC ACTIVITIES

India Government Grants Pensions With Retrospective Effect

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20. (A.P.I.): Servicemen who were dismissed for taking active part in national movements will be eligible to a pension or gratuities with retrospective effect from the date of their dismissal, according to press note issued by the Defence Ministry, today.

The press note says: "With a view to giving relief to those ex-servicemen who were penalised for taking active part in national movements aimed at securing the country's independence, the Defence Ministry of the Government of India have decided that personnel dismissed or removed from service due to their patriotic activities will be eligible to a grant with retrospective effect from the date of termination of such appointments, of pension or gratuities as would have been admissible to them on those dates had they been retired on grounds of ill-health.

The benefit of this relief will also be extended to ex-servicemen who resigned their appointments whether such resignation was voluntary or forced—provided it is proved that such resignation was preceded or followed by their actually taking part in a national movement, was attributed to such participation and was not dictated by any other consideration. Claims from the heirs and successors of those ex-servicemen who are no longer alive for the grant to them of the relief which would have been admissible to the deceased had they been alive will not be entertained. This restriction would not however apply to the outstanding claims, if any, in respect of ex-servicemen to themselves represented their case but died before these orders could be issued".

Nehru Leads Asia Against Foreign Aggression

(Continued from Page 1)

ticular, the spirit of freedom and democracy which is so significant a feature of the new Asia. This long sweep of history passes before my eyes with all its vicissitudes for the countries of Asia and, standing on the edge of the present, I look to the future that is gradually unfolding itself. We are the heirs of these long yesterdays of our history, but we are also the builders of the tomorrow that is shaping itself. The burden of that tomorrow has to be borne by us and we have to prove ourselves worthy of that great responsibility. If this gathering is significant today, it is still more significant in the perspective of tomorrow. Asia, too long submissive and dependent and play-thing of other countries, will no longer brook any interference with her freedom.

LONG STORY OF BROKEN PLEDGES

We meet in this conference to consider the present situation in Indonesia, and I would suggest to you that we should concentrate on that issue and not divert our attention to the many other issues which undoubtedly demand our attention.

The story of Indonesia during the last three years has been a strange and reeling one. It should be remembered that Indonesia was reconquered from the Japanese by the Allied forces and then handed over to the Dutch. Therefore a special responsibility attaches to the Allied nations. Many remarkable things have happened in Indonesia during these past three years and these are detailed in the papers supplied to the conference. It is a long story of broken pledges and continuous attempts to undermine and break the Republic of Indonesia. On the 18th December of last year that Dutch forces launched an offensive, practically without warning, against the Republic while negotiations for a peaceful settlement were still going on.

Even the dulled and jaded conscience of the world reacted to this with shock and amazement. The leaders of the Republic were imprisoned, separated from one another and treated with inhumanity. The Security Council of the United Nations passed a series of resolutions asking for the release of the Republican leaders and a cessation of hostilities as an essential preliminary to the resumption of negotiations for a peaceful and honourable settlement.

The directions of the Security Council have not yet been carried out and the Dutch authorities seem to be concentrating all their efforts on the formation of a so-called interim Government which, they hope, will be subservient to their will.

Any person who is acquainted with the spirit of the Indonesian people or of Asia today, knows that this attempt to suppress Indonesian nationalism and the deep urge for freedom of the Indonesian people must fail. But if open and unabashed aggression is not checked and is condemned by other powers, then hope will vanish and people will resort to other ways and other means even though these might involve the utmost catastrophe.

One thing is certain; there can be and will be no surrender to aggression and no acceptance or reimposition of colonial control.

WE HAVE NO TRUCK WITH RACIALISM

It was not without deep thought and earnest consideration that we decided to hold this conference. Believing as we do that the United Nations must be strengthened as a symbol of the new order, we were reluctant to take any step which might appear to weaken its authority. But when the will of the Security Council was itself flouted, then it became clear to us that we must confer together to strengthen the United Nations and to prevent a further deterioration of a dangerous situation. We meet therefore within the framework of the United Nations and with the noble words of the charter before us. That charter itself recognises regional arrangements as a means to further international peace and security. Ours is therefore a regional conference, to which we invited both Australia and New Zealand whose interest in the tranquility and contentment of Indonesia is as great as that of any of us. Our primary purpose is to consider how best we can help the Security Council to bring about a rapid and peaceful solution of the Indonesian problem. We meet to supplement the efforts of the Security Council, not to supplant that body. We meet in no spirit of hostility to any nation or group of nations, but in an endeavour to promote peace through the extension of freedom. It must be realised that both freedom and peace are indivisible. I should like to make it clear that we do not wish to consider this or any other problem in a spirit of racialism. Racialism has been, and is even to-day, the policy of some other countries. We in Asia, who have suffered so much from it, are not going to encourage it but will combat it believing as we do that not only is it a negation of democracy but is also the seed of conflict.

THREE-FOLD TASK

Our task will be three-fold. First, to frame and submit to the Security Council proposals which would, if accepted by both the parties concerned, may restore peace immediately to Indonesia and permit the early realisation of freedom by the Indonesian people.

Secondly, also to suggest to the Security Council what action it should take if either party to the dispute fails to act according to its recommendation.

Thirdly to devise machinery and procedures by which the governments represented here today can keep in touch with one another for purposes of mutual consultation and concerted action for the achievement of the purposes for which this Conference has met.

I do not think it would be proper for me to offer at this stage any detailed proposals. That will be for the Conference to consider. But it seems to me clear that our immediate objective should be to produce, as far as possible, conditions which existed before this recent Dutch aggression, so that the Republic may be able to function freely and to negotiate as a free government, without military or economic pressure. The next step should be to aim at the elimination of colonialism. It must be remembered that so long as any form of colonialism exists in Asia or elsewhere, there will be conflict and a threat to peace.

The situation in Indonesia is full of dangerous possibilities and requires urgent action. We have to aim therefore to complete our work as quickly as possible so that the Security Council, which is still considering this difficult problem, should be in possession of our views within the next few days. All of us who meet here have, I believe, this community of outlook and our deliberations should bear fruit soon.

CO-OPERATION NEEDED

We are living in a revolutionary age of transition. On the one hand we see a divided and disintegrating world, a multitude of conflicts, and an ever-present fear of world war. On the other hand we see creative and co-operative impulses seeking a new integration and a new unity. New problems arise from day to day which, in their implications, concern all of us or many of us. The Americas have already recognised a certain community of interest and have created machinery for the protection and promotion of common interests. A similar movement is in progress in Europe. Is it not natural that the free countries of Asia should begin to think of some more permanent arrangement than this Conference for effective mutual consultation and concerted effort in the pursuit of common aims, not in a spirit of selfishness or hostility to any other nation or group of nations, but in order to strengthen and bring nearer fulfilment the aims and ideals of the Charter of the United Nations?

In this world of hatred, conflict and violence, let us endeavour to work jointly and in co-operation with all others of goodwill to further the case of peace and tolerance and freedom. We shall not succeed in our mission if we follow the path of violence or seek to divide the world further. But we may well make a difference to the world if we fashion ourselves in accordance with the old spirit of Asia and hold up the torch of truth and peace to a war distracted world.

May I, in all humility but also with pride, remind this Conference of the message of the Father of our Nation, who led us through the long night of our subjection to the dawn of freedom. It was not through hatred or violence or intolerance to each other, he told us, that nations grow in stature or attain their freedom. It was by following his lead in some measure that we attained our independence through peaceful methods. The world has got caught in a vicious circle of fear and hatred and violence. It will never get out of that vicious circle unless it seeks other ways and practises other means. Therefore let us adhere to the right means with the conviction that right means will inevitably lead to right ends. Thus we shall help in the process of integration and synthesis which is so urgently needed in the world today.

NEHRU'S RECEPTION TO DELEGATES

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru held a reception this evening at his residence in honour of the delegates to the Asian Conference on Indonesia. Besides representatives of the Asian countries, the Governor-General, Mr. Rajagopalachari, members of the Diplomatic Corps and high army and civil officials and non-officials attended the party.

A number of social functions has been arranged for the delegates to the conference, including the screening of a Hindi film entitled "Chandralekha" produced by the Gemini studios of Madras.

Five Points For Settlement

(Continued from Page 1)

vested with adequate power to give effect to this recommendation.

DRAFTING COMMITTEE

The Conference decided to set up a Drafting Committee composed of the representatives of Australia, Ceylon, India and Pakistan to prepare a resolution on the points covered by the discussion."

The Conference adjourned to meet at 11 a.m. tomorrow. It is understood that the Drafting Committee will meet either late tonight or early tomorrow and prepare a resolution embodying the views so far expressed on the five points under discussion for consideration of the Conference.

The Ethiopean delegate and the New Zealand Representative who is attending the Conference as an observer arrived this afternoon and attended the evenings's session.

Security Council Meeting Postponed

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 20, (Reuter): The Security Council again postponed its meeting on Indonesia tonight—the second time in 24 hours.

The meeting will take place tomorrow night.

"NEW INDIA OF PEACE AND PLENTY WITHIN FIVE YEARS"

Sardar's Appeal For Whole-Hearted Support To Government

BARDOLI, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, today hinted that the consolidation of India as a single political unit would be accomplished very soon. He said that a few States which were still independent would soon fall in line with the rest of India.

Addressing a mass meeting in the compound of the local Patidar Ginning Factory where in Dec. 1941 Mahatma Gandhi addressed a big congregation, Sardar Patel said that the rule of one man over a few lakhs of people would end soon. If India was to be a Nation strong and united there should be no place, he said, for the existence of independent States. The laws could not operate differently in different areas. Free India should be a united whole, with uniform administration and uniform code of laws. It should be a land of peace and plenty, every man entitled to equal status.

TRIED MEN AT THE HELM

Sardar Patel reminded the audience that the task before the Government of India of stabilising the Nation was immense and arduous. Those who were at the helm of affairs were tried men, pledged to the service of the people.

"Give the Government an opportunity to complete their great mission. Give them your wholehearted support for five years and you will see the result of your endeavours for creating a new India of peace and plenty", Sardar Patel said.

GROW MORE FOOD

Referring to the threat of famine in Gujerat and overall deterioration in the food position of the country, Sardar Patel said that the only course open to them at the present juncture was to produce more. He said, "Dig the earth to bring out the richness of the soil, make the maximum use of the cultivable land and put in your best efforts to produce more foodstuffs. You, who struggled and sacrificed everything to satisfy your political hunger for freedom, should not rest content with the attainment of freedom but must put your heart to the task of producing more food and cloth."

PREACHING NAKED & ORGANISED VIOLENCE AGAINST INDIANS

Transvaal Congress' Protest To Malan Against Inflammatory Leaflet Issued By S. African League

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 20. (Reuter): The Transvaaal Indian Congress today protested to Dr. Daniel Malan, South African Prime Minister, against a leaflet "preaching naked and organised violence against Indians", which, it said, was issued by the South African Protection League.

The Congress sent similar protests by telegram to Dr. C. R. Swart, Minister of Justice, Dr. T. E. Donges, Minister of the Interior, General Jan Smuts, leader of the Opposition, Mr. John Christie, Labour Party leader, and Mr. Sam Khan and Mrs. Violet Ballinger, representatives of the Africans in the National Assembly. It called on the Government to take action against the League under the Riotous Assemblies Act.

The telegram said: "We have just received a leaflet issued by the South African Protection League advertising a meeting for Europeans on January 29 at Zeehurst Town Hall. The leaflet is highly inflammatory and preaches naked and organised violence against Indians'.

RELIEF FOR INDIAN VICTIMS

DURBAN, Jan. 20. (Reuer): Relief measures for Indian victims of the Durban riots are in full swing. At the height of the rioting there were over 50 refugee camps for Indians, ranging from large camps holding 6,000 to requisitioned school buildings housing a few hundreds.

On Sunday last, there were nearly 40,000 Indians in camps—one-third of Durban's Indian population, today there are about 12,000 spread over 30 camps.

Both official and private aid was quickly mobilised after the start of the rioting and food, clothing, blankets and tarpaulins distributed by Government, Municipality, Red Cross and St. John Ambulance Brigade.

Many private individuals also helped. There were a number of Europeans who used their cars to collect the wounded and take supplies around to the refugee camps.

APPEAL TO REMAIN CALM

The prime responsibility for the Durban riots must rest upon the Government, says a statement by the Natal Indian Congress.

The statement appeals to the authorities for maximum police protection and asks Indian and Africans to remain calm.

20 AFRICANS ARRESTED

Twenty Africans were arrested at Pietermaritzburg when an armoured car helped disperse 200 Africans.

No important incidents were reported from Durban, where the death-roll remained at 129.

THIRTEEN DROWN IN BOAT DISASTER

Pleasure Trip Ends In Tragedy

POONA, Jan. 20 (API)—Tragedy overtook a party of Muslim women and children out on a pleasure trip in a ferry boat in the Mula-Mutha river in Poona today. Thirteen of them were drowned. Two are missing and the remaining seven members of the party were rescued.

Late this afternoon the party left their homes in Rawiwar Peth for a visit to a darga across the river. After a feat at the darga the party hired a ferry and while returning the boat capsized throwing all the members in the water, where the depth was about twenty feet. The boat was then very near the shore.

The shrieks of the victims brought a police officer and a constable to their help and seven of them were saved and brought ashore. The boatman disappeared mysteriously after the accident and it is presumed that either the craft was overloaded or it had a lead.

The survivors were rushed to hospital and four of these were allowed to go to home after treatment. Investigations are in progress.

BURMA CABINET RESIGNS

RANGOON, Jan. 20 (Reuter)—Burma's Prime Minister, Thakin Nu, has tendered his cabinet's resignation to the president.

An official announcement said the Cabinet had decided to resign "in view of the worsening situation brought about by the present country-wide insurrection."

E. I. Railway Union Votes For Strike

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20 (API): Results of the strike ballot received so far from the various branches of the E. I. Rly. Employees' Union show that 70,007 members have voted for and 725 against strike, 503 votes were cancelled. Non-members voting for and against strike, in the areas concerned, numbered 37,002 and 913 respectively, 206 votes being cancelled.

Announcing this, the General Secretary of the Union, Mr. P. C. Das Gupta states that the total membership of his Union is 1,36,399, this being the biggest member-union of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation. Results of voting in ten more branches of the northern division are awaited by the Union.

M.S.M. Railwaymen Vote For Strike

MADRAS, Jan. 20 (API): The M. and S. M. Railway Employees' Union has by an overwhelming majority decided in favour of a general strike said the General Secretary of the Union in a statement this evening.

Out of a total membership of 29,701, 27,242 participated in the strike ballot and 26,881 voted for the strike, adds the statement. 249 voted against strike and 112 votes were either invalid or not recorded.

A sum of Rs. 7,000 has been collected by the Union towards the Emergency Fund of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation.

Railwaymen's Federation Executive

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20 (API): The Working Committee of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will meet on January 21 at 2 p.m. in Jamia Millia Hall Ajmal Khan Road, Qarol Baug, Delhi, to consider the results of strike ballot.

Mr. Javaprakash Naravan will preside.

P. AND T. STRIKE BALLOT IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 20, (U. P. I.): In the strike ballot conducted by the Union of Posts and Telegraph Workers in the Province or Madras, 7,308 voted for the strike, while 1,261 voted against it. Seventy-five votes were declared invalid.

Unconditional Withdrawal Of R.S.S. Movement

(Continued from Page 1)

kar in Seoni Jail, the first on Jan. 12 the second on Jan. 19, and succeeded in persuading Mr. Golwalkar to withdraw the Satyagraha agitation unconditionally.

Mr. Ketkar saw the Chief Secretary to C. P. Government this afternoon and obtained from him a statement signed by Mr. Golwalkar in Seoni Jail. Later Mr. Ketkar had a meeting with the Premier Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla and the Home Minister, Pandit D. P. Mishra.

Mr. Golwalkar's statement announcing withdrawal of the R.S.S. Satyagraha movement was issued today after the second interview which Mr. Ketkar had with him in Seoni Jail yesterday, with the approval of the Delhi Authorities.

KETKAR ON HIS MISSION

Mr. Ketkar, in releasing to pressmen Mr. Golwalkar's statement about the unconditional withdrawal of the R.S.S. Satyagraha movement, said that he had ventured to undertake this mission at the suggesttion of some non-party friends and he was glad that he had succeeded in his object. He was reluctant to indicate at present how the future course of events would take share. He had already visited Delhi twice to meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel an dseek his permission to meet Mr. Golwalkar, who is a security prisoner in jail under the orders of the Government of India, and he might have to go again.

Mr. Ketkar expressed appreciation of the help he had received from the Central Government and C. P. Government in his effort too persuade Mr. Golwalkar to withdraw the Satyagraha movement. Mr. Ketkar made it clear that no stipulations of any sort nor any assurances were given by him to anyone, and as far as the Government were concerned, there was no commitment whatsoever.

HYDERABAD DECLARES WAR ON COMMUNISTS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 20, (A.P.I.): Measures to put Communists "out of action" in Hyderabad particularly in Warangal District, are reported to have been discussed at a meeting of the District Superintendents of Police in the State at Shah Manzil yesterday.

Though by concerted action the Madras special armed police, the U. P. Provincial Armed Corps and Mysore Armed Police and the Indian Union forces have been successful in bringing the Communists under control, the need to reinforce these forces was also discussed at the meeting, it is learnt.

Macha Veeriah, a Communist leader, and his associate Krishna Murthi Rao are reported to have been shot dead in an encounter with Special Armed Police (Madras) at Nalgondapalli in Warangal District. Macha Veeriah, it is alleged, was responsible for a number of murders, cases of loot and arson. A revolver is said to have been recovered from him by the police.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh attended by Lieut. K. M. Bahl, R.I.N., A.D.C. left Bombay for Lucknow.

★

SIR MAHARAJ SINGH

LUCKNOW, Jan. 20 (API)—Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, accompanied by Lady Rani Maharaj Singh arrived in Lucknow today by special plane. They are staying at Government House.

★

LIAQUAT ALI KHAN

LAHORE, Jan. 20 (API)—Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan accompanied by Begum Liaquat Ali Khan arrived in Lahore by air this afternoon.

★

MR. L. M. PATIL

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction, who had left Bombay on 18th inst. with the intention of touring Kanara district returned to Bombay yesterday. According to scheduled programme, which has now been cancelled, the Minister was to be back in the city on 28th inst.

★

KHURSHID AHMED KHAN

KARACHI, Jan. 20 (UPI)—It is understood that Sahibzada Khurshid Ahmad Khan, at present Political Resident in charge of all the Tribal Areas in the North-West Frontier Province, is likely to be appointed Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

He would be, if appointed, the first Pakistan Agent in Baluchistan.

★

MR. R. S. MANI

LONDON, Jan. 20 (Reuter)—Mr. R. S. Mani, who is to be India's Charge d'Affairs in Italy, left London for Rome today. Until recently he was the Deputy High Commissioner in London.

★

PROF. M. P. GANDHI

Prof. M. P. Gandhi of Bombay has been nominated by the Government of India as a member of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, and its Governing Body, as a representative of business interests, for a period of 3 years.

SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU DEAD

(Continued from Page 1)

bringing out the Minority Report. For his accurate knowledge of Indian States, he was given a place in the Round Table Conferences, and made valuable contributions to the discussion of the problem of Indian Federation.

BECOMES P.C.

In recognition of these and other services to the State, Sir Tej was elevated to the rank of a Privy Councillor, in which capacity he acquitted himself creditably by amending the provisions embodied in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

A scholar of English literature, Sir Tej was also unsurpassed in his mastery of Persian and Urdu.

In the passing away of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru the country has lost a great scholar, humanitarian and devoted patriot.

FUNERAL TODAY

The funeral will take place tomorrow (Friday) January 21.

Stop Press

ATOMIC RESEARCH IN INDIA

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20 (API): The first conference of the Atomic Energy Commission was held here today to draw up a syllabus for the teaching of nuclear physics, chemistry and mathematics to the university students to equip them for research work in atomic energy.

PLEA TO BAN S. AFRICAN PROTECTION LEAGUE

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 20 (Reuter): The Transvaal Indian Congress today urged Dr. Daniel Malan, Union Prime Minister, to ban the South African Protection League—which advocates removal of all Indians from the country.—and to order arrest of its leaders.

R

Cloth Ration

YOU CAN BUY ONE YEAR'S FULL QUOTA of 20 Yards Cloth Ration at once. Furthermore you can now buy half the quota i.e. 10 yards in fine or superfine and the other 10 yards in medium or coarse cloth.

PLEASE NOTE: This concession is allowed only upto 15th March, 1949, but may be withdrawn earlier If you wish to take advantage of the concession, buy your cloth now.

Those consumers, who have already purchased their cloth against cloth coupons on the weightage basis can also take advantage of the concession and purchase the balance of their cloth quota on presentation of their record of purchase sheets, at any rationed cloth shop.

R

HAVE YOU OBTAINED YOUR CLOTH COUPONS?

CLOTH COUPONS are being delivered from your Fodgrains Ration Shop. Each week about 250 Ration Shops are taken up for delivery of Cloth Coupons. A list of Ration Shops to be taken up each week for delivery of Cloth Coupons is published on preceding Saturday.

Those applicants who, however, fail to obtain their Cloth Coupons at their foodgrains shops during the specified week should go to the Ward Rationing Office to obtain their Coupons during the subsequent week. All such applicants who have not obtained their Cloth Coupons so far, from the Ration Shops, whereat delivery of Cloth Coupons has been completed, should now go to the respective Ward Offices of the area, where their foodgrains Ration Shops are situated, to obtain their Cloth Coupons.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

MODERATE MIXED TRADING IN TATA STEEL SHARES

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

The Bombay Stock exchange was quietly steady with scattered covering. In view of narrow price movement, Jobbers are taking quick turns and the market is grinding and around present level.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1645 and after fluctuating between Rs. 1640 and Rs. 1650 steadied at the opening level of Rs 1645. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 294.

There was slightly improved buying in Cotton Mill shares. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 960 and after advancing at Rs. 967/8 steadied at Rs. 965. Kohinoors were in good demand and after opening at Rs. 272 advanced at Rs. 278, Scindia shares also improved at Rs. 20/7.

Later on there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Defds. changed hands at Rs. 1647/8 and ordinary shares were done at Rs. 295. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs 22/13 and Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 20/12. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 963/12. Gokaks and Central Indias were quoted at Rs. 267/8 and Rs. 243/12 respectively. Simplex Shares came in business at Rs. 176 while Swadeshi Shares changed hands at Rs. 276/4.

Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1512/8. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 155 and Bellapurs were done at Rs. 225. Central Bank Shares were quoted at Rs. 88.

There were rumours that there would be reverse budlas in Steel Shares otherwise there was nothing beyond routine business.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	963 12
Kohinoor Mills (6)	278 0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	275 0
Central India Mills (4)	243 0
Simplex Mills (8) XD	176 0
New Great Eastern (10)	153 8
Indore (9 plus 3)	178 12
Gokak Mills (20) XD	267 0
Century-Spinning (15)	230 0
Gokak Mill (20) XD	269 0
India Bleaching (6)	157 0
Swan Mills (20)	315 0
Finlay Mills (15)	272 0
Morarji Goculdas XD	477 8
Edward Sassoon (30) XR	240 0
Meyer (12) XD	113 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 14 6
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 2
India United Defd. (0-1-6)	1 8
Madhusudan Mills (15)	190 0
Podar (8)	145 0
Kasturbhai Mahanji (8)	222 8
Indore Coupon	85 8
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	294 0
Tata Steel Defd (64-15)	1645 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	156 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (5)	154 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	316 4
Belapur Sugar (9) XD	225 8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	28 8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	20 7 6
Premier Construction	133 8
Tata Chemical	12 14
Tata Oil (2)	56 4
Indian Iron (0-12) XD	23 1
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	20 11
British India Corp (0-10)	7 14
I. Copper	2 3 6
Wimco XR	191 4
Alcock	286 4
Belapur Coupon	60 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	68 0
Phoenix Mills (50) XR	222 8
Indian Manufacturing XD	4350 0
Koorla Mills (8)	131 4
David Mills (6)	191 4
New City Mills (10)	181 4
Minerva Mills (12)	123 2
Bradbury Mills (12)	587 8 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	5 0
Bharat Mills (2)	33 0
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	172 8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	15 0
Model Mills (12-8) XD	176 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25) XD	606 4
Vishnu Cotton (8) XD	222 8
Western India (40) XD	4070 0
Standard Mills (15)	245 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3900 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	10 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4200 0
Tata Mills (3)	54 12
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270 10
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	77 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	13 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	47 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	175 0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	100 0
Berar Mills	280 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
Colaba Land Coupon	42 0
New Great New	142 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (4-4-0)	154 0
Andhra Valley (45)	1417 8
Tata Power (50)	1507 8
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116 4
Ahmedabad New	12 6
Surat Electricity (2-8)	142 8
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-8)	10 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 7
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	150 0
Bombay Suburban (3) XD	143 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1806 4
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	442 8
Central Bank Old (1-8)	88 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	87 8
Bank of India (4) XR	190 8
Union Bank of India (65)	7 8
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	138 8
Habib Bank (4)	158 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52 0
United Commercial (1-8)	57 8
Hindustan Commercial	38 12
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	35 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	29 8
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125) XD	4260 0
Empire (10)	675 0
New India (1-8)	54 8
Jupiter (1-4)	21 0
Vulcum (0-10	11 12
Indian Mercantile (2)	39 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	17 4
Industrial and Prudential	29 4
Neptune Assurance	7 0
New Great	26 0
All-India General	17 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
Central Provinces (1-14)	112 0
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	120 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Bombay Steamer (10)	373 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	117 8
Burma Petrol	1 5
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	67 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	442 8
Kemp and Co. (New)	462 8
Gaudo Pharmacy (7)	158 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	89 8
Dharamsee Chemical (2)	32 4
Mukund Iron	10 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	21 0
Alembic (15)	203 12
Associated Cement New (1-4)	144 0
Supreme India XR	123 12
Jam Wire (6)	67 8
Bombay Uganda	69 0
Bombay Motor Cycle	34 0
Indian Cement (1937)	25 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	145 0
United Motor	74 0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	144 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	1002 8
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	95 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Prince of Wales Press	619 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	190 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1255 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1302 8
Hydro Electric (7)	121 14
Bombay Steamer (6)	308 12
Central India (5)	632 8
Swadeshi Mills	128 12
Vishnu Mills (7)	333 12
Lakshmi Mills	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227 8
Podar Mills (4)	108 0
Srinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	117 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	312 8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	136 4
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120 0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	116 4
Amalgamated (5-8)	123 2
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical (5)	133 12
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130 0
Jupiter General	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 4
Mackenzie 1st	85 0
Mackenzie 2nd	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mills	50 0
Standard Mills	101 0
Madhusudan Mills	12 0
Khatau Mills	104 0
Morarji	104 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952 (4)	103 8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101 10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	106 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchand Nagar (6)	112 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 15
New Victoria Mill	2 12
New Victoria Pref.	5 0
Phalton Sugar (8)	122 0
Gold Mohur (20)	280 0
New Kaiser-Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	150 0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	300 0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	340 0
Air Service XR	8 0
Ambica Air Lines	7 0
Air India (100)	100 0
Hind Motor	5 3
Indian Steam	8 10

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Jan. 19.

T.T. London on—

	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Stockholm	14.47 to 14.50	

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Jan. 19.

LONDON, Australian wheat FOB (Bulk) 99/3 Jan./Feb quoted.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

The Cotton market was quietly steady with restricted business. There is no change in the situation. May delivery opened to-day at Rs. 619/8 and after declining at Rs. 619 steadied at Rs. 619/4. There were rumours in the market to the effect that the penalty clause would be removed as some provinces have stopped exports of raw cotton.

The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

ICC Feb. nominal	620	0	0
ICC May	619	0	0
ICC July	618	8	0
ICC Sept.	618	4	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan. 19

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4-30 p.m.
May	619½	618¼	619¼
July	619½	618¼	619
September	619½	618	618½

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May contract is 850 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	8	
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	15	
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	0	
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	12	
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	0	
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99	4	
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	13	
3 per cent 1961-64	100	10	
3 per cent 1953-55	101	7	
3 per cent 1957	101	3	
3 per cent 1959-61	100	14	
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	
3 per cent 1966-68	105	0	
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	
4 per cent 1960-70	110	10	
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	0	
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	2	
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	115	4	
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U P 1961	98	2	
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	2	
3 per cent Punjab 1948	98	14	
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	12	
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	4	
3 per cent U P 1952	100	4	
3 per cent C P 1952	100	6	
3 per cent N W P 1952	99	10	
3 per cent U P 1961-66	100	0	
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D.	111	0	
5 per cent Bom Mumi 1959	114	8	
5 per cent Bom Mumi 1954	114	8	
3 1/4 per cent Municipality			
5 K. P 1	114	0	

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

Tata Ordinary 294/6; Tata Deferred 1645; Indian Iron 23/1; Steel Corpn. 19; Bengal 20/11; Bombay Dyeing 963/12; Central India 243/12; Gokak 267/8; Kohinoor 278/2; Simplex 176; Swadeshi 276/4; Tata Power 1507/8; Associated Cement 154/6; Belapur 225/10; Bombay Burma (Old) 316/4; Scindia 20/7/6; Central Bank 88; New India 54/8; Tata 2nd Pref. 136/4.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

The local bullion market remains firm with moderate demand for both gold and silver. Supplies being limited prices are moving up. To-day mint silver was sold at Rs. 183/12 and gold was quoted at Rs. 115/6.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready silver mint	183	2	0
Ready silver bullion	182	12	0
Ready gold	115	6	0
Sovereigns	74	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

The local produce market was firm on active buying by professional operators and covering against option business.

Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 133/12 and declined at Rs. 133/9 under scattered selling. At this level there was active buying and the market advanced at Rs. 134/6. This sharp rise influenced moderate profittaking and the market reacted at Rs. 134/1. Groundnuts and Linseed sections were also firm.

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	35	4	0
Coromandal	35	2	0
Bold ready	34	10	0
Bold Dec-Jan.	34	8	0
Bold Feb-March	34	10	0
CASTOR SEEDS—			
May delivery	133	15	0
Ready	28	0	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	26	14	0
Feb-March	27	0	0
April-May	23	14	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready Receipts	19	15	0
January	20	0	0
February	20	0	0
March	20	1	0
Linseed Oil	16	8	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8	0
Gingellyseed	225 to 230		

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 19.

Consols 2½ p.c.	£80-1/4
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c. 1961	£106-15/16
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	£114-3/8
War Loan 3½ p.c. 1952 and after	£103-5/8
Hongkong and Shaighai Bank London reg.	£103-1/2
National Bank of India	£39-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,185.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, January 19.

Silver spot and forward	42-1/2d.
Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/3

NEW YORK SILVER

U. S. price of foreign silver, 70 cents.

SINGAPORE PEPPER.

SINGAPORE, Jan. 19.

In the Singapore market today, black lampong was quoted at SSdol 178 f.o.b. and white muntok at SSdol 209 per picul of 133.3 lbs.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, January 20.

B. C Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Mos.

London Banks Selling T. T. D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D D 1/5 15/16 upto 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 5th-6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month

New York & Montreal B C. Rate 1 T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D D Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N. Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D D Fl. 79

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldr 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52 57-53-43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10 68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19 32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128/130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100 20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20 02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1061—1063; London/Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36; London/Syria Cross Rate 880-5

London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c.; London Discts. 6 Mos 5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money: Call 1/2 p.c.; 3 Mos. 3/4 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone: Easy.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

The following were prices of seeds on the New York Market today:

Castorseeds dol. 125 asked per ton f.o.b. Brazilian ports.

Cottonseeds dol. 75 nom. per ton Memphis basis.

Linseed dol. 6 per bushel, Minneapolis.

Linseed oil 27.8 cents per pound.

Groundnuts 18.50-.75 cents per pound.

Groundnut oil 17-1/2 cents asked.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

Spot pepper market remained steady on Wednesday with trader interest appearing to center in afloat and shipping positions, but it was difficult to trace any actual buying.

The price ideas of buyers were held below asking levels.

On the New York Produce Exchange, black pepper futures remained unchanged to 200 higher with no sales reported. March shipment was quoted at 57 cents bid.

Closing prices included:

January 65; March 57; May 53; July 47; September 46; October 42.25; December 43.

In the spot market, black was quoted at 65 cents and white at 74.

Limited Turnover And Quiet Tone On Calcutta 'Change

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange continued quiet in all sections today, and only limited trading took place.

The following are today's final transactions up to 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent India Government Loan 1986 98/12, Three per cent Loan 1951/54 101/2 S. O. L., Three per cent Loan 1953/55 101/7, Three per cent 1050/61 100/11 Small Lot, Three per cent Victory Bonds 1957 101 Small Odd Lot, Four per cent Loan 1960/70 111/1 Small Lot.

BANKINGS: Hindustan Commercial 25, United Commercial 60 Small Lots.

COTTONS Cawnpore Textiles 10/8, Muir Mills 342/8.

COALS: Amalgamated 24/5, Burrakur 22/13, South Karanpura 27/2, Talcher 3/14.

JUTES: Auckland 123, Ditto Second Preference 101, Naihati 111, Ditto Second Preference 102, National 26/6, New Central Preference 139/8, Union 209.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 3, Ind. Copper Corpn. 2/3, Tavoy Tin annas twelve.

ENGINEERINGS: British India Electric Construction 10/12, Jessops 17, Steel Corpn. of Bengal Ordy. 20/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Sone valley Cement 6/1, Cal Electric 21/1, New Asiatic Insurance 5/1, Bararee Coke 19/5, B. I. C. 7/12, Indian Cables 39/12 Small Lot, Ind. Wood Products 30/8, Jardine Henderson Preference 103, Martin Burn 14/4 CT, National Tobacco 21, Shaw Wallace Preference 99, B. B. Petrol 1/4, Bengal Paper 39/4 Small Lot, Midnapore Zemindary 70 Small Lot Digwarrah Rubber 8/4, Assam Saw Mills 7/4, India Steamship 8/11, Belsund Sugar 4/7.

TEAS: Bateli 13, Bishnauth 37, Longview 6/11, Mobeema Preference 11/12, Sapoi 24/4.

Produce Receipts

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

Cotton	11176
Groundnuts	9729
Linseed	1170
Cottonseed	8685
Tilseed	507
Castorseed	660
Grain	264
Sugar	14843
Rice	32069
Mahura	191
Poppyseed	10

SPOT HOUSE SELLS NEAR MONTHS COTTON

Wall Street Market Irregularly Higher

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

After early gains on active trade covering in nearbys with hedges light despite continued large spot sales in the primary markets, prices sagged on profit-taking possibly for technical reasons. The market then steadied on renewed buying of nearbys but new crops were neglected. In the afternoon, prices eased on spot house selling of near March and increased hedges and profit-taking. Rallies based on more aggressive trade buying were shortlived meeting with renewed pressure. The market closed barely steady. Sales are estimated at 165,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

March	..	32.62+08
March highest	..	32.70+16
March lowest	..	32.59+05
May	..	32.37+07
July	..	31.27+02
October	..	28.63—04
Middling Spot	..	33.59+13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

March	..	32.63+06
May	....	32.39+06
July	.....	31.27—08
October	....	28.57—09
Middling Spot	..	32.65+05

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 19.

KARNAK	
March	92.80+ 65
May	89.80+105
ASHMOUNI	
February	57.80+50
April	57.70+55

WALL STREET MARKET.

Lacking incentive the market drifted sluggishly with changes eitherway mostly under one dollar and losses predominating slightly. Group trends were vague. Rails gave a mixed reception to advance reports from class one railways showing small decrease in operating revenues in December compared with a year earlier. Averages were industrials 180.47 and rails 53.09. Prices began a narrow advance in the afternoon including leading rails, steels, oils, motors, utilities and rubbers but trading was still limited with many awaiting Washington developments notably President Truman's remarks at the inauguration to-morrow. After further improvement, the market finished fractions to a dollar irregularly higher and closed very steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

The market was firmer reflecting a sharp rally in oilseeds. Commercial dealers bought against sales of cash grain to Government and additional floursales to Great Britain. There was some demand associated with the heavy snowfall over the grain belt which will further check farm movement of grains but will be beneficial to the winter wheat.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.

May	2.25-1/8 to 2.25
July	2.09-1/8 to 2.09-1/4
September	2.09-3/4 to 2.09-7/8
December	2.11-1/4 to 2.11-3/8

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph 148, American Holding Co. 12-3/4, Anaconda Copper Mining 34 1/8 Chase National Bank 34-3/4, Sinclair Oil 22-1/2, Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co. 47-1/2, General Electric Co. 39-1/8, General Motors 59-1/2, Ingersoll Rand 62, International Nickle 30-5/8, National City Bank of New York 40-1/4 New York Central Rail Road Co 12-3/4, Socony Vacuum Corporation 16-7/8, Texas Corporation 54-5/8, Union Carbide 40-1/4, U S. Smelting Refining Mining Co 44 bid, U.S Steel Corporation Common 71-3/8, Western Union Telegraph 15-1/2.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

Bombay, Jan. 20.

MILLS

Apollo 2-15 2-14 2-14-6
Bharat 33
Bombay Dyeing 962-8 61-4 66-4 62-8 67-8 63-12
Bradbury Pref 312-8
Central India 243-8 45 43
Colaba 157
Gokak 265-8 67-8 67
Hindustan 4200 (Ex Div)
India United Defd 1-9-6 1-9 1-9-3 1-9
India United Ord. 11-5 11-3 11-4 11-2
Indore 177-8 78-12
Kohinoor 273 72 78 75-8 78 77 78
Mayer 113-12
Madhusudan 190
Minerva 123-2
Model 176-4
Morarji 477-8
New Great 153-8
Podar 145
Simplex 174 76 78 76 77 76
Swadeshi 274-8 73-8 75 77-4 75-8 76
C. P. Railway 112

STEAMER

B. Steam 371-4 73-12
Scindia 20-3 20-7-6 20-6 20-9 20-6-6 20-7-6

BANKS

Baroda 139 38-8
Central 87-8 88-8 88
Central A New 87-8 88-8 87-4
Imperial Old 1800 6-4
Imperial New 443-12 42-8
India 190-8 90 90-8
Union 7-8
U. Commercial 58 57-8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 116-4
Suburban 141-14
Hydro 154 53 54
Hydro Pref 121-14
Power 1515 7-8

INSURANCE

B.I. General 17|8
New India 54|8

STEEL

B. Steel 20|11 20|6 20|12 20|9 20|11
I. Iron 23 22|12 23 22|14 23|1
Tata Defd 16 42|8 40 52|8 45 48|12 43|12 45
Tata Ord. 293|8 93 93|12 94
Tata II Pref 136|8
Alcock 287|8 86|4
A.C.C. Old 154|8 55 54|4
A.C.C. New 1444|8 44
Belapur 226|8 27 24 25|8 25 25|8
B.B. Old 315 16|4 15 16|4
B.B. New 118|2 17|8
B.B. Petrol 1|5
B.I. Corporation 7|14
I. Copper 2|3|6
I.I. Trust 89|8
Kemp 442|8
P. Const. 137 38|8
Shivrajpur 28|8
Tata Chem. 12|15, 12|13 12|14
Tata Oil 56 56|4
Wimco 191|4

SPECIAL

Belapur Coupon 59|8 60|3
Indore Coupon 84|8 85|8
Laxmi Pref 275

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

S. S. ENGLISTAN

From Karachi: 200 bags goowar, 77 bags hing, 682 bales cotton raw, 60 bags country drug, 40 cases Holy Quran, 20,000 bags cement.

S. S. VARSOVA

From Karachi: 5,277 bales cotton, 804 bags Pak goowar, 155 bags cumin seeds, 85 bags dry salted fish, 127 bags fish manure 159 baskets pomegranates

S. S. RIVER NORMEN

From Zanzibar: 2,020 cashew nuts raw.

From Dar-es-Salaam: 1,358 bags cashew nuts raw 1,241 bags gum arabic, 133 bags gum gopal.

S. S. TEMERAIRE

From Marseilles: 34 drums sulphide soda, 1,000 bags soda ash, 200 cases gum styrax.

From Barcelona: 110 barrels tartaric acid 55 bags quince seeds.

From Genoa: 483 cases artificial silk yarn, 50 bales art silk staple fibre yarn, 74 cases umbrella solid ribs 54 cases ox and cow chains.

S. S. HARDANGER

From Oslo: 2,842 bales paper 229 bales newsprint paper, 21 bales printing paper, 860 reels white newsprint paper, 208 bales bank paper, 55 bales wood free hard sized writing paper 252 bales coloured ungazed printing paper, 60 bales news printing paper, 37 bales cream laid paper, 125 bales acid free tissue paper, 104 bales white wood free bleached bank paper: 25 bales wood free embossed cover paper, 134 bales writing paper, 407 reels white news printing paper, 45 bales envelope paper, 200 reels kraft paper, 84 bales white printing paper, 177 bales water marked bond paper.

From Alexandria. 3,425 bales cotton.

EXPORTS

Goods entered for Export.

S. S. HEEMWARD

To Antwerp: 85 bales cotton waste—E. T. Roocrtson & Sons.

To Copennagen: 17 bales Japanese grey print cloth—Sapt Textile products (India) Ltd.

S. S. VARSOVA

To Karachi: 150 pakages glass chimnies and gloves—Indian Commercial Co.

S. S. TREMINCE

To Hongkong: 30 belli sandle wood—E. T. Kawarana and Co.

S. S. EXAMINER

To New York: 208 bales jute rugs—Champaklal and Co.

To Aden: 5 cases glass mirrors—S. K. Esaffali and Bros.

S. S. MARTINCARL

To Karachi: 115 bundles bidi leaves M. Kasam 20 cases art silk piece-goods—H. K. N. Monmeet.

S. S. HOEGH SILVER STAR

To Sydney: 66 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co. 100 bales cotton waste—Shagat and Sons.

S. S. JAIJAAD

To Manchester: 7 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam & Co.

To Antwerp 50 bales cotton waste C Jairam & Co.

To Rotterdam: 50 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam & Co.

S. S. GAMARIA

To London: 24 cases chrome box calf and hides leather—The V. P. Tannery Co. Ltd.

S. S. ALAVI

To Port Sudan: 32 cases khakisolahats—Commercial Allome Co.

To Jeddah: 100 bundles cassia—H. Abdeally.

S. S. IRENES EMBIRICOS

To Karachi: 81 cases aluminium ware—Jeewanlal (1924) Ltd.

S. S. DEVANHA

To Sydney: 180 drums castor oil—The East Asiatic Co. (India) Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

ARRIVALS

IRAWADI (B.S.N.) from Cochin on Jan 19 with general cargo 891 tons.—Agents Scindia.

HEIMVARD (Lauritz Klocker) from Oslo on Jan. 19 with general cargo 600 tons.—Agents United Liner.

TREVINCE (Hain Steamship) from Avonmouth on Jan. 19 with general cargo.—Agents M.M.

S.S. BAMORA (B.I.S.N.) from Basra on Jan. 20 with dates and general cargo 1,088 tons.—Agents M.M.

DEVONHA (P. and O.) from Sydney on Jan. 20 with general cargo 900 tons.—Agents M.M.

S.S. ALAVI (Mogul) from Jeddah on Jan. 20 with 614 passengers.—Agents Turner Morrison

DEPARTURES

S.S. CHANDRAVATI (B.S.N.) for Vengurla on Jan. 19.

TUMERAIN (Norwegian) for Manila on Jan. 19.

STYGLAHURST (Stylgahaurst) for Karachi on Jan. 20 with general cargo 1,200 tons.

LOMBOK (N.U. Steam) for Basrah on Jan. 19 with general cargo 1,720 tons.

Stocks Of Cotton And Consumption In Mills

The following is the summary of Indian Dominion Mills consumption upto and stocks of cotton as on 31st October, 1948 compared with previous season by Zones and Free as defined in the Cotton Movements Control Order:—

(As compiled by the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay).

PART—I—INDIAN COTTON (Excluding Pakistan)

(In bales of 400 lbs. gross i.e. 392 lbs. nett)

CONSUMPTION FROM STOCKS AS ON	31-10-48	31-10-47	1-9-48 to 31-10-48	1-9-47 to 31-10-47
ZONES & FREE AREAS				
WEST ZONE:—				
Bombay Island	224,019	191,483	160,789	80,851
Ahmedabad	148,209	104,209	78,359	37,136
Remainder	189,614	237,394	130,173	107,767
Total West Zone	561,842	533,086	369,321	225,754
NORTH ZONE:—				
Delhi	19,229	14,809	12,948	2,834
Cawnpore	115,052	22,594	36,340	6,110
Calcutta	28,196	12,368	9,696	1,836
Remainder	46,582	15,924	30,712	11,310
Total North Zone	209,059	65,695	80,696	22,090
SOUTH ZONE	207,118	222,331	112,011	74,566
CENTRAL FREE AREA	83,536	82,974	35,379	38,381
NORTHERN FREE AREA	139	2,621	122	138
TOTAL INDIAN DOMINION	1,061,694	906,707	606,529	360,929

PART II FOREIGN COTTON

(In bales of 400 lbs. gross i.e. 392 lbs. neet)

CONSUMPTION FROM STOCKS AS ON	31-10-48	31-10-47	1-9-48 to 31-10-48	1-9-47 to 31-10-47
ZONES & FREE AREAS				
WEST ZONE:—				
Bombay Island	151,790	217,589	59,884	85,218
Ahmedabad	58,378	173,871	42,393

CALCUTTA DISTURBANCES CONTINUE FOR THIRD DAY

But No Case Of Police Firing Or Use Of Tear Gas; Troops Patrol Areas

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20 (API): Though disturbances continued in Calcutta today for the third day in succession, they were lesser in extent and there were no cases of police firing or use of teargas. A detachment of troops patrolled the University area.

TRAMS AND BUSES ATTACKED

Tramcars and state transport buses were the main targets in incidents today. Five tramcars were destroyed and three state transport buses were also set on fire. In scattered places bombs and crackers were thrown at police patrols, trams and fire brigades, in which some policemen were injured.

The West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, in a statement said that he had asked the police to refrain from firing unless in absolute self-defence. He also told Calcutta editors that in these disturbances "the hands of a group of people who revelled in anarchical conditions" were visible. They wanted to create a situation of unsettlement in cheap copybook imitation of a foreign mentality which had no application to our conditions. The Premier warned that "there should be deliberate, systematic progress, otherwise, we would soon follow the path of some of neighbouring countries."

PEACE BRIGADE WORK

The West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee posted about 400 volunteers on peace brigade work in the disturbed area today. The President, Dr. Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, also toured the localities.

FORWARD BLOC OFFICE SEARCHED

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20 (API): The office of the West Bengal Provincial Forward Bloc at College Street was searched by the police this morning. A student and a labour worker of the Forward Bloc were arrested on the spot and some papers were seized. The police also made simultaneous searches of houses of several Forward Bloc workers in the city but no arrest was made nor any paper or document seized.

TRAIN SERVICE HELD UP

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20 (API): A batch of students lying on the railway track at Dhamuah flag station, about 20 miles from Calcutta, held up train service on the Diamond Harbour, Lakhmikantapur section of the East Indian Railway this morning, according to information received by the railway authorities. The police arrived on the spot and dispersed the demonstrators. A Calcutta bound train was delayed for over two hours on this account.

Train services are however now normal.

'Pir' From Rampur State Arrested

JAMSHEDPUR, Jan. 20 (API)—Ibrahim Khan, reported to be a 'Pir' in Rampur State having a considerable following, has been arrested here under the Bihar Public Safety Regulations for his alleged subversive activities against the Indian Union Government. He was also reported to have been collecting funds as part of his programme and has been staying in Jamshedpur for nearly a month.

Relaxation Of Domicile Restrictions

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

As a result of the follow-up action taken by the Director-General of Resettlement and Employment, Ministry of Labour, substantial progress has been made in the Provinces regarding relaxation of domicile restrictions in favour of refugees.

The United Provinces was the first to accept the proposal of the Government of India. Since then the Government of Bombay has put refugee employment-seekers almost at par with the natives of the Province.

Special provisions have also been made to facilitate the absorption of former public employees in Pakistan into the corresponding services in the Province. The Bihar Government are giving preference to refugees from Pakistan if qualified Beharis are not available. The Government of C. P. and Berar have relaxed the condition of domicile for recruitment to temporary vacancies and to permanent posts if candidates are willing to take up permanent residence in that Province. The local Governments of Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara have agreed to relax the domicile restrictions for refugees from Sind, Baluchistan, N.-W. F.P. and West Punjab and to consider them for employment if they possess the necessary qualifications. The Government of Orissa have accepted the principles suggested by the Government of India for considering the refugees from Pakistan as though they were domiciled in the Province, provided they are willing to settle there. Instructions to this effect have been communicated to the appointing authorities in the Province. The Government of West Bengal have relaxed the domicile restrictions in the case of Bengalee descent from Pakistan. Refugee candidates must declare, before the appointing authorities, their intention of taking up residence in the Province. East Punjab has decided to amend its Service Rules in accordance with the suggestions of the Government of India.

The question of the relaxation of domicile qualifications in the case of refugees in Assam and Madras is still under the consideration of the respective provincial Governments.

Body Beautiful Competition Results

As part of the forthcoming City Students' Educational Conference to be held on 21st and 22nd of January, the Inter-Collegiate Body-Beautiful Competition was arranged on Sunday, at the Siddarth College. Twenty-five students from the various colleges of Bombay participated, and a large gathering of Physical Culture enthusiasts attended the competition. Mr. R. Balsekar, Prof. T. H. Sarkari and Fr. Heras acted as Judges. Thes following three persons got the prizes in order of Merits.

1 Mr. Cedric Newnes (St. Xaviers)
2 Mr. J. Rocha (St. Xaviers)
3 Mr. J.J. Naigaumwala (Wilson)

The Trophy goes to the St. Xavier's College, which will be awarded to the winners on Saturday, the 22nd January at 5 p.m. at Sir C. J. Hall. The winners will give some intresting physical cultural demonstrations on that day.

BOMBAY'S STREET - VENDORS

15. The Newspaperman

And what would we be without our newspaper boys? Breakfast would not be a breakfast unless we broke it with the news. Too full grown to be called a boy, this smiling fellow is as energetic as they make them. He might give you the wrong paper when you are most anxious to read your own but he can explain it all. Essentially a part-time occupation, these busy street-vendors go off the streets when everyone else is busy at the office—because they too put in a full day's work apart from selling newspapers. The suspicious expression on this chap's face—do you wonder? Why, he is afraid the other fellow will read the paper and hand it back without paying for it.

I.L.O. Industrial Committee To Meet In Rome

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

The second session of the I.L.O. Industrial Committee on building, civil engineering and public works will open at Rome on March 15, 1949.

The delegation of each country may include two Government representatives and two representatives each of employers' and workers' organisations having a substantial number of members in the industry concerned.

Organisation of employers and workers desirous of sending delegates are requested to send the names, qualifications and complete addresses of their nominees, along with the names and membership of their constituent units in the industry concerned, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, by February 1, 1949.

MILK PRODUCERS IN QUANDARY

Difficulty Of Supply Of Grass

The Milk Producers' Policy Committee writes:

It was published on January 8, 1949, that the price of grass has been controlled.

Most of the grass supplied to Bombay comes from B.B.&C.I Railway stations, from Safaja to Billimora Some grass is imported from G.I.P. Railway stations. But it is a negligible quantity, and of inferior quality. There are various kinds of grasses, the main being Ber, Musa, Musi, Rohida Ful and Bhelsel. Ber and Musi are supposed to be the best quality grasses. Special care is taken to protect the grass in the rainy season and it is cut after Dasra when green, tied in small bundles, dried in the sun for about 4 days, and heaped in small stacks of 500 gandias in the fields, where it is cut. These small stacks are then removed in bullock-carts to the central depot where it is baled in bales of approximate 200 lbs. The cost of cutting and bringing it to the depot varies according to the size of the gandis. These days these gandis are generally very small, approximately 1/2 lb. and hence the cost proportionately increases.

12 LACS LBS. PER DAY

There are about 60,000 buffaloes in Bombay and Bombay suburbs and each buffalo requires 20 lbs of grass every day. The total consumption of grass per day is 12 lacs lbs. For this production of 12 lacs lbs. of grass about 600 acres of land is required, as about 2,000 lbs of grass can be had from one acre of land. From this, we can imagine how vast a track of land would be necessary for producing a year's requirements. A number of improvements regarding these grass lands are since long overdue With proper manure, light ploughing and timely removal of unwanted shrubs, the yield of grass per acre can easily be doubled.

One strange thing about the Bombay grass supply is that the grass has to be brought in every day to Bombay For this purpose, about 150 wagons a day are required. There is no arrangement to store the grass. Hence when the number of available wagons is less than 150, the shortage of grass is acutely felt.

Grass price is quoted for 1,000 pounds. The prices of good quality grass ranged between Rs 10 to 15 per 1,000 lbs. in the year 1940-41. Last year good quality grass was available at Rs. 45 per 1,000 lbs. During the last six months the price of grass has soared as sign as Rs. 70-80 per 1,000 lbs. Now, after six months of abnormal prices, the price of grass is controlled at Rs. 55 per 1,000 lbs. The control price for grass to be sent to the Gujerat famine areas has been fixed at Rs. 38 per 1,000 lbs. This difference in fixing prices cannot be satisfactorily explained. Even with the control at Rs. 55, if will be difficult to get good quality grass, as all these days the hay-dealers have been accustomed to high prices. Inferior quality will be sold at Rs 55 and it would be very difficult to get good quality of grass if the control is not strictly enforced.

ENORMOUS DIFFICULTIES

To-day the milk producer is laden with the task of various nature, like purchases of cattle feeds, purchases of grass, purchases of buffaloes, the care of buffaloes and distribution of milk. Each work is an independent department demanding special skill. Today the grass has been a greatest difficulty After declaration of control the grass has become scare. Wagons for grass are not available and those that are made available, are far below the demand, with the result that the buffaloes are starving for the last so many days This has resulted in the sale of grass at blackmarket rates and a bale of Rs. 9 was sold at Rs. 14 in the market.

The tragedy of the whole affair is that the Bombay Government can do nothing to mend the situation. The Milk Commissioner is helpless to do anything in the matter

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13 KILLED IN PLANE CRASH

Ruins Of Indian Dakota In Kashmir Valley

JAMMU, Jan 20 (API): Wreckage was located today of the passenger plane which was reported missing off the Banihal Pass since last Sunday. The nine passengers and four members of crew who were aboard the plane are now believed to be killed.

An Associated Press of India correspondent who flew over the precipitous snow-covered mountainous area in a reconnaissance aircraft telegraphs that the wreckage lay strewn over a radius of 300 yards at a height of over 10,000 feet on a mountain slope, three miles north-east of the Banihal Pass.

It is believed that the aircraft lost its way in the thick dark cloud formation that hid the rocks at the time, crashed into a jagged mountain peak, burst and dived down the mountain slope.

But for twisted wires and charred girders nothing else was visible of the aircraft, although here and there a piece of tail or wink lay jutting out of the snow bed.

Military search parties have been outscouring the mountain sides for the past three days while rescue planes of the R.I.A.F. gave them support dropping supplies So far no ground contingent has been able to reach the spot. Tomorrow a company of Indian troops from the Banihal Pass will make a fresh eff climb the mountain slope and reach the wreckage.

CASUALTY LIST

The plane carried the following passengers: 1. Mr. Samoo Nath. 2 Mr. Arjan Nath. 3 Gulam Mohd. 4. Gulam Ahmed 5. Mohd. Yusuf 6. Gulam Mustafa 7 Mohd Aziz 8. Ismail 9. Courier Officer, Capt. Har Narain. The names of the crew are: 1. Capt. Avtar Singh (Commander) 2. P/O T. Singh co-pilot 3. Mr. P. N Banerjee (Radio Officer) 4. Mr. J. Anthony (Steward).

The Commander of the aircraft Capt. Avtar Singh had completed about sixty trips on Delhi-Srinagar route under all weather conditions In the Kashmir operations in 1947 he flew three trips a day to Srinagar.

T.W.A.S. Special Excursion

BOMBAY, Jan. 20 (UPI)

Trans World Airline have announced a special excursion fare between Bombay and Dhahran (Saudi Arabia) of dol. 200.00 as compared to the normal round trip fare of dol. 289.80. This ticket is valid for 30 days

Increase In Dearness Allowance

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20 (API): All Central Government employees, except those of railways, drawing a monthly salary of less than Rs. 250 have been given an increase in Dearness allowance of Rs. 10 per month with effect from January 1, 1949, according to a Ministry of Finance press 'communique' issued today. Those employees of Indian Government Railways who are now in receipt of Dearness allowance as admissible to other Central Government employees will also be entitled to the above increase, the press communique' said

Railway employees who are in receipt of grainshop concession will be given an increase of only Rs. 5 per month, but they will be given another chance, up to March 31, 1949, to opt out of the grainshops scheme for full cash dearness allowance in which case they will be entitled to the same dearness allowance as others and also lump sum payments to which they would have been entitled if they had opted out of the grainshops before January 1, 1949.

The 'communique' adds: "The Government of India hope that the measures they have already taken and which they propose to take in the near future, will not only prevent any further increase but will also bring about a progressive reduction in prices. They expect all their workers to co-operate in this essential task by increasing production and avoiding any action which is calculated to obstruct or slow down such increase."

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 14th January :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital Paid	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	273,31,05,000
Loans against Securities per contra	18,00,00,000
Sundries	63,51,000
Total Rs.	303,84,56,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS :—	
Government Securities	150,80,19,000
Other Authorised Investments	10,25,60,000
ADVANCES :—	
Loans	33,50,20,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	62,00,82,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,42,06,000
Dead Stock	1,54,96,000
Sundries	1,70,15,000
CASH :—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	28,82,26,000
Balances with other Banks	8,78,32,000
Total Rs.	303,84,56,000

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Jan. 20, (A. P. I.): Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock market :—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Government Loan Three per cent Paper 98/12, Do. Three per cent 1966 98/12, Do. Three per cent 1970/75 99/15, Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1954/54 102/8, Government of Madras Loan Three per cent 1960 101/2,

BANKS: Travancore Bank 19/6

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/4, Blue Mountain 2/5/6, Chembra 4/11, Cochin Malabar 4/9, Devashola 18/6, Midland 5/6, Nellampathy 1/5, Ouchteriony 5/7, Pullangode 1/3, Thirumbadi 2/7, T. R. and To. Co. 6/12, Vaikundam 7/2,

TEXTILES: Buckingham 164, Do. Pref. 191, Cambodia 9/1/6, Coimbatore C. M. 107/8, Do. Pioneer 109, Do. Spg. 45, Lakshmi 64, Madura 44, Mettur 312/8, Radhakrishna 134/8, Rajalakshmi 56/8, Ranga Vilas 44, Trav Rayons 4/14, Trichinopoly 11/8, Vasanta 102,

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 65, F. A. C. T. 5/3, India Cement 14/4, Mettur Chem. 8/5, Mysore Chem Fert 7/2

Ahmedabad Share Bazar

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 20: Market fluctuated narrowly on different unconfirmed rumours. It was rumoured in market circles today that Calico mill has already got permission for capitalization of some of company's reserves which is satisfactory. It was further believed that Calico may give one share per four ordinary shares. Some believe that Calico will be allowed to give one fractional certificate as usual together with one free ordinary share of Jubilee mill or Clorida concern. Sellers were scarce and market closed steady.

Closing quotations :—

Arvind 1456, Ambika 381, Calico 1212, Deffered 1644, Jupiter 328, Bhalkia 146-4-0, Ramkrishna 245-8-9, Atul 44, Mahalaxmi 583-12-0, Aryoday Ginning 427-8-0, Shorrok Commission 1400.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH.
NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

Previous Closing	32.62
Today's Opening	32.72
Difference	+10
Today's Closing	32.71
Difference	+9

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

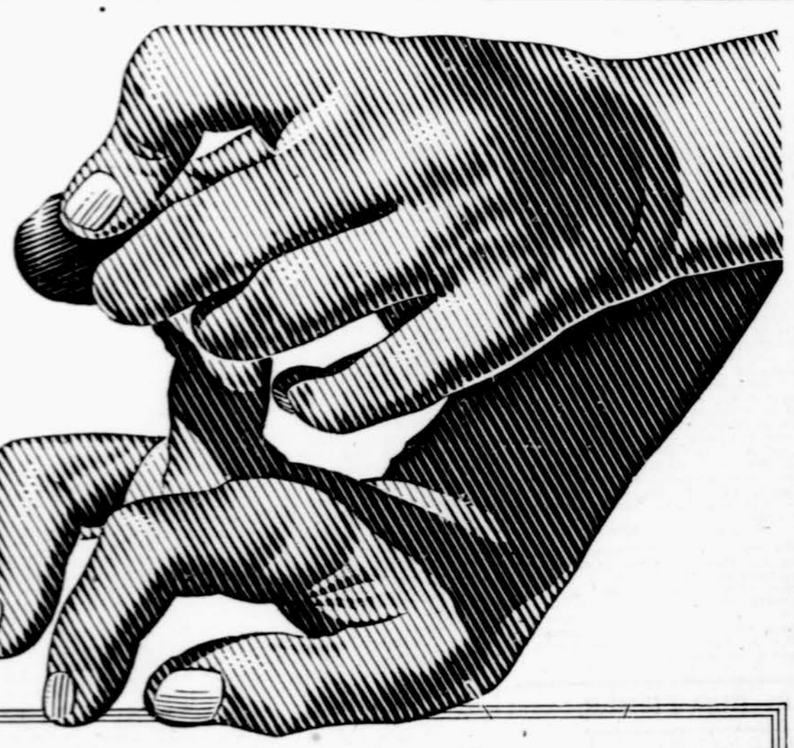
	Rs. As.
Silver Bullion Ready	182 12
Gold Ready	115 8
Sovereign	74 8
EXPECTATION :	
Cotton Jarila May	619 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.
NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

Stock Exchange opening prices :—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 34-1/8
General Motors dol. 59-1/2.
United States Steel Common dol. 71-1/2.
United States Steel Preference dol. 138-1/2.—(Reuter).

CUTCH HUNDI.
BHUJ, Jan. 20

Hundi Buying	293
Hundi Selling	294
Gold	Rs. 109-8-0
Silver	Rs. 175 0 0



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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1035

Asiatic Nations Mobilise Against Imperialism

DUTCH AGGRESSION IN INDONESIA DENOUNCED

No Quarter To Colonialism

CONFIDENCE IN NEHRU'S LEADERSHIP: "NO VINDICTIVE SPIRIT BEHIND DELHI CONFERENCE"

NEW DELHI, JAN 20 (A.P.I.): REPRESENTATIVES OF 16 COUNTRIES BESIDES INDIA WERE PRESENT WHEN THE CONFERENCE CONVENEED BY THE PRIME MINISTER PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TO RECOMMEND MEASURES TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO RESTORE PEACE IMMEDIATELY IN INDONESIA, BEGAN ITS SESSION IN THE COUNCIL OF STATE HALL AT 10-30 THIS MORNING

The Prime Minister, who initiated the proceedings of the Conference sat at a table in the centre of the hall. Ranged around him in arc, sat the representatives of Afghanistan, Australia, Burma Ceylon, China, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Siam, Syria, and Yemen.

The Indian delegation sat in the row behind. The seats earmarked for Ethiopia and Newzealand were empty, the delegates from these countries not having arrived yet.

Representatives of the Diplomatic Corps in Delhi, including the Netherlands Ambassador Mr Lamping and of the Commonwealth countries were also present in the hall sitting in the rows behind to watch the proceedings of the conference. Before the conference began, Pandit Nehru shook hands with the members of the Diplomatic Corps.

Also present were the Ministers of Pandit Nehru's Cabinet, the Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, General K. M. Cariappa and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador in Moscow.

The leaders of the Indonesian Republic in Delhi, Dr. Maramis, Dr. Soedarsono, D. Semitro and others were also in the hall watching the proceedings.

The galleries of the Council of State hall were crowded by visitors the press gallery was packed to capacity, a large number of foreign correspondents having specially arrived in Delhi to cover the conference.

The delegates who arrived in batches posed in groups for the cameramen before the conference began.

Prime Minister Nehru initiating the proceedings said that the immediate objective of the conference should be "to produce as far as possible conditions which existed before the recent Dutch aggression so that the Indonesian Republic may be able to function freely and to negotiate as a free Government.

FIRST OF ITS KIND

Sardar Najibullah Khan (Afgnanistan) proposed Pandit Nehru as the President of the Conference. U Win (Burma), seconded the proposal. Pandit Nehru was elected President of the conference amids cheers.

Sardar Najibullah was the first speaker after the election of Pandit Nehru as the President of the conference. He said that this was the first time in history that the representatives of the Eastern countries from China to Ethiopia and from Lebanon to Australia found themselves together for consultation about a problem of grave importance and deep interest to all of them, namely, the struggle of an Asiatic people against the tyranny of the Dutch. The gathering was also significant, because they wanted the restoration of the unquestionable right of freedom and self-determination for the several millions of the Asians. He said: "We Afghans, believe in freedom not for us alone but also in freedom for others. We believe that the primary condition for world security as one compact and indivisible unit is to recognise the right and the authority of all nations and people."

Pleading for the solidarity of the Governments represented at the Conference in social, cultural and economic fields, Sardar Najibullah Khan suggested that there should be a body for exchange of views and ironing out differences with a view to helping the security of the world. He paid a tribute to Pandit Nehru and Mahatma Gandhi and said that Afghanistan was glad that the first international gathering was being held in the territory of the country with which his country had thousands of years of friendly and brotherly relations.

AGGRESSION STILL IN VIET-NAM

His Excellency W. Win (Leader of the Burmese Delegation) reminded the gathering that the suggestion for convening the conference was first made by Burma. Pandit Nehru had promptly taken up the idea. The Conference had demonstrated to the world the truth of the warning that Pandit Nehru had given in Cairo on his return from the Commonwealth Premiers Conference to the effect that if there was any further instalment of aggression in Indonesia, the result would be to the detriment of peace not only in Asia but in the whole world. The so-called "police action" of the Dutch was in essence an attempt, supported by Dutch military might, to retrieve lost ground in Indonesia. The Conference should effectively check a repetition of this thing not only in Indonesia but by any power making a last minute attempt for a revival of imperialism in Asia. There was aggression even today in Viet-Nam

AGREEMENTS VIOLATED

After a careful study of the recent happenings in the Security Council and the reports of continued struggle in Indonesia, it was more than obvious that if the Security Council did not take effective steps and satisfy the honest nationalist aspirations of the Indonesian people in ordering the Dutch to implement their obligations under the United Nations Charter this conference would have no alternative but to bring the weight of its concerted opinion to bear upon the Security Council and the United Nations by way of demonstrating that Asia would not accept any halting or half measures. The Asian countries and a good number of other European and Pacific countries had felt that the deliberations of the Security Council up to date had not given the correct lead. This itself was enough provocation for this conference, demanding of the Asian countries that they should be vigilant, united and concrete in the measures they took in helping Indonesia.

The time factor was of paramount importance because everyday would mean the loss of more precious lives. Agreements honourably reached had been violated and the United Nations and the Security Council had not only been by-passed but the Council's directives had been defied.

BURMA'S PROPOSALS

Stating that Burma was convinced that the action which the conference would ultimately take would be concrete and effective, U. Win suggested the following lines:

(1) As a demonstrable gesture of goodwill, all Asian Governments should forthwith accord "de jure" recognition to the Republican Government of Indonesia as the authentic Government of its people.

(2) To approach the Security Council with a request for the immediate release of all Republican leaders in detention.

(3) To move the Security Council immediately to order the lifting of the blockade on Indonesia which had resulted in "untold" suffering to the Indonesian people.

(4) The range of sanctions that had been simultaneously applied by some of the participating countries should be widened immediately after they got concrete proof that the Dutch Government had failed to implement the directions of the United Nations and the Security Council.

(5) The setting up of machinery say, in the shape of a standing committee to watch the progress of future decisions that might be taken by the Security Council and to implement any combined decisions taken by this conference and subsequent conferences that might be called in this connection.

(6) A move to be made here and now by the Conference to appeal to the United States of America to withhold all aid to the Dutch Government.

Stating that the so-called "cease-fire" had not resulted in cessation of fire in Indonesia, the Burmese delegate said the position demanded of the Asians gathered at this conference that they should express their minds unmistakably by urging the Security Council to create a basis for peaceful negotiations. The only way in which it could be created was to get the Dutch to withdraw to the positions they had occupied before their military action.

U. Win stated that they would support the Security Council in all ways but the Conference should be alive to the realities of the International scene and envisage the possibility of failure on the part of the Security Council to take steps which would be effective.

"What steps should be taken in that eventuality should also be within the range of this Conference. On behalf of the Burmese Government, I wish to assure other Asian countries that whatever action may be necessary would have the full support of my Government."

PAKISTAN REMINDER

The Leader of the Pakistan Delegation, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, reminded the House that the member states present at this Conference represented half the human race and hoped that it would place on record its deliberate views not only on the conflict going on in Indonesia but also the concrete steps that must be taken by the Security Council—if the United Nations failed to take this action by such member-states as were more immediately concerned with the question—to bring a solution to the problem at a very early date.

Sir Zaffrullah said it was a happy augury that the representatives of regions which had so many common problems had gathered together to ponder over one 'acute problem' that was presented to them. He was encouraged to express the hope that this would not be the only conference of its kind and that from time to time such of them as had common problems to resolve would continue to meet and consult amongst themselves.

Sir Zaffrullah added that he would say very little at this stage of the deliberations on the particular question facing them beyond emphasising the points that the Chairman (Pandit Nehru) had with so much dignified eloquence emphasised. The views of Pakistan on the Indonesian question and the recent Dutch action were well-known and needed no repetition at this stage. He would develop these views more fully in the course of the discussions upon which the Conference would presently embark.

OBJECT OF CONFERENCE

Stating that the Conference was in accordance with the principles contained in the United Nations Charter, Sir Zafrullah said that they had gathered together not to short-circuit the United Nations or its organs in any manner but to support and even reinforce the organisation. He would at the same time make it clear that much as they were distressed over the recent Dutch action in Indonesia, they were not in the least inspired by hostility or ill-will towards Holland or its people.

TRAGEDY & IRONY

Sir Zaffrullah recalled that the people of Holland themselves had struggled heroically to win their freedom. That Indonesia should have to struggle for its freedom against Holland was a tragedy and an irony. The tragedy was enhanced by the reflection that during the last world war, Holland had been unable to discharge its primary obligation towards the people of Indonesia to defend them against invasion but had incontinentally abandoned them to their fate. That Holland should now seek to re-establish themselves in Indonesia and politically dominate Indonesia would have provoked ridicule were it not for the tragic sufferings of the people of Indonesia and the threat it constituted to the results of military aggression. This and the maintenance of international peace.

Sir Zaffrullah hoped that before the Conference ended its labours, it would have placed on record its deliberate views not only on the conflict that was going on in Indonesia but also on the concrete steps that must be taken by the United Nations.

The United Nations were beginning to acquire the very unhappy reputation of becoming a mere instrument to give tacit approval to the results of military aggresson. This must not be allowed to continue. At this conference were gathered representatives of 17 members of the United Nations. If these representatives succeeded in their endeavours then they would have one more member of the United Nations—Indonesia. These 18 nations, constituting exactly one-third the membership of the United Nations had in their States at least half the human race. Surely, the conclusions to which this conference might deliberately come to would deserve the most earnest and serious consideration of the United Nations.

SYRIA'S SUPPORT

Dr. Nazim El Kudsi (Syria) supporting the objectives of the Conference, paid tribute to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi had preached and practised the principles of the charter of the United Nations, he said.

The Netherlands Government, the Syrian representative said, was a signatory to the United Nations charter and recognised the rights of the peoples to freedom and independence. By aggression, the Dutch, who were small in number, were holding the Indonesians in subjection. The statement of the Good Offices Committee of the Security Council showed how grave the situation was. Similarly, in Palestine there was aggression which compelled the Arabs to leave their homes and hearths.

Dr. Nazim El Kudsi supported the suggestion of the coming together of small nations in this region in order to safeguard their position in the international sphere. Such a regional grouping was within the scope of the U. N. organisation which would help to solve the problems facing them.

Syria believed that a permanent understanding within the framework of the U. N. was desirable. They must act in the spirit and letter of the U. N. Charter, if mankind was to be saved from the horrors of war.

PHILIPPINE'S GREETINGS

General Carlos P Romulo conveyed to the conference and to Pandit Nehru the greetings of the President and the people of the Philippines Republic. The Phillipines, he said, were ready and determined to do their part in helping the people of Indonesia to achieve their freedom "through measures that may be agreed upon by this conference in accordance with the principles of the United Nations. "The conference had to recommend concrete measures to the Security Council which might assure to the people of Indonesia the fullest measure of self-determination, and in the event of continued defiance of the Netherlands Government other measures in pursuance of the U. N. Charter.

Emphasising the importance of consultations in matters of common interest between the permanent representatives of the Asian States at the U. N., the Philippines representative hoped that out of methods of co-operation "in a nuclear form, we shall be able to evolve a permanent organisation of Asian States functioning as a regional body along side other associations of its kinds as contemplated by Article 42 of the Charter of the U. N."

Shaik Mouvaffak El Aloussy (Saudi Arabia) conveyed to the conference the concern of the King of Saudi Arabia over the happenings in Indonesia. As a first measure, the Saudi Arabian Government had prohibited the flying of Dutch planes over their territory.

"GRATEFUL FOR NEHRU'S LEADERSHIP"

Kadi Mohammed El Army (Yemen) associated himself with the observations made by the previous speakers on the rights of the Indonesian people to independence and freedom and the condemnation of aggression by Holland.

Yemen, El Army said, was grateful for the leadership of Pandit Nehru in calling this conference and hoped it would lead to the future co-operation of the Asiatic and oriental Nations.

NO VINDICTIVE SPIRIT.

Dr. J W Burton said the conference, as pandit Nehru had already clearly indicated, had been called to discuss a specific question—the Indonesian problem.

The Conference, called in no vindictive spirit, did not contemplate aimless reprisals and restraints, he added. It had been called because of Dutch intransigence in Indonesia and failure of the Security Council to deal effectively with the situation.

Dr. Burton quoted Dr. Herbert Evatt, the Australian Foreign Minister as saying only a few days ago that not a single member of the Security Council justified the aggressive action of the Dutch.

"The Australian Government will give immediate and earnest consideration to reports and observations which will be taken back to it at the conclusion of the Conference by its officials here", concluded Dr. Burton.

LEBANONS' CONFIDENCE.

Mr. Mohammadali Esmade (Lebanon) said that the problem that confronted the conference was one of restoration of peace in an important part of the world. No one could ignore this great problem which affected the equilibrium of world peace. The conference had given his country confidence in the future because they were meeting for finding out means to build up peace on foundation of justice and spiritual values.

IRAQ FOR SELF-DETERMINATION.

Syed Abdul Kadar el Gayani (Iraq) felt that the question before the conference was a simple one, namely, that the United Nations Charter had been violated. They were meeting here today not as a separate body but as members of the United Nations interested in the application of the Charter and the realisation of justice among the nations. Unfortunately, the Charter was violated by the use of arms. It was a question of self-determination of the people of the land and no chance should be given to foreigners to establish themselves in a land which did not belong to them.

CEYLON'S LEAD

Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike (Ceylon) said that this was the second time such a conference was being held in India, the first being the Inter-Asian conference in 1947. They were now meeting to discuss on an Asiatic and regional basis a specific issue of great and crucial importance to all of them.

Mr. Bandarnaike said that the Indonesian incident could not be characterised by any other term than as an attempt to reintroduce the principle of imperialism and colonialism, an evil which they all thought was dead.

Without any bitterness or recriminations, they should consider what action they could take that would be really effective in giving assistance to the people of the Indonesian Republic.

Mr. Ismail Kamel Beg (Egypt) said that they were taking in hand the question of Indonesia in support of the United Nations organisation in its endeavour to arrive at a friendly and peaceful solution of disputes by means of co-operation. The conference only stressed the vital importance of their own effort in the establishment of real peace between nations. There could be no other nobler task than that of joining hands in the effort to bring peace and happiness to the peace of Indonesia.

CLOSE SESSION

Before the conference was adjourned, Pandit Nehru suggested the appointment of a secretary and proposed the name of Mr. H. Dayal. The Conference approved the suggestion and the Plenary Session was adjourned. The Conference will meet in close session at 6-30 p.m. at Hyderabad house.

PLEA FOR LIBRARY LEGISLATION

Ranganathan's Suggestion At A.-I. Conference

NAGPUR, Jan. 20 (A.P.I.): Dr. S. R. Ranganathan, Professor of the Library Science, Delhi University, emphasised here today the need of Library Legislation by each constituent State of the Indian Union.

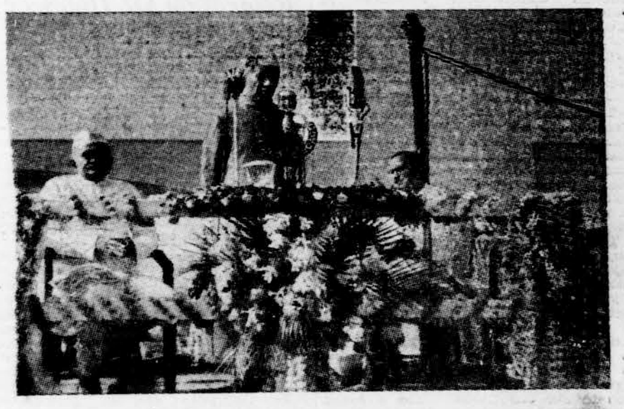
In his presidential address at the eighth session of the All-India Library Conference, Dr. Ranganathan said that it was not possible for the Government to administer directly public libraries in the country. Some distribution of responsibility was essential, and he favoured maintenance of public libraries by local bodies. As many as 154 city municipalities and 373 Districts Boards had to be invested with powers to establish libraries in India. This explained the need of special legislation. As education and libraries fell to the care of each State of the Indian Union, Dr. Ranganathan urged that each State must have a Library Act, similar to the one coming into force in Madras from the current financial year.

He also expressed himself in favour of similar legislation by the Indian Dominion Legislature to put the National Central Library on a secure statutory basis.

Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar, inaugurated the proceedings of the Conference. Over 150 delegates from all Provinces attended the meeting.

MADRAS, Jan. 20. (A. P. I.): A sum of Rs. 11,02,800 has been allotted for basic Education by the Government of Madras for 1948/49. About Rs. 1,17,000, had been spent for basic education during the years 1946 to 1948.

Gandhi Ghat At Calcutta



Gandhi Ghat at Barrackpore near Calcutta, the first memorial to Gandhiji being opened by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on January 15. Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal and Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier, are also seen in the picture.

"DON'T MAKE CONTEST PARTY ISSUE"

PATIL'S OPEN OFFER TO MEHERALLY

Agrees To Withdraw Congress Candidate From Bye-Election

BOMBAY, Thursday.

An open offer to Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the Socialist Party's candidate in the forthcoming bye-election from Bombay City South Mohammadan Constituency to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, that if he did not bring in the issue of Congress-Socialist differences in the election campaign, the B.P.C.C. was prepared to withdraw its candidate in favour of Mr. Meherally was made by Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, in the course of his speech at the B.P.C.C. meeting, this evening.

DELICATE SITUATION CREATED

Mr. Patil, who was explaining to the Committee the circumstances which led to the B.P.C.C. to contest the forthcoming bye-election, said that a delicate situation was created by Mr. Yusuf Meherally's last minute decision to file his nomination. Perhaps, said Mr. Patil, if Mr. Meherally, who had rendered yeomen services to the Congress in the past, had talked to him earlier, the situation would have been very different.

Mr. Patil made it clear that the Congress had no intention to fight out this election for the sake of its prestige or to prove its strength among the Muslim electorates as against the Socialist Party. Nor could this be taken as indicating a change in the Congress attitude towards the communal electorates.

Mr. Patil then disclosed how the so-called Fourth Party leaders in the Bombay Legislative Assembly (formerly the Muslim League Party) had played a strange role in lending support both to the B.P.C.C. as well as to Mr. Yusuf Meherally and how Mr. Patil was not even informed that leaders of the Fourth Party were proposing the name of Mr. Meherally at the time of filing his nomination in the bye-election.

Mr. Patil recalled that the B.P.C.C. by a resolution at its last meeting had vested the President of the Committee the full authority in this matter.

READY TO WITHDRAW

Mr. Patil said that the Congress itself had attached least importance to this bye-election which was purely on communal electorates and the Congress would have not even contested this election, if Mr. Meherally had told him that he was contesting the election. The Congress had thrown open its doors to all and it would give all opportunities in the political field and with this view before him. Mr Patil had consultations with those who could guide him in the matter of bye-election. He had thus selected a candidate, who could command support from many sections of Muslim electorates in that constituency.

Meanwhile, said Mr. Patil, many developments took place and a delicate situation was created. The Congress had no stakes involved in this bye-election, declared Mr. Patil.

"Even today, we are prepared to withdraw our candidate if Mr. Meherally does not make it a party issue and fight it on Congress-Socialist issue", said Mr. Patil. These issues need not be raised at all in this bye-election. I am prepared to support Mr. Meherally if he only accepts my offer. Even if he is elected uncontested thus and the Socialists exploit it for their own party ends and for party propaganda, I am prepared to support him provided he does not fight this election on the party issue"

Mr. Patil added that the Congress otherwise had to fight out this election, because the Congress would uphold its principles under any set of circumstances.

Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader, a member of the B.P.C.C., assured the President full support in whatever action he took in this matter.

DURBAN RIOTS

The Committee then adopted a resolution on the anti-Indian rioting in Durban stating that the B.P.C.C. are profoundly grieved by the three-day rioting which resulted in the death of 120 persons and injury to more than 600.

The Committee stated that while it was not desirable to apportion blame, the B.P.C.C. could not help declaring that the South African authorities did not appear to have taken sufficient or prompt measures to localise and control the riots.

The B.P.C.C. extended sympathy to the relatives and dependents of the dead and to the injured, and, declared their readiness to organise such relief measures as might be required by the circumstances, on their own or in co-operation with the Government.

While recognising that reports of such incidents were bound to exacerbate feelings, the B.P.C.C. appealed to the people of Bombay to exercise restraint and dignity both in action and expression and to put implicit trust in the Government of India who could be relied upon to do all that was required under the circumstances.

"REMEMBRANCE DAY"

The Committee then fixed a programme to observe both the "Remembrance Day" on January 26 and "Sarvodaya Day" on January 30, the first Death Anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi in accordance with the directions given by the Congress Working Committee.

A public meeting will be held on January 26 in the evening at People's Hall, Congress House, presided over by Mr. S. K. Patil, and will be addressed by the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Mayor of Bombay and Mr. P. K. Savant.

The "Sarvodaya Day" will be observed in solemnity as the sacred day in memory of the Father of the Nation. Recitation from Holy Scriptures and mass sacrificial spinning will be held at the People's Hall, Congress House, in the morning which will be addressed by the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher.

At 4 p.m. silent processions will start from Dhobi Talao and winding through the principal streets of Bombay will terminate at Chaupatty where the "message" of the Congress will be read out in all principal languages of the city.

GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Mr. Patil appealed to the people of Bombay to contribute liberally to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund and he thought that the date of collections might be extended beyond January 30 1949 so as to enable many who could not contribute their might to the fund earlier.

In this connection, Mr. Patil said that Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President of the All-India Gandhi National Memorial Fund, had given permission to the Cricket Club of India to hold a festival match between the West Indies Team, visiting this country and the Indian Team of old cricket veterans. This match would be held early in March this year before the tourists bid farewell to India.

JUNAGADH MERGES INTO SAURASHTRA

JUNAGADH, Jan. 20, (A. P. I.): Junagadh State was today integrated with the Saurashtra Union.

Mr. V. Iswaran, Chief Secretary, Saurashtra Government, formally took over the State Administration here and has placed Mr. P. Shah, officer on Special Duty, Sourashtra in charge of the Administration.

It is understood that this arrangement will continue until such time that the State is not formed into an administrative unit or units of the Saurashtra Government. (The Saurashtra Administrative Unit is the district in charge of a collector)

The merger, which is complete, follows the recommendation of the elected representatives of the Junagadh State in the Saurashtra Assembly, as also the signing of the supplementary Covenant by the Rulers of the Union to provide for such merger. This Covenant was signed on December 31 at Jamnagar at a conference of rulers attended by Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser, States Ministry, Government of India.

After the integration today a sum of rupees one and half crores in cash and securities was transferred to the Saurashtra Government.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe He's Taking Jeff Down To A Chinese Laundry — **By BUD FISHER**

HOW'S THE NEW BABY, GUS!
OH, HE'S FINE, JEFF!
WHEN I GET MARRIED I'M ONLY GOIN' TO HAVE THREE CHILDREN!
THREE? YOU USED TO SAY YOU'D HAVE DOZENS!
YEH, BUT I FOUND OUT SOMETHING IN THE ENCYCLOPAEDIA!
WHATCHA FIND OUT?
EVERY FOURTH CHILD BORN IN THE WORLD IS CHINESE -- SO I'M ONLY GONNA HAVE THREE!
MUTT, HOLD MY SON FOR A MINUTE! - I'M TAKIN' BABY JEFF FOR A STROLL!
Fisher

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